THE LIBRARY
OF
THE UNIVERSITY
OF CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES

Fro

THE AMERICAN NUMISMATIC SOCIETY
DUPLICATE
TO BE SOLD.

CATALOGUE

OF

INDIAN COINS

IN THE

BRITISH MUSEUM.

THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.
LONGMANS & CO., PATERNOSTER ROW; B. M. PICKERING,
66, HAYMARKET; B. QUARITCH, 15, PICCADILLY; A. ASHER & CO.
13, BEDFORD STREET, COVENT GARDEN, AND AT BERLIN;
TRÜBNER & CO, 57 & 59 LUDGATE HILL;
ALLEN & CO., 13, WATERLOO PLACE.

PARIS: MM. C. ROLLIN & FEUARDENT, 4, RUE DE LOUVOIS.
1884.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GILBERT & RIVINGTON (LIMITED),
ST. JOHN'S SQUARE, CLERKENWELL ROAD.

THE COINS

OF THE

SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ

IN THE

BRITISH MUSEUM.

BY

STANLEY LANE-POOLE,

B.A., OXON., M.R.A.S.

EDITED BY

REGINALD STUART POOLE, LL.D.

CORRESPONDENT OF THE INSTITUTE OF FRANCE.

LONDON:

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

1884.

STACK ANNEX
CJ
3549
D5B8

EDITOR'S PREFACE.

THE Catalogue of Indian Coins, of which the present volume is the first instalment, will consist primarily of five volumes, of which two, those dealing (1) with the coins of the so-called Patán Sultáns of Dehlí, and (2) with the contemporary issues of the Kings of Bengal, Jaunpúr, Gujarát, and other Arabic coinages, will be the work of the author of the Catalogue of Oriental Coins, Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole, while the earlier series, Greek-Indian and Hindú, will be comprised in two volumes by Prof. Percy Gardner; and I shall myself undertake the description of the currency of the Emperors of Dehlí of the House of Bábar.

The general principles upon which the Catalogue of Indian Coins will be arranged will be similar to those which have been observed in the Greek and Oriental series, but the tabular or column-arrangement which was used in the eighth volume of the Oriental Catalogue will be retained in preference to the open pages of the earlier volumes of that series, save when the length of the inscriptions render the open page necessary.

The coins included in the present volume correspond to Fraehn's Class XVII.

The metal of each specimen is stated, and its size in inches and tenths of inches. The weight of the gold and

1733532

silver examples is given in English grains. Tables for converting grains into grammes, and inches into millimètres as well as into the measures of Mionnet's scale, are given at the end of the volume.

A comparative table of the years of the Hijrah and of the Christian Era has been added with a view to facilitating reference to the standard works on Indian history where the European computation is adopted.

Typical specimens are figured in the nine plates, which are executed by the autotype mechanical process from casts in plaster.

The work has been written by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole, and I have carefully revised it throughout, except in the case of the Nágarí inscriptions, which have been collated by Mr. Gardner.

REGINALD STUART POOLE.

INTRODUCTION.

The present volume comprises the coinage of the Sultáns commonly known as the "Patán" or "Pathán" Kings of Dehlí. With some reluctance I have abandoned this time-honoured designation, for the reason that the word Patán is synonymous with Afghán, and most of the Sultáns of Dehlí were not Afgháns. The founder of the line of Dehlí, Muhammad ibn Sám, was a *Ghóri Turk;* and his successors, the rest of the first dynasty, were his Turkish slaves and their offspring. The second dynasty, sprung from Jalál-ad-dín Fíróz Sháh, was composed of *Khaljí Turks.* The third dynasty, that of the Taghlak-Sháhís, was of the race of the *Játs.* The fourth claimed descent from the Arab Husain, grandson of the prophet Muhammad, and called itself by the sacred title of *Sayyids.* Indeed, only the fifth and the sixth of the dynasties into which the kings of Dehlí are divided could properly term themselves Patán or Afghán, inasmuch as Buhlól belonged to the Lódí tribe of Afgháns, and Shér Sháh to the Súr division of the Lódí tribe. Thus, out of forty Sultáns of Dehlí, eight alone have any right to be called Patáns or Afgháns. If, therefore, the name is to be retained at all in this misleading connection, it can only be in deference to long-established usage. The gain in convenience, however, in thus preserving the appellation, is surely more than counterbalanced by the historical and ethnological accuracy which is restored by its abolition.

The series of coins struck by the Sultáns of Dehlí offer fewer points of interest and importance than do most of the currencies of Muhammadan States. As a rule we may

look upon Muhammadan coins as the surest foundations for an exact history of the dynasties by which they were issued. The coins of a Muslim ruler generally go far to establish those outward data in regard to his reign which Oriental historians too often neglect or misstate. The year of accession, the extent of his dominion, his relations with the neighbouring powers and with the spiritual chief of his religion, are all facts for which we may look with confidence to his coins. In many of the smaller and less known dynasties it is hardly too much to say that the coins are our chief informers. Unfortunately we cannot claim this importance for the issues of the Sultáns of Dehlí. The history of this dynasty has been recorded in detail by native writers, to whose statements the coins can add but little that is new or valuable. Now and again the coinage may suffice to establish the truth about a disputed date, but such examples of usefulness are rare in the series. Moreover, owing to the habit with weak rulers, whose tenure of power was unusually precarious, of protecting themselves behind the ægis of a renowned predecessor, and issuing their coins in the name of a deceased but revered Sultán, it is not always easy to feel assured that the dates on the coins represent precisely what they profess; and to arrange the order and years of the succession by these dates, without reference to the histories, would create no little confusion. Almost the only piece of historical information which has been thought to be derived from the coins alone is the presumed issue of the piece No. 85 in this volume, by Násir-ad-dín Mahmúd, the eldest son of Altamsh, during his father's lifetime. This would doubtless be interesting if it were established, but the result of a careful examination of the facts has led me to reject, with all diffidence, Mr. Thomas's attribution. Two sons of Sultán Altamsh bore the title of Násir-ad-dín; the elder was governor of Bengal from 624 to 626, when he died: the younger, born in the year of his

brother's death, became Sultán of Dehlí after Mas'úd Sháh, and reigned from 644 to 664. Mr. Thomas ascribes the coin No. 85 to the short government of Bengal by the elder Násir-ad-dín, on the ground of the occurrence upon it of the name of the 'Abbásí Khalífah Al-Mustansir, who reigned from 623 to 640. The improbability of the governor's striking coins in his own name, without any acknowledgment of his father, the reigning Sultán Altamsh, together with the close resemblance between this coin and those which undoubtedly belong to the younger Násir-ad-dín, led me to class No. 85 among the latter's coinage, and to regard the anachronism of the Khalífah's name as merely an instance of the not unfrequent posthumous use of names on Dehlí coins. Since coming to this decision, I notice that Dr. A. F. R. Hoernle* has arrived at the same conclusion, and has supported his view by some cogent arguments, the substance of which I here reproduce. In the first place, no Governor of Bengal, unless he had thrown off the yoke of Dehlí, ever substituted his own name for that of his master the Sultán. The utmost a governor might do was to add his name after his master's, as Yildiz did after Muhammad ibn Sám's. Secondly, coins probably struck in Bengal, and clearly dated 624, do not bear Násir-ad-dín's name. It is evident that when the latter styles himself *Sultán*, and puts his own name exclusively on the coin, he does not do so as a mere governor. Moreover, the publication by Dr. Hoernle in the same article of a coin of 'Alá-ad-dín Mas'úd, with precisely the same obverse, including the peculiar ﻟﻪ and the omission of the article before *Sultán*, seems to put it beyond a doubt that Násir-ad-dín copied his obverse from his immediate predecessor, at first, and that the coin No. 85 was his earliest issue. Neither the coin of Mas'úd nor No. 85 have any trace of marginal inscriptions or dates.

* *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal*, vol. l., 1881, pp. 62—65.

A certain historical value attaches to the joint issues of Fíróz III. and his sons Fath and Zafar, as confirming the notices of the historians. Fíróz "invested his son Fath with the insignia of royalty in 760, and placed his name, in conjunction with his own, on the public currency," as Ferishtah records; and the Egyptian Khalífah Al-Mu'tadid sent a robe of investiture to the young prince. All this is confirmed by the inscriptions on the coins, where we find the names of the Sultán and his son and the Khalífah conjointly on all specimens. On the other hand, while the coins also corroborate the statements of the historians as to the succession of Zafar, another son of Fíróz III., to Fath's place, on the death of that prince, the value of the numismatic data is considerably diminished by the occurrence of one of those too common instances of posthumous issues which destroy to some extent the trustworthiness of the Dehlí currency as historical evidence. No. 387 bears the date 791, when Zafar was no longer alive: and the hypothesis of Mr. Rodgers that it may refer to a son of Zafar, who bore the same name, seems far-fetched.

The coinage of the Sultáns of Dehlí is more valuable from the point of view of political geography. Mr. Thomas, in his classical account of the *Chronicles of the Pathán Kings of Dehlí*, thus describes the first foundation of the dynasty, and the beginning of the acquisition of that wide dominion which reached its greatest extent under the famous Muhammad ibn Taghlak.

"The later scions of the dynasty of Sabaktagín, driven out of Ghazní on its sack by 'Alá-ad-dín Husain Jahánsóz in A.H. 550, retired to Láhór, and had already, in effect, become domesticated Indian sovereigns; so that, as Mu'izz-ad-dín pressed down and around them, the occupation of the more advanced provinces of Hindústán followed as a natural sequence. Mu'izz-ad-dín Muhammad ibn Sám, or Shiháb-ad-dín as he was called in his youth, otherwise

known as Muhammad Ghórí, the founder of the Pathán dynasty of Dehlí, is first noticed in history on the occasion of his nomination, in conjunction with his elder brother, Ghiyás-ad-dín, to the charge of a province of Ghór, by his uncle, the notorious 'Alá-ad-dín Husain Jahánsóz. After the accession of Ghiyás-ad-dín to the throne of Ghór, in 558 A.H., Mu'izz-ad-dín, acting as his general, subdued portions of Khurásán; and, on the conquest of Ghazní in 569, he was nominated by his suzerain brother to the government of that country. From this time his incursions into India commenced: in 571 he conquered Multán; in 574 he experienced a sanguinary defeat in an expedition against the prince of Nahrwála; next, Khusrú Malik, the last of the Ghaznavís, was assailed, and at length in 583 captured by stratagem. In 587, in a more extended expedition into Hindústán, Muhammad Ghórí was totally routed on the memorable field of Thaneswar by the Chohán leader, Prithví Rája of Ajmír. After a year's repose, the disgrace of this defeat still rankling within him, he, on the self-same battle-ground, again encountered his former adversary, now supported by the whole force of the country, the confederated armies of 150 princes. This time fortune favoured the Ghórís, and a hard-fought field terminated in the total discomfiture of the Indian host. By this single victory the Muhammadans may be said to have become the virtual masters of Hindústán. The ulterior measures for the subjugation of the country were of speedy accomplishment, and most of the later additions to the Indian empire of Muhammad Ghórí were perfected by his quondam slave, subsequent representative in Hindústán, and eventual successor on the throne of Dehlí, Kutb-ad-dín Aibek. Ghiyás-ad-dín, who had long retained little beyond the title of a king, died in 599 A.H., and shortly afterwards Mu'izz-ad-dín was installed in form. An unsuccessful attempt at conquest in the north, in itself attended by most disastrous

results, was succeeded by the revolt of the governors of Ghazní and Multán: this outbreak, however, was soon suppressed. In the month of Sha'bán, A.H. 602, Muhammad Ghórí was slain in his tent, in the centre of his own camp, by a band of Gakkars. At his death, the Muslim empire of India extended generally over nearly the whole of Hindústán proper, Sind, and Bengal. The sovereignty was, however, held by very exceptional tenures, and was most indeterminate in its inner geographical limits."*

This wide empire, although it underwent many temporary retrogressions, gradually advanced in extent up to the time of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, when, according to the account of Siráj-ad-dín 'Umar of Oudh,† it included the following provinces:

Dehlí.	Oudh.
Deógír.	Kanauj.
Multán.	Lakhnautí.
Kohrám.	Bihár.
Samánah.	Karrah.
Siwistán (Sehwán).	Málwah.
Úchh.	Láhór.
Hánsí.	Kalánúr.
Sirsutí.	Jájnagar.
Malabár.	Telingana.
Gujarát.	Dwára Samundra.
Badáón.	

A reference to the map of India, facing page xvi, will show the vast extent of the dominion included in these provinces. But the elements of dissolution are always present in a huge and disconnected congeries of states. Muhammad ibn Taghlak, in spite of his extraordinary perversity, was no ordinary ruler, and he, if any one, had the will and the power to hold his unwieldy empire together. But the circumstances were too strong even for his iron resolution.

* E. Thomas: *Chronicles*, pp. 10—12.

† Notices et Extraits, xiii. 170, *cf.* Thomas, p. 203.

"The dominion covering twenty-three provinces, or independent nationalities, became, in the very number of its sections, essentially incoherent. Local feudatories had of late been superseded by governors appointed by the head of the state, and the selection of fitting and trustworthy representatives was attended by far greater risks than of old, now that the national bond, so effective among the ruling classes under the dynasty of the Turks, had disappeared amid the dissensions of Turk and Khiljí, both of whom had henceforth to bow to an alien Sultán of curiously mixed breed. In the Muhammadan distrust of unconverted Hindús, all manner of foreign adventurers were installed in divisional posts: these men, having little or no interest in the stability of the throne, were ever ready to aid any projected rising or to join with their combined forces any of the more influential rebels. So that the annals of the period present a mere succession of outbreaks,—no sooner was one section of the empire brought back to its allegiance than another division would seek to assert its independence.

"The Sultán was often obliged to command his own armies; and though he was usually victorious, the very fact of his absence in distant parts encouraged the disaffected elsewhere. The old proverb, 'Dehlí is distant,' found a new application; the royal forces were often less near to the threatened point than the inconveniently situated capital itself, whose distance from the southern states had already suggested its supersession by the more central Deógír. A parallel obstacle to the permanent subjection of the provinces was to be found in the state of the roads, and the general insecurity of the country at large, evils that extended to such an extreme that the tribute of the south was allowed to accumulate at Deógír, merely because it was found impossible to transport it to Dehlí, and eventually the whole treasure was divided on the spot among some temporarily successful insurgents.

"The end of such a state of things might easily be predicted. The Bengal mints occupied themselves in coining money for independent rulers; the Sultán's early triumph, Warangol, reverted to its ancient name in the hands of other masters; Deógír, his chosen capital, submitted to Hasan Gángú, the founder of a new race of Kings, the Bahmaní Dynasty of Kulbarga, who were destined to play a prominent part in the destinies of the country; and finally, the owner of so many kingdoms died miserably of a fever, near Thata, on the lower Indus, with his army, "like ants or locusts" around him; and his cousin and successor found some difficulty in getting safe home to the cherished Dehlí, which Muhammad ibn Taghlak had once done so much to desolate and destroy."*

Less than fifty years afterwards, the reigning Sultán of Dehlí, Mahmúd ibn Muhammad, was confined to the capital itself, hemmed in by rival pretenders to the throne from which Muhammad ibn Taghlak had dispensed his erratic notions of law to so immense an empire: and after Tímúr's invasion, 801 A.H., the kingdom of Dehlí was distributed piecemeal, and Ikbál Khán held Dehlí and the Doáb; Zafar Khán, Gujarát; Khizr Khán, Multán, Daibalpúr, and Sind; Khawájah-i-Jahán, Kanauj, Oudh, Karrah, Dalamau, Sandalah, Bahráích, Bihár, and Jaunpúr; Mahmúd Khán, Mahobah and Kálpí; Dilawar Khán, Dhár; Ghálib Khán, Samánah; and Shams Khán, Bíána. Shér Sháh for a moment gathered together once more the fragments of the empire; but it was reserved for Akbar to rebuild the fabric in more than its ancient grandeur.

The coins are of some value in tracing the variations in the empire which thus rose and fell with such astonishing rapidity. With a view to supplying the data they afford in the manner most convenient for reference, I have

* E. Thomas: *Chronicles*, pp. 203–206.

arranged the known mints of each Sultán in the following table, including not only the British Museum examples, but those in Mr. Thomas's *Chronicles*, and in Mr. C. J. Rodgers' supplementary papers in the *Journal* of the Bengal Asiatic Society, vols. xlix. and li.

TABLE ILLUSTRATING THE EXTENT OF THE EMPIRE BY THE MINTS.*

589—602	Muhammad ibn Sám,	Ghazní, [Kanauj,] *Peshawar*, FARWÁN.
	Yildiz,	Ghazní.
607—633	Altamsh,	Dehlí, Multán, Narwar? LÁHÓR?
634—637	Rizíyah,	Lakhnautí.
637—639	Bahrám Sháh,	Dehlí.
639—644	Mas'úd,	Dehlí.
644—664	Mahmúd I.,	Dehlí.
664—686	Balban,	Dehlí.
686—689	Kai-Kubád,	Dehlí.
689—695	Fíróz II.,	Dehlí.
695	Ibráhím I.,	Dehlí.
695—715	Muhammad Sháh I.,	Dehlí, *Deógír*.
716—720	Mubárak I.,	Dehlí, *Kutbábád* (i.e. Dehlí ?).
720	Khusrú,	Dehlí.
720—725	Taghlak I.,	Dehlí, Deógír, TALANG.
725—752	Muhammad ibn Taghlak,	Dehlí, Satgáon, *Sonárgáon*, Agrah, Taghlakpúr (i.e. Tirhút ?), Daulatábád and Deógír, Sultánpúr, (i.e. Warangol,) Lakhnautí (i.e. Gaur).

* Mints in the National Collection are printed in roman letters; those from Mr. Thomas's *Chronicles*, in italics; while those from Mr. Rodgers' papers are printed in small capitals.

752—790	Fíróz III.,	Dehlí.
790—791	Taghlak II.,	Dehlí.
792—795	Muhammad III.,	Dehlí.
795	Sikandar I.,	Dehlí.
795—797	Mahmúd II.,	Dehlí.
797—802	Nasrat,	Dehlí.
824—837	Mubárak II.,	Dehlí.
837—847	Muhammad IV.,	Dehlí.
847—855	'Álim,	Dehlí.
855—894	Buhlól,	Dehlí, Jaunpúr.
894—923	Sikandar II.,	*Dehlí.*
923—930	Ibráhím II.,	
946—952	Shér Sháh,	Dehlí (Jahánpanáh), Sharífábád, Shérgarh, Agrah, Gwalior, Shérgadah, Kálpí, Hisár, *Rantambhór, Chunár, Bíáná, Nárnól, Bhánpúr,* SAMBHAL, ALWÁR, UJAIN.
952—960	Islám Sháh,	Agrah, Gwalior, Satgáon, *Shakk-i-Bakar, Sharífábád, Shérgarh.*
960—961	Muhammad 'Ádil,	Nárnól, *Gwalior.*

Some of these mints have prefixes. Dehlí is generally adorned with the epithet حضرة; but sometimes دار الملك is substituted, and rarely تخت گاه. The last appellation is also given to Daulatábad; اقليم is prefixed to Taghlakpúr, ساهه to Jaunpúr, قلعة to Deógír, and بلدة or بلد to Ghazní.

Some mints have double names: e.g., دار الاسلام or دار الخلافة, or جهانپناه, or قطباباد, stands for Dehlí; ديوگير and دولتاباد are synonymous; whilst سلطانپور represents Warangol, and تغلقپور probably for Tirhút. The appear-

ance of Jaunpúr as the second mint of Buhlól is interesting when it is recollected that it was this Sultán who re-annexed Jaunpúr in 893 after it had been independent for a century.

It will be noticed that the names of several of the Sultáns are absent from the preceding table. This is owing to various causes; Aibek, for instance, is not known to have struck any coins at all; Abu-Bakr, Sikandar II., Ibráhím II., etc., issued coins without stating the names of the mints; while Daulat Khán Lódí and Khizr Khán, in the general confusion which accompanied the invasion of India by Tímúr, preferred rather to trade upon the traditional credit of their predecessors than to make any demands upon the people's trust in their personal solvency, and thus issued their coins in the name of Fíróz III. or Muhammad III., the mints of which issues cannot be held to offer very trustworthy evidence of the extent of their strikers' dominion, which, however, we know from other sources to have been limited to a small district immediately surrounding Dehlí. Neither of these two puppets was a king in any real sense, and to such, "it mattered little whose superscription was placed on the public money,—his duty was confined to authorising the legality of the new issues by so much of his attestation as was implied in the annual date recorded on the reverse, . . . a system, indeed, which the East India Company, of their own free will, imitated with much credit and simplicity by striking their rupees in the name of Sháh 'Álam and other defunct monarchs of Dehlí, whose money had of old obtained good repute in the local bázárs. But as the progressive annual dates, which were needed to test the good faith of Oriental princes, came in process of time to be a source of confusion and an opportunity for money-changers, the Government adopted the expedient of selecting the best current coin of the day, and based their standard upon its intrinsic value; and so the immutable

date of 'the XIX *san* (year) of Sháh 'Álam' came to figure upon our much-prized 'Sicca Rupees.' "*

The chief importance of the coinage of the Sultáns of Dehlí lies in its bearing upon the currencies of India. It is before all things a series which attracts the metrologist. Any one who has studied Mr. Thomas's elaborate examination of the relations between these issues and the ancient Indian metric system will understand the value of the coinage of Dehlí in this respect. I do not propose to recapitulate here the results of Mr. Thomas's researches, which are easily accessible in his *Chronicles;* but a sketch of the principal developments of the coinage is necessary to a due appreciation of the various pieces described in the following pages.

In considering the general character of the Dehlí series, we must set aside the introductory issues of Muhammad ibn Sám and his lieutenant Yildiz, which are not only of very uncertain weights, but obviously indicate an attempt to carry on the Muhammadan system of large dirhams. The conqueror of Hindústán readily recognized the fact that it was not to such issues that he must resort in his dealings with his new Indian subjects. From time immemorial the staple of the currency in the northern provinces of India had consisted of small copper and *billon* (silver and copper) pieces, which later on came to be known from the locality as *Dehliwáls*. These, stamped with the traditional religious emblems, the Bull of Siva and the Kábul or Chohán horseman, would inevitably form the models upon which an adapted coinage must be based, if it were to obtain favour in the eyes of a conservative people. Accordingly, Muhammad ibn Sám issued Dehliwáls, with these emblems and his own name inscribed in Nágarí or Hindí characters

* E. Thomas: *Chronicles*, pp. 329, 330; *International Numismata Orientalia*, vol i, part 1, *Ancient Indian Weights*, p. 53 *f*.

of a rude type. So closely did he imitate the style of the preceding local coinage, or so scrupulously did he avail himself of the services of the old moneyers, that it has been found possible to attribute many of his coins to mints whose names are not recorded upon their surfaces, by indications of style and treatment of the devices. Similar reasons induced him to preserve, though only for a short time, the peculiar gold issues of Kanauj, with a rude figure of the goddess Lakhshmí, adding his name in Nágarí. The billon Dehliwáls, which for convenience are headed "Copper" in the present volume, retained their old important position in the currency of Hindústán through the greater part of the duration of the dynasty founded by Muhammad ibn Sám. They underwent various modifications, especially in the substitution of Arabic for Nágarí inscriptions; and there are minor differences in the form and position of the Bull Nandí and the Horseman, which have been noted. But the main fact, that a billon currency formed the staple of exchange in Hindústán, is undisturbed. Muhammad ibn Sám's conquests "were always associated with an adaptation, more or less complete, of the local currency; hence we find the peculiar type of the Ghórí Horseman retained in its own locality; the distinctive Kurmán outline [upright posture] of the Bull of Siva maintains its identity through succeeding foreign dynasties; . . . Ajmír, Dehlí, Multán, and Sind, each preserved, but little modified, a Tughra outline of the early device of the first Brahman Kings of Kábul,—the Cavalier with the reverse of the Sacred Bull."*

Side by side with this native coinage, a new and characteristic issue was introduced by Altamsh in the early part of the seventh century of the Flight. This was the silver

* E. Thomas: *Chronicles*, p. 36.

Tankah, which held its place as the standard silver coin to the end of the dynasty, and was so much approved that a gold Tankah, of equal weight, was added by Balban in the same century, which retained its position, with a brief interruption, for more than a century,—until, in fact, the precarious tenure of power by the Sultáns of Dehlí rendered any issue of gold coins incompatible with the state of the treasury. The Tankah, silver or gold, should weigh 175 grains, and the existing specimens bear out the estimate with tolerable accuracy. Seventy-five silver Tankahs in the British Museum, from Altamsh to Taghlak Sháh I., weigh collectively 12,550 grains, or a trifle over 166 grains apiece, which, allowing for wear and sweating, is a fair average. None of these 75 pieces fall below 161 (indeed only two fall below 163 grains), and some reach the weight of 171. The gold show an even better average, for 21 specimens in the British Museum, from Balban to Taghlak Sháh I., weigh collectively 3526 grs., which gives $167\frac{19}{21}$ as the weight of each, or just under 168 grs. One of these goes as high as 173, and only one falls below 164. Thus from the beginning of a regular silver coinage under Altamsh, about the year 632 of the Hijrah, to the time of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, A.H. 725, the Tankah was the standard of currency in the empire of Dehlí.

With Muhammad ibn Taghlak begins a series of innovations, which, although they were not destined to last long, introduced in their brief duration many curious and novel features into the currency of Hindústán. Muhammad Sháh is stated to have had some such change in contemplation with regard to the Tankah as Muhammad ibn Taghlak eventually carried into effect. He was anxious to strike a new Tankah of 140 grains, in order to pay his Sipáhís, or Sepoys, with as little expense as possible. This was the precise reduction which Ibn Taghlak effected. His new

'Adlís, or "equitable [coins]," as they were called,* for no very obvious reason, weighed 140 grains, and from A.H. 725 to 730 the new standard obtained throughout his empire. The British Museum specimens range from 137 to 151 grs., and give an average of 141 grs. In A.H. 730, however, Muhammad ibn Taghlak thought better of his reform, and other coins of that year maintain the old weight of 169 (for 175) grs. Simultaneously he had attempted an alteration in the standard of the gold Tankahs, which he raised to 200 grs., as witness the pieces of 197, 198, and 199 grs. in this volume. But this change was even more short-lived than that in the silver; it began in A.H. 726, and already in 729 and 730 the old Tankah of 175 grs. is again represented by gold pieces weighing 168, 169, and 171 grs.

But the most remarkable of all Muhammad ibn Taghlak's monetary enterprises was the attempt to introduce a forced currency of brass at the value of the Tankah. Such attempts at a fiduciary coinage had before been made by Oriental sovereigns. Khubilai Khán, the Mongol emperor of China, had succeeded in perfecting a very convenient paper currency in the Celestial empire; and the Mongol Ilkhán of Persia, Gai-khatu, with very different motives, had endeavoured to force a paper money upon his Persian subjects; but the strenuous resistence he encountered made an end of the fraud and of his own sovereignty. Muhammad ibn Taghlak's forced currency was of a different order. It was chiefly of brass, and the state of the treasury seems to have justified any system of nominal values, inasmuch as Ibn Taghlak could easily have redeemed the whole issue at the nominal prices. Indeed, when, after about three years, (730—732,) the trial proved unsuccessful, in consequence of innumerable imitations, against which the Sultán had organized no regal protective marks, Muhammad ibn Taghlak

* The name occurs on the coinage itself.

took up the whole brass currency, genuine and forged alike, at the values for which they were intended to pass. In such circumstances there can be no question of dishonesty on the part of the ruler. That he anticipated some reluctance on the part of his subjects to accept the brass currency as equivalent to the silver Tankah may be seen from the character of the legends with which the new coins were inscribed:—من اطاع السلطان فقد اطاع الرحمن "Whoso obeys the Sultán obeys the Compassionate;" اطيعوا الله واطيعوا الرسول واولى الامر منكم لا يولا السلطان كل الناس بعضهم بعضا "Obey God and obey the Prophet, and those in authority among you: sovereignty is not conferred upon all men; some of them (precede) others;" etc. At the same time, while thus appealing to the Korán for the inculcation of obedience to the powers that be, Muhammad ibn Taghlak was careful to let the people understand for exactly how much the new piece was intended to pass. Thus we find the inscription مهر شد تنكة رائج در روزگار بنده اميدوار محمد تغلق "Sealed as a Tankah current in the reign of the slave hopeful [of grace] Muhammad [ibn] Taghlak," and again مهر شد تنكة پنجاه كانى در روزگار الخ "Sealed as a Tankah of fifty Kánis," or Gánis, etc.; or ضرب الربعى "Struck [as] the fourth; الدرهم الشرعى "The legal dirham," النصفى "The half-piece;" عدل هشت كانى "Good [for] eight Kánis," or سكة دو كانى "Money of two Kánis," and finally چيتل امانى يكانى "A Chítal equal to one Káni:" but these varieties are not all represented in the National Collection. In Mr. Thomas's No. 201, I read سكة not تنكة.

In order to understand what these denominations mean, we must consult Mr. Thomas's * table of the Currency during the reign of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, here subjoined with some modifications in the arrangement.

---

* *Chronicles*, p. 219.

MUHAMMAD IBN TAGHLAK'S CURRENCY.

	Káni.	Du-káni.	Shash-káni.	Hasht-kani.	Duwáz-dah-k.	Shánz-dah-k.	Tankah.
Káni (or Chítal),	1						
Du-káni (or Sultání)	2	1					
Shash-káni . .	6	3	1				
Hasht-káni . .	8	4	$1\frac{1}{3}$	1			
Duwázdah-káni .	12	6	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1		
Shánzdah-káni .	16	8	$2\frac{2}{3}$	2	$1\frac{1}{3}$	1	
Tankah (*old*, 175 grs.) . .	64	32	$10\frac{2}{3}$	8	$5\frac{1}{3}$	4	1

The ancient quaternary scale is here observable throughout: there are no fives or tens. The new *'Adlí* Tankah of 140 grs., however, correspond to 50 Kánis, and pieces of 25 Kánis were struck to subdivide it. Afterwards Fíróz Sháh III. appears to have introduced 2, 10, 24, and 48 Káni pieces.

On comparing the weights of the forced brass currency with the foregoing table, many difficulties present themselves. Mr. Thomas once seemed inclined to fix the denomination (only tentatively, it is true,) by the weights of the pieces described in his *Chronicles*. I am disposed to think that the weight had very little to do with the distinction of denominations. The brass coin intended to pass for a silver Tankah, and bearing an inscription stating so, does indeed carry a weight of 136 grs., nearly approaching the 140 grs. of the new 'Adlí Tankah, which, however, at the time of the forced currency, seems to have already been abolished in favour of the old 175 grs. Tankah, so that we should rather expect the brass coin to weigh 175 grs. But even if it were granted that the 140 Tankah is intended to be represented in weight by the brass pieces in question, the subdivisions show no correspondence in the matter of weight.

The piece marked 8 Kánis weighs 53 grs., which is neither an eighth part of 136 nor a $6\frac{1}{4}$ part, taking the two values of the old and new Tankahs (64 and 50 Kánis) into consideration. If the 136 brass Tankah is meant to equal 50 Kánis, the 8 Káni piece should weigh about 21 grs. Or if the brass Tankah of 136 grs. is intended to represent the old Tankah of 175 grs., the 8 Káni piece should follow a similar reduction in weight, and should hardly exceed 17 grs. Again, on whatever principle we accommodate the 8 Káni piece to the Tankah, it is impossible to give a satisfactory account, on the weight system, of the Du-káṇi piece, which weighs 25 grs., instead of 13, as it should if it is to bear any relation to the 8 Káni piece. Then there is a unique *Chítal* of copper, equal to 1 Káni, but weighing no less than 74 grs., which must upset all calculations. Nor is it easy, on the principle of a uniform scale of weights, to explain the pieces of 112 and 55 grs., which Mr. Thomas suggests may be 40 and 20 Kánis. Why should a 20 Káni piece weigh only 2 grs. more than an 8 Káni piece? A remarkable *Dirham Shar'í*, "Legal dirham," also appears in the series, which comes up to 80 grs., which no legal dirham ever did; while the *Nisfy* or half-dirham, (as Mr. Thomas terms it,) weighs no less than 103 grs.

I do not quote these weights under any impression that Mr. Thomas has ever sought to prove that the brass coinage was strictly adjusted to a regular scale of weights corresponding to those of the silver coins they were intended to supplant; indeed a remark of his (on p. 248) shows that he is perfectly alive to the discrepancies in the scale of weights; but I am anxious to state clearly that any deduction from the weights is likely to be fallacious, inasmuch as the closest examination reveals no system or graduated scale whatever. The lower denominations were lighter than the higher, and that is, I believe, all that can be formulated about them on the subject.

Another curious feature in the currency—not the forced issues—of this "Prince of Moneyers" is the striking of gold and copper coins in the sole name of the contemporary Khalífah of Egypt, the *fainéant* representative of the once powerful house of 'Abbás. The only parallel instance in the Dehlí series is the remarkable coin of Altamsh, No. 35, where only the Khalífah Al-Mustansir's name appears in the inscriptions.* From the earliest issues of the Sultáns of Dehlí, the spiritual lords of the Muslims were never neglected. Muhammad ibn Sám put the name of the reigning Khalífah of the yet surviving dynasty of Baghdád upon his silver coins, while the Nágarí letters श्री हमीरः, *Srí Hamíraḥ*, may perhaps stand for أمير المؤمنين *Amir al-mu-minín*, as the occurrence in the same position of the form श्री खलीफ, *Srí Shalípha*, i.e. *Al-Khalífah*, seems to show; though *Srí Hamíraḥ* might of course equally well represent *Al-Amír* simply, and refer to Muhammad ibn Sám himself. From the time of Muhammad ibn Sám to that of Fíróz II., the names of the 'Abbásí Khalífahs of Baghdád appear regularly on the gold and silver coins; and even so late as 695, forty years after the forcible destruction of the Baghdád Khalifate and the murder of Al-Musta'sim by Húlágú, the name of this ill-fated Pontiff is seen on the coinage of Dehlí. At last, however, the Sultáns of Hindústán seem to have realized that there could be little spiritual benefit in retaining the name of a Khalífah who had been dead for forty years, and accordingly from the accession of Ibráhím I. the coinage does not record the name of the Khalífah, but inscribes only a bare reference to his existence, in the Sultán's title *Násir Amír-al-mu-minín*, to which Muhammad I. added the title of *Yamín al-Khilúfah*.

The next alteration took place under Mubárak Sháh I.,

* E. Thomas, *Chronicles*, p. 46.

who, after beginning with the stereotyped *Násir Amír-al-mu-minín* of his predecessors, assumed the dignity of Khalífah himself, in the style الواثق بالله أمير المؤمنين, in 717, adding such other improvements as خليفة الله, خليفة رب العالمين and terming Dehlí the "Abode of the Khalifate," Dár al-Khiláfah. Khusrú Sháh styled himself ولىّ أمير المؤمنين, and Taghlak Sháh I. returned to the old form of Násir Amír-al-mu-minín. Then his son Muhammad introduced the crowning acknowledgment of the Egyptian Khalifate when he struck coins in which he omitted all mention of himself, and substituted the inscription "This Khalífatí dínár was struck . . . in the time of the Imám Al-Mustakfí," the then reigning 'Abbásí Khalífah of the restored line in Egypt. It was not apparently until this period, more than eighty years after the revival of the Khalifate in Egypt under the Mamlúks, that the Sultáns of Dehlí became aware of this restoration; and Muhammad ibn Taghlak certainly spared no pains to emphasize the discovery. After his brief issue of purely "Khalífatí" coins, in gold and copper, in the middle of the eighth century of the Flight, the name of the reigning Egyptian Khalífah appears regularly upon the Dehlí mintings, in conjunction with that of the Sultán, until A.H. 795; after which year the monarchs of Dehlí seem again to have become uncertain as to the names of the successive Khalífahs, and therefore contented themselves with simply inscribing the fact that there was a Khalífah of some name or another, without seeking to indicate his precise titles. The forms, "In the time of the Prince of the Faithful," فى زمن أمير المؤمنين, or "The Khalífah [is] the Prince of the Faithful," retained their place on the coinage until the time of Shér Sháh, with the variation of *Náïb Amír-al-mu-minín*. Shér Sháh abolished the style of Khalífah altogether from the coinage, with a due sense of historical accuracy, since the Egyptian Khalifate had by then been absorbed by

the Sultáns of Turkey, and the Sultán of Dehlí could not be expected to understand that the spiritual power thus transferred ought to be recognised in so remote a region as Hindustán. Shér Sháh, however, upheld the character of the Dehlí coinage for Sunní orthodoxy by inserting the names and epithets of the first four Khalífahs, Abu-Bakr, 'Umar, 'Uthmán, and 'Alí, and the example was followed by his successors to the close of the dynasty.

After the reign of Muhammad ibn Taghlak the coinage of the Sultáns of Dehlí greatly deteriorates. Only eight gold Tankahs are found in the British Museum collection after this monarch, and of these but one is later than Fíróz III., his immediate successor. The specimens in question are of the old weight of 167 to 170 grs. The silver also becomes greatly diminished. With the exception of a few posthumous silver Tankahs, struck chiefly by Khizr Khán in the name of Muhammad III., about 817, no silver coins occur in the British Museum between the death of Muhammad ibn Taghlak and the accession of Shér Sháh, an interval of nearly 200 years. Shér Sháh and his successors abolished the *billon* coinage, which had absorbed almost all the exchange of India, and restored the silver Tankah in its original weight of about 175 grs. The specimens in the Museum fall little below this figure.

The inscriptions on the coins of the Sultáns are unusually monotonous. Save in the phenomenal issues of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, the religious inscriptions are of the commonest order, and there are not many even of these. A few peculiar forms may be noticed: e.g., the complete form of the Profession of Faith اشهد ان لا اله الا الله الخ on 260—263; والله الغنى وانتم الفقرا (Kur. xxxv. 15); اطيعوا الله واطيعوا الرسول واولى الامر منكم لا يولا السطان كل الناس بعضكم بعضا (partly from Kur. iv. 62); and the benedictory formulas انار الله برهانه, اعلى اجره, and جل الله ظلاله وجلاله. The titles of the sovereigns of Dehlí are as monotonous as

their religious legends. They are all "Sultáns," and, after Bahrám, "Sháhs" also, and the almost universal epithet they add to exalt the former title is الاعظم. Down to the time of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, they hardly ever varied this formula, although Muhammad ibn Sám himself, when under his brother's suzerainty, began with the variety of المعظم. Original in his titles, as in everything else, Muhammad ibn Taghlak abandoned the cherished epithet, which Taghlak I. had already shaken by his occasional substitution of the epithet الغازى. Muhammad his son began his gold coinage with a posthumous coin in memory of his father, bearing the unprecedented series السعيد الشهيد الغازى. This he followed by various new titles, such as السلطان العادل, العبد الراجى رحمة الله, الواثق بتائيد الرحمن الراجى رحمة الله الكريم, المجاهد فى سبيل الله, and the Persian بنده اميدوار, representing the Arabic العبد الراجى. After his time, the old formula returns once or twice, chiefly on posthumous issues in the name of Muhammad III.; but as a rule the later Sultáns of Dehlí were satisfied with the simple epithet, inaugurated by Fíróz II. (who also styled himself الواثق بتائيد يزدانى) of سلطانى, *Sultání* or *As-Sultání*, with "Lieutenant of the Prince of the Faithful," نائب امير المؤمنين, not unfrequently added. The Lódís abolished this title and called themselves المتوكل على الرحمن; and Shér Sháh and Islám Sháh adopted the style of السلطان العادل; or, on the copper issues, the very peculiar formula الامير الحامى الدين الدنان (or الحاكمى). Added to the first title are generally a *lakab*, such as Násir-ad-dín, and a *kunyah*, which is universally *Abu-l-Muzaffar*, whenever there is a kunyah at all, except in two cases when it is *Abu-l-Mujáhid*. Násir Amír-al-mu-minín is, as has been said, a common addition to these titles, from Altamsh to Muhammad I., and on the coins of Taghlak I. "Sword of the Prince of the Faithful," سيف أمير المؤمنين, occurs on the coinage of

Fíróz II., as does the form نائب أمير المؤمنين, which remains in use to the time of Mubárak II. The one Queen of the line, Rizíyah ibnat Altamsh, used the form نصرة أمير المؤمنين. So at least the specimen in the British Museum reads, and this is confirmed by a specimen described and engraved by Dr. Hoernle in the *Journal* of the Bengal Asiatic Society (1881). Mr. Thomas has read مهرة أمير المؤمنين from another example. The only other titles of importance occurring on the coins under review are those of Muhammad I., اسكندر الثانى يمين الخلافة; of Mubarak I., اسكندر الزمان, يمين الخلافة, soon changing to الامام الاعظم. . . الواثق بالله امير المومنين, and Khusrú Sháh's الواثق بنصر الرحمن ولى امير المومنين, where Mr. Thomas has read . . . الواثق بخير, which is not confirmed by any specimen in the British Museum.

The orthography of the name "Altamsh" demands a few words. I have followed Mr. Thomas in retaining the most usual spelling: but there can be no doubt that it is not the most accurate representation of the original Túrkí, whatever the meaning of that original may have been. There is generally a single stroke after the ت, and not infrequently another before the ل: so that the complete form would seem to be ايلتتمش *Íl-tutmish*. The Nagarí transcript लिततिमिसि *Lititimisi* agrees tolerably well with this restoration; and the meaning of Íl-tutmish, 'Hand-grasper,' 'Supporter,' 'Upholder,' is sufficiently appropriate. Mr. Redhouse, however, on the authority of Ahmad Wafík Páshá, suggests an alternative reading in ايلْتِيمش, from ايلتماك, 'to convey,' 'carry off,' *i.e.*, 'the kidnapped,' or slave who was 'carried off:' and adds that it might also be taken in the active sense, as meaning the 'carrier off' or ravisher (of the heart).

There are many points that might here be raised with regard to the origin and localization of the Brahmanical emblems and symbols, and the peculiarities of Nagarí palæography as exhibited on the coins: but these will

more appropriately be considered in the volume of the Indian Catalogue which will treat exclusively of the Hindú coinages.

I have already indicated two or three small matters in which I have been compelled reluctantly to differ from the opinion of Mr. Thomas, and it is necessary to enumerate a few more such minor differences. When there is merely a question as to how much of an undisputed inscription is legible, I shall not here discuss what is only an affair of eyes and microscopes. The rejection from the present volume of Mr. Thomas's No. 7 requires, however, some explanation, inasmuch as the coin exists in the British Museum. I reject it, because I am convinced that it is not a coin of Muhammad ibn Sám at all, but of one of the Ghaznawís, probably Khusrú Malik. The fabric alone, I think, shows it is no fellow to the issues of Muhammad ibn Sám, and the inscription, as I read it, confirms the rejection. No. 120 of the *Chronicles*, which is the same coin as No. 138 of the present volume, bears, according to Mr. Thomas, the date 680, which he adds is "clearly an error," with which I must concur, since I can only make it 695. Mr. Thomas's No. 121 presents a slight displacement of the inscriptions in the *Chronicles*, for the word امير should be in the middle line. In his No. 146, Mr. Thomas reads Dár-al-Khiláfah, where I find Dár-al-Mulk, but the two may not be of precisely the same issue. On the coins described under No. 297 by Mr. Thomas, I can find no distinct trace of the mint-name he gives. On p. 51 of this catalogue will be found a foot-note in which I venture to dissent from Mr. Thomas's reading of a posthumous coin of Taghlak I. The rejection of the presumed date on the reverse at once removes Mr. Thomas's No. 158 to the side of his No. 178, as a posthumous, and not as he supposed a contemporary, issue of that Sultán. The title *Ash-Shahíd* alone is, I think, enough to prove that Taghlak was dead when the coin was struck, for I cannot recall an instance of so very significant a title being assumed by a living king.

I may add, in reference to No. 73 in this volume, that I can find no trace of the بالله and حمد Dr. Hoernle refers to in the *Journal* of the Bengal Asiatic Society (1881).

In the arrangement of posthumous coins, as well as in some other minor details of order, I have departed from the pattern which is set, generally with excellent judgment, in the *Chronicles*. I class the posthumous coins under the king whose name they bear, and give a cross-reference in the place where they should come if the order were strictly chronological. The matter is merely a question of convenience; and I found that the coins were more clearly described and more easily compared in this order than if they had been placed where their dates demanded. Instances of this arrangement will be frequently met with in this volume, and the student must not be deceived by the classification into the belief that the Sultáns enjoyed preternaturally long reigns. By a contrary principle to that which prompted the issue of posthumous coins, Nos. 410—412 in this catalogue were struck by Muhammad III. before he actually became Sultán, when he was associated with his father Fíróz III. in the government. It would have been better if I had indicated this circumstance in the heading.

As coins, without reference to their historical or geographical or other relations, those of the Sultáns of Dehlí are singularly fine. Especially beautiful are the clear-cut gold issues of Muhammad ibn Taghlak, where the smaller superficies enabled a better impression to be struck with the die. But the chief test of a coinage is rather in the assay than in the calligraphy, though the latter is not to be despised upon Muhammadan coins, where the finer departments of the engraver's art could not be allowed free scope. Mr. Thomas has given some details of assaying experiments with the coins of Dehlí, and the result in the higher metals shows great regularity. Muhammad I.'s gold, for example, had a fineness of 94·2, and Fíróz II.'s of 94·5.

More interesting are the assays which Mr. Thomas had

made in India of the billon coinage, by the usual native process of blowing off the copper with lead. The following are some of his results :—

Twelve of Nasír-ad-dín Mahmúd's *dehliwáls*, with a collective weight of 584 grs., produced 149 grs. of silver, or 12·14 (nearly ¼th) apiece.

Various specimens of Fíróz III., (*Chronicles*, No. 228), weighing from 131·5 to 141 grs. each, contained irregular proportions of silver, ranging from 12 to 24 grs. apiece.

Four coins of Buhlól Lódí, weighing about 140 grs. each, gave 0 gr., 15·3 grs., 14 grs., and 6·7 grs., silver.

The average silver in the coins of Sikandar ibn Buhlól, from an assay of over thirty, was 5·64 in each piece, of an average weight of about 140 grs. each.

The subjoined tables of the genealogical relations of the various princes whose money is described in this volume, together with the map of mediæval India, will be useful to the student of this dynasty in its connection with the history of India at large.

In conclusion, I am glad to have this opportunity of expressing my thanks to Mr. Edward Thomas, not only for the assistance which every student of the coins of the Sultáns of Dehlí must derive from his learned and exhaustive *Chronicles*, but also for the kindness with which he has permitted me to examine his own annotated copy of that work, and has read the proof-sheets of this Introduction. I am also much indebted to Professor Percy Gardner for his supervision of the Nágarí inscriptions included in this volume, to Mr. Redhouse, Dr. Stickel, and MM. Tiesenhausen and Sauvaire, for various suggestions; while to the Keeper of Coins, in his minute and scrupulous revision of every line of the work, I owe many valuable corrections and improvements.

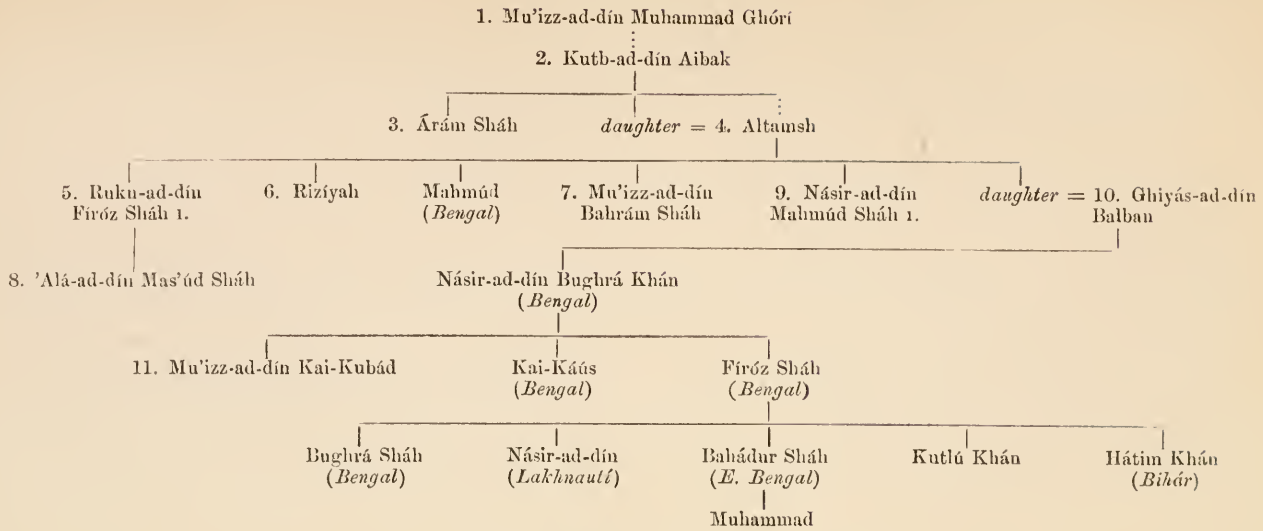
STANLEY LANE-POOLE.

Richmond, Nov. 24, 1884.

MEDIAEVAL INDIA
ILLUSTRATING THE
MINTS
OF THE
MUHAMMADAN RULERS
ARABIAN SEA
BAY OF BENGAL
RAJPUTANA
DEKHAN
CHUTIA NAGPUR
GUJARAT
MALWA
BERAR
ORISSA
BANDELKHAND
TILANGANA
MYSORE
CEYLON
Laccadive Islands
Maldive Islands
Delhi
Agra
Lahore
Multan
Kabul
Ghazni
Kandahar
Attock
Jaunpur
Allahabad
Lucknow
Benares
Kurrachee
Surat
Bombay
Poona
Sholapur
Golkonda
Hyderabad
Warangal
Karnul
Nagpur
Calcutta
Cuttack
Madras
Pondicherry
Mangalore
Seringapatam
Bangalore
Mysore
Tanjore
Madura
Trincomalee
Colombo
Kandy
Masulipatam
Sambalpur
Burhanpur
Ellichpur
Jodhpur
Ajmir
Narnol
Sambhal
Kanauj
Mouths of the Indus
Mouths of the Ganges
Mouths of the Godavri
Mouths of the Kistnah
Plateau of Tibet
GULF OF CAMBAY
Malabar Coast
Coromandel Coast
Pulicat L.
Kutch
Jalandhar
Sirhind
Samana
Bhakkar
Ahmadabad
Baroda
Cambay
Kattywar
Mandu
Dhar
Ujjain
Bhilsa
Saugor
Daulatabad
Aurangabad
Ahmadnagar
Kulbarga
Bijapur
Bider
Kolhapur
Goa
Cochin
Tattah
Jaisalmir
Balmir
Umarkot
Nagor
Chitor
Kotah
Ranthambhor
Gwalior
Narwar
Dholpur
Bhartpur
Mathra
Alwar
Rohtak
Hansi
Badaon
Bahraich
Oudh
Gorakhpur
Champaran
Tirhut
Hajipur
Patna
Bihar
Monghyr
Gaur
Maldah
Rajmahal
Dacca
Sonargaon
Chittagong
Satgaon
Hugli
Burdwan
Nagor
Murshidabad
Silhat
Kooch Behar
Jajnagar
Kalpi
Karra
Mahoba
Chunar
Rohtas
Shergarh
Hoshangabad
Bhopal
Ratanpur
Jamagarh
Vizagapatam
Rajamahendri
Arcot
Trichinopoly
Coimbator
Cape Comorin
Travancore
Mahaban
Zafarabad
Jaunpur
Farrukhabad
Muradabad
Sambhal
Bareli
Kangra
Jammu
Srinagar
Sialkot
Pasrur
Bhatnair
Sirsa
Dipalpur
Ajudhan
Uch
Sehwan
Sind
KASHMIR
PANJAB
HIMALAYA MOUNTAINS
ASSAM
BENGAL
BEHAR
Stanford's Geogl. Estabt.
Scale of Miles
Longitude East of Greenwich

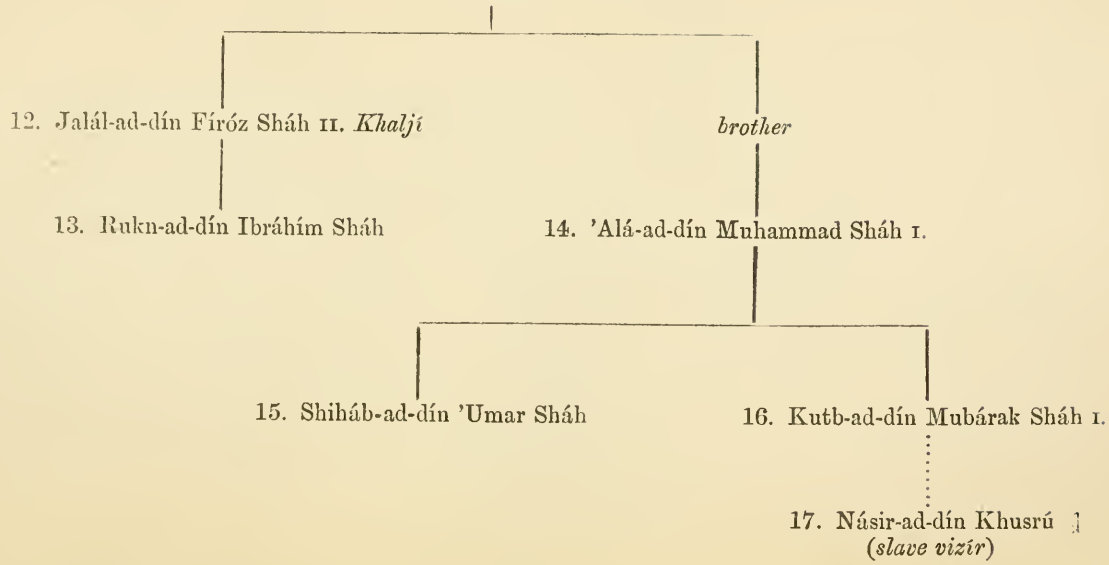
GENEALOGICAL TREES OF THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ.

I. FIRST DYNASTY.

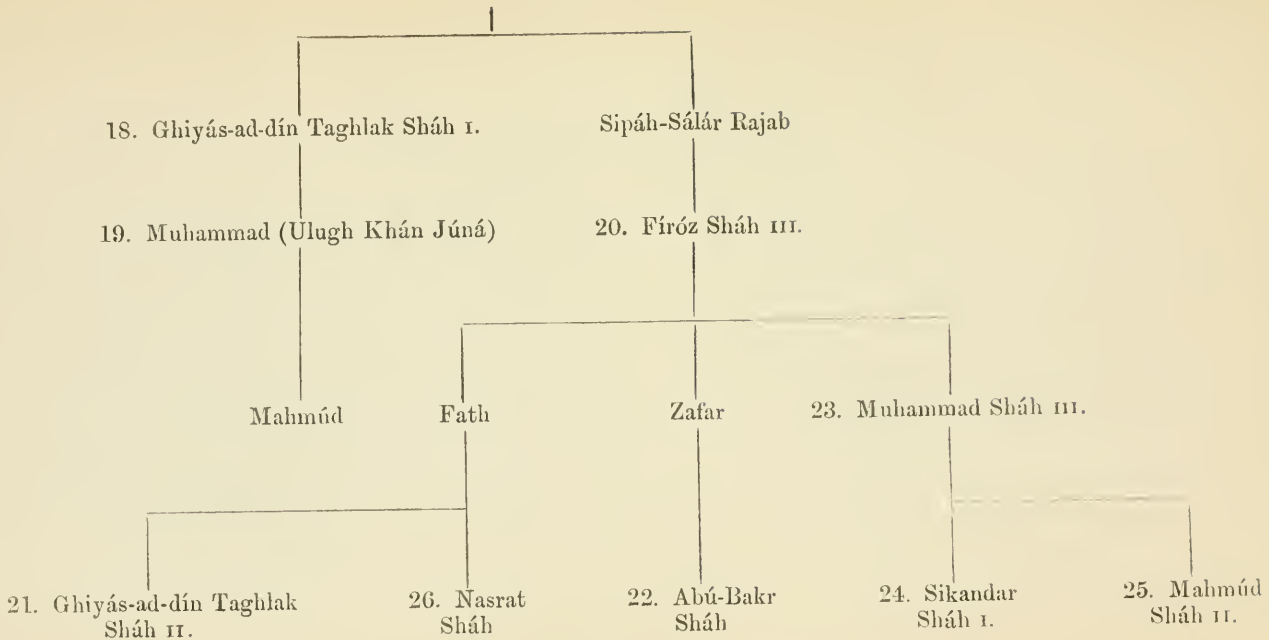


*** ... Dotted lines signify the relation of master and slave.

II. SECOND DYNASTY.



III. THIRD DYNASTY.



IV. FOURTH DYNASTY.

28. Khizr Khán *Sayyid*

29. Mubárak Sháh II.

Faríd

30. Muhammad Sháh IV.

31. 'Álim Sháh

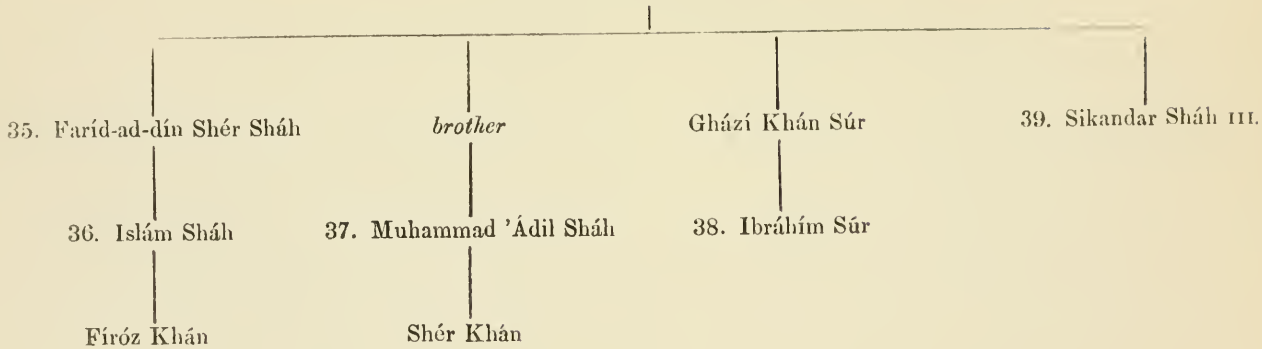
V. FIFTH DYNASTY.

32. Buhlól *Lódí*

33. Sikandar II.

34. Ibráhím II.

VI. SIXTH DYNASTY.



TABLE

OF THE

METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION ADOPTED IN THIS CATALOGUE.

أ	*a*	ظ	*z*
ب	*b*	ع	'
پ	*p*	غ	*gh*
ت	*t*	ف	*f*
ث	*s*	ق	*k*
ج	*j*	ك	*k*
چ	*ch*	گ	*g*
ح	*h*	ل	*l*
خ	*kh*	م	*m*
د	*d*	ن	*n*
ذ	*z*	ه	*h*
ر	*r*	و	*w*
ز	*z*	ى	*y*
س	*s*	ـَ *a*	ـَا *á*
ش	*sh*	ـِ *i*	ـِى *í*
ص	*s*	ـُ *u*	ـُو *ú*
ض	*z*	ـَى *ai, é*	ـَو *au, ó*
ط	*t*		

CONTENTS.

PAGE

Editor's Preface v

Introduction vii

Genealogical Tables xxxiii

Table of Transliteration xxxix

The Sultáns of Dehli 1

Muhammad ibn Sám 3

Táj-ad-dín Yildiz 10

Kanauj Issue 12

Árám Sháh 12

Shams-ad-dín Altamsh 13

Chohar Deva of Narwar 14

Rukn-ad-dín Fíróz Sháh I. 17

Rizíyah 18

Mu'izz-ad-dín Bahrám Sháh 19

'Alá-ad-dín Mas'úd Sháh 21

Násir-ad-dín Mahmúd Sháh I. 24

Ghiyás-ad-dín Balban 27

Mu'izz-ad-dín Kai-Kubád 31

SECOND DYNASTY 34

Jalál-ad-dín Fíróz II. 34

Rukn-ad-dín Ibráhím Sháh II. 37

'Alá-ad-dín Muhammad Sháh I. 38

Shiháb-ad-dín 'Umar Sháh 43

Kutb-ad-dín Mubárak Sháh I. 44

Násir-ad-dín Khusrú Sháh 49

PAGE

THIRD DYNASTY 50
Ghiyás-ad-dín Taghlak Sháh I. 50
Muhammad II. ibn Taghlak 56
Forced Currency 63
Coins struck in the name of the 'Abbásí Khalífahs of Egypt . . . 69
Al-Mustakfí II. 69
Al-Hákim 71
Mahmúd Sháh ibn Muhammad ibn Taghlak, *pretender* 72
Fíróz Sháh III. 73
With Fath Khán 79
With Zafar 80
Ghiyás-ad-dín Taghlak Sháh II. 81
Abu-Bakr Sháh 82
Muhammad Sháh III. ibn Fíróz 84
Posthumous Coins 86
Sikandar Sháh I. 87
Mahmúd Sháh II. 88
Nasrat Sháh (*Interregnum*) 90
Posthumous Coin 90

FOURTH DYNASTY 91
Mubárak Sháh II. 91
Muhammad Sháh IV. ibn Faríd 93
'Álim Sháh 96

FIFTH DYNASTY 97
Buhlól Lódí 97
Sikandar II. Lódí 101
Ibráhím Lódí 104

SIXTH DYNASTY 105
Shér Sháh 105
Islám Sháh 118
Muhammad 'Ádil Sháh 125
Sikandar Sháh III. 127

PAGE

INDEXES 129

I. Years 131

II. Mints 139

III. Names 147

IV. Nágarí Inscriptions 167

V. Points 169

VI. Marks 174

VII. Figures 175

VIII. Miscellaneous 177

Table for converting English inches into millimètres and into the measures of Mionnet's scale . . 180

Table of the relative weights of English grains and French grammes 183

Comparative Table of the years of the Hijrah and of the Christian Era 185

ERRATA.

P. 18, *for* اليتمش *read* التتمش.

P. 33, no. 135 *delete* Pl. III.

P. 47, no. 226, *delete* Pl. IV.

P. 93, *for* فرـد *read* فريـد.

P. 111, *for* سير *read* شير.

The following references to the Plates have been accidentally omitted :—

Nos. 268, 274, 276, 284, 309, 323, are figured in Plate V.; and nos. 518 and 530 in Plate VIII.

THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ.

THE SULTÁNS OF DEHLÍ.

FIRST DYNASTY.—TURKS.

		A.H.	A.D.
I.	Mu'izz-ad-dín Muhammad ibn Sám . .	589	1193
II.	Kutb-ad-dín Aibak	602	1205
III.	Árám Sháh	607	1210
IV.	Shams-ad-dín Altamsh	607	1210
V.	Rukn-ad-dín Fíróz Sháh I. . . .	633	1235
VI.	Rizíyah	634	1236
VII.	Mu'izz-ad-dín Bahrám Sháh . . .	637	1239
VIII.	'Alá-ad-dín Mas'úd Sháh . . .	639	1241
IX.	Násir-ad-dín Mahmúd Sháh I. . . .	644	1246
X.	Ghiyás-ad-dín Balban	664	1265
XI.	Mu'izz-ad-dín Kai-Kubád . . .	686	1287

SECOND DYNASTY.—KHALJÍS.

XII.	Jalál-ad-dín Fíróz Sháh II. . . .	689	1290
XIII.	Rukn-ad-dín Ibráhím Sháh I. . .	695	1295
XIV.	'Alá-ad-dín Muhammad Sháh I. . .	695	1295
XV.	Shiháb-ad-dín 'Umar Sháh . . .	715	1315
XVI.	Kutb-ad-dín Mubárak Sháh I. . . .	716	1316
XVII.	Násir-ad-dín Khusrú Sháh . . .	720	1320

THIRD DYNASTY.—TAGHLAK SHAHÍS.

		A.H.	A.D.
XVIII.	Ghiyás-ad-dín Taghlak Sháh I. . .	720	1320
XIX.	Muhammad II. ibn Taghlak . .	725	1324
XX.	Fíróz Sháh III.	752	1351
XXI.	Taghlak Sháh II.	790	1388
XXII.	Abu-Bakr Sháh	791	1388
XXIII.	Muhammad Sháh III. . . .	792	1389
XXIV.	Sikandar Sháh I.	795	1392
XXV.	Mahmúd Sháh II.	795	1392
XXVI.	Nasrat Sháh (Interregnum) . . .	797	1394
	Mahmúd restored	802	1399
XXVII.	Daulat Khán Lódí	815	1412

FOURTH DYNASTY.—SEYYIDS.

XXVIII.	Khizr Khán	817	1414
XXIX.	Mu'izz-ad-dín Mubárak Sháh II. .	824	1421
XXX.	Muhammad Sháh IV. . . .	837	1433
XXXI.	'Álim Sháh	847	1443

FIFTH DYNASTY.—AFGHANS.

XXXII.	Buhlól Lódí	855	1451
XXXIII.	Sikandar II. ibn Buhlól . . .	894	1488
XXXIV.	Ibráhím II. ibn Sikandar . .	923	1517
	Mughals: Bábar and Humáyún .	930	1526

SIXTH DYNASTY.—AFGHANS.

XXXV.	Faríd-ad-dín Shér Sháh . . .	946	1539
XXXVI.	Islám Sháh	952	1545
XXXVII.	Muhammad 'Ádil Sháh . . .	960	1552
XXXVIII.	Ibráhím Súr	961	1553
XXXIX.	Sikandar Sháh III.	962	1554
	Mughals: Humáyún, etc. . .	962	1554

I.—MUHAMMAD IBN SÁM.

A.H. 589—602.

A.—IN CONJUNCTION WITH GHIYÁS-AD-DÍN GHÚRÍ.

SILVER.

ÆR No.	Mint: Date.	*Inscriptions arranged in concentric circles.*
1	Ghazní 596	Obv., 1st circle, هو الذى ارسل رسوله بالهدى ودين الحق ليظهره على الد[ين كله ولو] كره المشركون 2nd circle, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله السلطان الاعظم 3rd circle, غياث الدنيا والدين ابو الفتح Centre, محمد بن سام Rev., 1st circle, ضرب هذا الدرهم فى بلدة غزنة . . . . . سنة ست وتسعين وخمسن مائة 2nd circle, الناصر لدين الله السلطان المعظم معز 3rd circle, الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر Centre, محمد بن سام

Pl. I. (Th. 3). Æ 1·25, Wt. 73

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
2	Ghazní 596	Obv. and Rev., 1st circles and centres as on 1; but بلد for بلدة Obv., 2nd circle, لا اله الا الله الناصر لدين الله ال[سلطان] الاعظم 3rd circle, غياث الدنيا والدين ابو . . . . . Rev., 2nd circle, محمد رسول الله السطان المعظم معز 3rd circle, [الدنيا] والدين ابو المظفر Pierced. Æ 1·15, Wt. 48
3	*x* [59]8	Obv., within double square, لا اله الا ال[له] محمد رسول الله السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين ابو الفتح محمد بن سام In segments, outside square, هو الذى ارسل | . . . . . | ودين الحق ليظ[هره] | على الدين كله Rev., within double square, الناصر لدين الله السلطان المعظم معز الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمد بن سام In segments, outside square, ضرب . . . | . . . . . | سنة ثمان و | . . . . . . Pl. I. Æ 1·1, Wt. 82

COPPER.*

(Dehliwáls.)

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
4		Horseman to left, with lance at charge. Inscription illegible.	ا]سلطان ا]لمعظم غياث الد نيا والدين ابو الفتح محمد بن سام Æ ·55
5	[Láhór ? Th.]	السلطان المعظم معز الدنيا و الدين	* محمد بن سام Pl. I. (Th. 7.)† Æ ·55

* Small coins of the size and character of 4 and 5 abound in the Patán series. They are very seldom of pure copper, but usually of a mixture of silver and copper, in the proportions stated in various places in Mr. Thomas's *Chronicles*, and in the Introduction to this volume. The general designation of 'copper' has, however, been adhered to throughout, inasmuch as that metal always predominates.

† The title المعظم seems to indicate that Muhammad was still the lieutenant of his brother غياث الدين; after whose death, he adopts the form الاعظم.

B.—ALONE.

N No.	Mint: Date.	GOLD.
6	Ghazní 602	Obv., within double square, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله الناصر لدين الله امير المومنين In segments, outside square, هو الذى ارسل | رسوله بالهدى | و ..... | ..... Rev., within double square, السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا و الدين ابو المظفر محمد بن سام In segments outside square, ضرب هذا | الدينار ببلدة | غزنة فى شهور سنة | اثنى وست مائة Pl. I. N 1·35, Wt. 322
7	Ghazní 603	Same : but rev. margin ends غزنة فى شهور | سنة ثلث وست مائة and obv. margin is nearly complete to كله (Th. 20.) N 1·05, Wt. 89

N No.	Mint: Date.	
8	Ghazní 604	Same: but rev. margin, ضرب هذا | الدينار ببلدة غز[نة] | فى شهور سنة | اربع وست مائة and obv. margin differently distributed. N 1·35, Wt. 146

The last two coins were probably issued by Yildiz, as Muhammad ibn Sám died in 602. Cf. no. 20.

Æ COPPER.

		Obv.	Rev.
9	[Sind. Th.]	Chohán Horseman to right; on horse's quarter ·.· around, श्री हंमीरः *Srí Haṃmíraḥ.*	ا]لسلطان ا]لاعظم محمد بن سام Pl. I. (Th. 5.) Æ ·6
10, 11		Horseman to left with lance at charge.	Same. Pl. I. (Th. 6.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6
12—16	[Dehlí. Th.]	Chohán Horseman as 9, same inscription, but characters of quite a different style.	The Bull Nandí to left, recumbent: on *Jhul* ل; on side ا. श्री महमद सामे *Srí Mahamad Sáme.* Pl. I. (Th. 10.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·55 Æ ·6 (no sign on side) Æ ·65

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
17—19		Similar: but horseman debased, and inscription scarcely traceable.	Similar: but bull debased; inscription in straight line above, सौ महमद स . . Pl. I. (Th. 11.) Æ ·6 Æ ·65 Æ ·65

ISSUES OF TÁJ-AD-DÍN YILDIZ.

Æ

SILVER.*

20 Ghazní [60]3 or 6

Obv. Area, within double square, similar to 6.

Margin, in segments outside,

ضرب هذا | . . . . . | غزنة فى . . . | . . ت و . . . . . .

Rev. Area, within double square, similar to 6.

Margin, in segments outside, ... | . . . . . |

عبده ومولاه | تاج الد ز[يا

Æ 1·2, Wt. 103

21 Ghazní? 610

Obv. Area, as 6.

Margin, in segments,

عشر وستمائة | شهو . . . . | . . . . . هم | . . . . . .

Rev. Area, within double square,

السلطان

المعز

Margin, in segments,

عبده ومولاه تاج | الدنيا والد | ين يلدز | السلطانى

Pl. I. (Th. 23.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 101

* Cf. nos. 7 and 8.

COPPER.

Æ No.	Mint: Date	*Obv.*	*Rev.*	
22, 23		Bull Nandí to left, standing. Above, debased Hindí characters.	معز الدنيا والدين عبده يلدز over ين, star.	Æ ·6 Pl. I. Æ ·55
24—26		Chohán Horseman to right.* Beneath horse, a star. Traces of श्री हमीरः much debased.	السلطان المعظم ابو الفتح يلدز السلطانى	Pl. I. (Th. 24.) Æ ·65 Æ ·6 Æ ·6
27, 28		السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والد ين	عبده الم]لك المعز تا]ج الدنيا و الدين يلدز	Æ ·65 Æ
29		. . . . . تاج الدنيا و [ال]دين يلدز	. . . . الملك . . . . . تاج الدن	Æ ·6

* The Chohán Horseman is always to right, the Bull Nandí to left.

KANAUJ ISSUE.

GOLD.

N No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
30	[Kanauj]	The Goddess Lakshmí seated facing.	श्री म[ह *Śrí Maha-* मद वेने *mad vene* साम *Sám.* N ·85, Wt. 66
31	[Kanauj]	Similar.	श्री महम *Śrí Mahama-* द साम *d Sám.* Pl. I. N ·6, Wt. 65
32, 33	[Kanauj]	Similar.	श्री ह *Śrí Ha-* मीर मह[म *míra Mahama-* द] साम *d Sám* N ·6, Wt. 65 N ·6, Wt. 66

III.—ÁRÁM SHÁH.

A.H. 607.

COPPER.

	Obv.	*Rev.*
34	Chohán Horseman, degraded.	ابو [المظفر ا]رامشا[ه ال]سلطا[ن Pl. II Æ ·6

IV.—SHAMS-AD-DÍN ALTAMSH.

A.H. 607—633.

Æ

No.	Mint : Date.	
		SILVER.
35		Obv., within double square enclosed in circle, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله In each segment, three dots. Rev. (as obv.) فى عهد الامام المستنصر امير المومنين In each segment, three dots. The first ا of الامام written very small and joined to the ل. Traces of marginal inscription outside circle. (Th. xxviii.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 163
36	6*xx*	Obv. Area, within circle, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله المستنصر بالله امير المومنين (The lám of the اله and alif of الله connected by an arch.) Margin, ضرب هذا ا ..... ستمائة Rev. Area, within double square, السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر التتم[ش] ا[سلطا[ن] ناصر ا[مير المومنين Margin, in segments, illegible (or ornaments, Th.). Pl. II. (Th. xxx.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 164

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
37	63*x*	Obv. Area, within double square, enclosed in circle, فى عهد الامام المستنصر امير المومنين In each segment, three dots. Margin, ... ضرب هذا الفضة Rev. Area as 36, but omitting ناصر امير المومنين In each segments, three dots. Margin, ثلثين وستمائة .... ضرب Pl. II. (Th. 31.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 169

Æ

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
38—42	[Dehlí Th.]	Chohán Horseman. Around, श्री हमीरः *Srí Hamíraḥ*	Bull Nandí. Around, सुरितण श्री समसदीण *Suritaṇ Srí Samasadíṇ* 38, *Jhul* ५, side ।। Pl. II. Æ ·6 39, ,, F ,, ।। Æ ·55 40, 41, ,, ? ,, ४ (Th. 42.) Æ ·6 Æ ·65 42, ,, ∩ ,, ।ᒍ Æ ·6

BASE SILVER.

Æ

(Struck by Chohár Deva of Narwar.)

43—45	[Narwar.]	Chohán Horseman. Around, श्री चाहड देव *Ṣrí Cháhaḍa Deva*	Bull Nandí. Around, असावरी श्री समसोरल देव *Asávari Ṣrí Samasorala Deva* *Jhul* ᗡ, side । Pl. II. (Th. 40.) Æ ·65, Wt. 52 Æ ·6, Wt. 51 I. O. C. Æ ·6, Wt. 52

Æ

COPPER.

46, 47	[Rantambhor? Th.] Samvat 1283 A.H. [62]3	श्री सुलता *Ṣrí Sultá(na)* लिलितिमि *Lititimi* सि सं ।२[६३ *si Saṃ* 1283 Date, 46, 12.. 47, 1283	Within circle, السلطان ايلتتمش Around 46, ... ضرب ,, 47, سنة ثلث..... ..... (Th. 44.) Æ ·6 Pl. II. Æ ·65

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
48—50		Chohán Horseman. Around, श्री *Srí*	شمس الدنيا والدين ايـ]ـلـتـتـمش السلطان Pl. II. (Th. 48.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·6
51, 52		,, श्री ह *Srí Ha(míraḥ)*	شمس الدنيا والدين ابو المظ]فر ايلـتـتمش السلط]ان Pl. II. Æ ·55 Æ ·6
53	Multán.	Within square, enclosed in circle, عدل السلطـــان	Within hexagram, enclosed in circle, ضـــرب ملـتـان Pl. II. (Th. 49.) Æ ·65
54	Dehlí.	Within octagram, enclosed in circle, Same.	Within octagram, enclosed in circle, حضرت دهـلـى (Th. 53.) Æ ·55
55	Dehlí.	Within circle, عدل السلـطـان المعـظـ[م]	Within circle, ضرب بحضرت دهـــلـى Æ ·55

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
56, 57		Within hexagram, عدل	Within hexagram, السلطان (Th. 52.) Æ ·55 Æ ·55
58		Within circle, عدل	Within circle, شمس Above, ornament. (Th. 55.) Æ ·5
59		Within zigzag border, Traces of Hindí inscription.	Within zigzag border, Same. (Th. 54.) Æ ·5
60		Within hexagram, سلطان	Within hexagram, التتمش Æ ·55

V.—RUKN-AD-DÍN FÍRÓZ SHÁH I.

A.H. 633—634.

COPPER.

61		Chohán Horseman; traces of usual Hindí inscription (इ).	Bull Nandí: on *Jhul* ل, on side ।।। Above, ... रुकण दीण *Rukaṇa dín* Pl. II. (Th. 89.) Æ ·6

VI.—RIZÍYAH.

A.H. 634—637.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		SILVER.
62	Lakhnautí (Gaur).	Obv. Area, within double-square enclosed in circle, فى عهد الامام المستنصر امير المومـــنيـــن In each segment, dot. Margin, ... الفضة بلكنوتى سنة .....
		Rev. السلطان الاعظم جـلالـــة الدنـيـا والـديـن ملكة ابنت اليتمش السلطـان نصرة امير المومنين
		Pl. II. (Th. 90.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 165

COPPER.

Æ	Obv.	Rev.
63, 64	Chohán Horseman, and *Srí Hamírah*	السلطان . . . . . مـر رضية . . . . . الدنـيا والـديـن
		Pl. II. (Th. 91.) Æ ·6 Æ ·65

Æ

No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
65, 66		Chohán Horseman, and *Srí Hamíraḥ*	السلطان المعظم رضا]ية الدين بنت؟ السلطان Æ ·55

Pl. II. Æ ·55

VII.—MU'IZZ-AD-DÍN BAHRÁM-SHÁH.

A.H. 637—639.

AR

SILVER.

67 [Dehlí] Obv. Area, within double square enclosed in circle,

فى عهد الامام
المستنصر امير
المومنين

In each segment, three dots.

Margin, ... ضرب هذا السكة بحضرت

Rev. Area (as obv.), السلطان الاعظم
معز الدنيا والدين
ابو المظفر بهرامشاه
بن السلطان

In segments, ناصر | امير | المو | منين

Margin, ضرب ..... سنة ثمان وثلثين وستمائة

Pl. II. (Th. 92.) AR 1·15, Wt. 167

Æ

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
68		Chohán Horseman. Above, بن سلطان	Within square, enclosed in circle, السلـــطـ[ـان الاعظم معـ[ـز الدنيا والد[ين In segments, loops. Pl. II. (Th. 93.) Æ ·6
69		Chohán Horseman. Illegible inscription.	Same. Pl. II. Æ ·6
70—72		Chohán Horseman. Around, श्री हमीर : *Srí Hamíraḥ*	Bull Nandí. Around, सुरिताण श्रीमुअजदीं *Suritáṇ Srí Muajadíṃ* on *Jhul* +, on side ε (Th. 94.) Æ ·6 Pl. II. Æ ·6 Æ ·55

VIII. — 'ALÁ-AD-DÍN MAS'ÚD SHÁH.

A.H. 639—644.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	SILVER.
73	Dehlí [639-40*]	Obv. Area, within double square enclosed in circle, فی عهد الامام المستنصر امیر المومنین In segments, . . . Margin (traces of) ..... بحضرت دهلی ..... Rev. Area (as obv.), السلطان الاعظم علا الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر مسعود شاه بن السلطان In segments, . . . Margin obliterated. Pl. III. (Th. 97.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 168

---

* The Khalífah Al-Mustansir died in A.H. 640.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
74	641	Same as 73: but on obv. area المستعصم instead of المستنصر Obv. and rev. margins, ضرب . . . . . سنة احد واربعين وستمائة (Th. 98.) Æ 1·05. Wt. 169
75	[6]42	Same as 74: but obv. margin ..... اثنين اربعين وس ..... Rev. margin obliterated. Æ 1·05, Wt. 167
76, 77		Similar to 74. Mint and date obliterated. Æ 1·05, Wt. 163 Æ 1·05, Wt. 168

COPPER.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
78—80		Chohán Horseman. Above, مسعود شاه	السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين (Th. 99.) Æ ·65 Æ ·6 Æ ·65
81		Same.	... ... الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين مسعود شاه (Blundered.) Pl. III. (Th. 102.) Æ ·6
82		Chohán Horseman. Above, श्री . . . . *Srí*	ال]سلطان . . . عظم علا الدنيا والدين ... . (The connecting stroke before عظم seems to point to the form المعظم.) Pl. III. Æ ·6
83		Horseman, very rude.	. . . . الا مسعود بن سا[طان] (Th. 103.) Æ ·65
84		Chohán Horseman.	Bull Nandí. Above, अ]लादिण *A]ládiṇ.* (Th. 105.) Æ ·6

IX. — NÁṢIR-AD-DÍN MAHMÚD SHÁH I.

A.H. 644—664.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	SILVER.
85		Obv. Area, within double square enclosed in circle, فى عهد الامام المستنصر بالله امير المومنين لله
		Rev. Area (as obv.), السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمود شاه بن سلطان
		Apparently no margins.
		Pl. III. (Th. 60.*) Æ 1·1, Wt. 161

---

* See the *Chronicles of the Pathan kings of Dehli* for Mr. Thomas's reasons for ascribing this coin to an elder brother of Maḥmood, who died in 626. I am rather inclined to believe that the occurrence of Al-Mustansir's name is merely another instance of the use of an old obverse, of which many examples could be quoted. See *Introduction*.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
86	Dehlí 654	Obv. Area (as 85), فى عهد الامام المستعصم امير المومنين In top and bottom segments, an annulet. Margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرت دهلى فى سنة اربع خمسين وستمائة Rev. Area same as 85; but omitting شاه, and substituting ابن for بن. In top and bottom segments, annulet; in right and left, ... Margin as obv. margin, but partly obliterated. (Th. 106.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 165
87	Dehlí 655	Same as 86: but date خمس خمسين وستمائة on both margins. Pl. III. (Th. 106.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 166
88, 89	Dehlí 657	Same: but date سبع خمسين وستمائة (Th. 106.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 166 Æ 1·05, Wt. 168
90	Dehlí 658	Same: but date ثمان خمسين وسبمائة (Th. 106.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 170
91	Dehlí 660	Same: but date ستين وستمائة (Th. 106.) Æ 1·0, Wt 169

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
92	Dehlí 662	Same: but date اثنين وستين وستمائة (بن *vice* ابن) (Th. 106.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 167
93	Dehlí 664	Same: but date اربع وستين وستمائة (بن *vice* ابن) (Th. 106.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 167
94, 95		Similar: Mint and date obliterated. Æ 1·15, Wt. 167 Æ 1·1, Wt. 169

COPPER.

Æ	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
96—98	Chohán Horseman: Above, [د]محمو In front, श्री हमी[रः *Ṣrí Hamí[raḥ]*	السلطـــان الا عظم ناصر الد نـيـا والـديـن (Th. 107.) Æ ·6 Pl. III. Æ ·6 Æ ·6
99	Same.	Same, but arranged ا]لسلـطـــان الاعـظم ناصـر الـدنيا والدين Pl. III. Æ ·6

No.	Mint: Date.	

X.—GHIYÁS-AD-DÍN BALBAN.

A.H. 664—686.

GOLD.

N 100	Dehlí 672	Obv. Area, within circle, الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بحضرت دهلى فى سنة اثنين وسبعين وستمائة Rev. Area, within circle, السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر بلبن السلطان Margin same as obv., partly obliterated. Pl. III. (Cf. Th. 111.) *N* 1·15, Wt. 169
101	Dehlí 675	Same: but date خمس وسبعين وستمائة Rev. margin nearly illegible. *N* 1·1, Wt. 168
102	Dehlí 678	Same: but date ثمان وسبعين وستمائة on both margins. *N* 1·05, Wt. 169

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		SILVER.
103, 104	Dehlí 664	Obv. Area, within double square, enclosed in circle, الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Annulet in top and bottom segments. Margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرت دهلى فى سنة اربع وستين وستمائة Rev. Area (as obv.), السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر بلبن السلطان In segments above and beneath, annulet; at right and left, . . Margin, traces similar to obv. Pl. III. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 165 Æ 1·1, Wt. 164
105	Dehlí 664	Similar: but السكة *vice* الفضة, and no . . at sides. (Badly engraved, and blundered.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 167
106	Dehlí 665	Same as 103: but date خمس وستين وستمائة on both margins. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 169

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
107	Dehlí 667	Same: without . . ; date سبع وستين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 167
108, 109	Dehlí 669	Same as 103: date [تسعة وستين وس[تمائة on both margins. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 167 Æ 1·15, Wt. 166
110	Dehlí 673	Same: without . . ; date ثلاث وسبعين وستمائة on both margins. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 168
111	Dehlí 674	Same: without . . ; date اربع وسبعين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 112.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 165
112–114	Dehlí	Similar to 103: dates illegible. Æ 1·1, Wt. 165 Æ 1·1, Wt. 169 Æ 1·1, Wt 167

Æ No.	Mint: Date	COPPER.	
		Obv.	*Rev.*
115–118		In centre, within circle, بلبن Around, श्रीः सुलतां गयासुदीं *Ṣríḥ Sultáṃ Gyásudíṃ.*	Within double square, السلطان الا عظم غياث الد نيا والدين Pl. III. (Th. 113.) Æ ·65 Æ ·65 Æ ·65 Æ ·65
119, 120		السلطان الاعظم	غياث الدنيا والدين Pl. III. (Th. 114.) Æ ·65 Æ ·5
121, 122	Dehlí	عدل غياثى	بحضرت دهلى (Th. 115.) Æ ·5 Pl. III. Æ ·55

XI.—MU'IZZ-AD-DÍN KAI-KUBÁD.

A.H. 686—689.

N No.	Mint: Date.	GOLD.
123	Dehlí 687	Obv. Area, within circle, الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بحضرت د[هلى فى سنة] سبع وثمانين وستمائة Rev. Area, within circle, السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر كيقباد السلطان Margin, traces, as obv. Pl. III. N 1·1, Wt. 169

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	SILVER.
124, 125	Dehlí 686	Same: but areas enclosed in double square within circle, and obv. margin ضرب هذه الـ..... دهلى فى سنة ست وثمانين وستمائة Rev. margin obliterated. Æ 1·2, Wt. 167 Æ 1·25, Wt. 166
126	Dehlí 687	Same: date سبع وثمانين وستمائة on both margins, but traces on rev. only. (Th. 116.) Æ 1·2, Wt. 168
127	Dehlí 688	Same: date ثمان وثمانين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 116.) Æ 1·2, Wt. 162
128	Dehlí	Similar, but الفضة: date obliterated on both sides. Æ 1·2, Wt. 165

COPPER.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
129, 130		كيقباد श्री सुलत[i मुइजुद[ī *Srí Sultáṃ Muijudiṃ.*	Within border, السلطان الا عظم معز الد نيا والدين Pl. III. (Th. 117.) Æ ·75 Æ ·65
131–133		السلطان الاعظم	معز الدنيا والديـــن Pl. III. (Th. 118.) Æ ·7 Æ ·65 Æ ·65
134, 135		Within ornamented borders, معز الدنيا	والد ين Æ ·6 Pl. III. Æ ·65
136	Dehlí	عدل معزى	بحضرت دهلى (Th. 9.) Æ ·55
137		عدل	معز[ى] Æ ·5

SECOND DYNASTY.

XII.—JALÁL-AD-DÍN FÍROZ II.

A.H. 689—695.

N No.	Mint: Date.	GOLD.
138	Dehlí 695	Obv. Area, within circle, الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بحضرة دهلى فى سنة خمس وتسعين وستمائة Rev. [الـ]سلطان الاعظم [جـ]لال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه [ا]لسلطان

Pl. IV. (Th. 120.) N 1·0, Wt. 166

SILVER.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
139	[Dehlí] 68[9]	Obv. Area, within double square enclosed in circle (annulets in top and bottom segments), الامام المستعصم امير المومنين Margin, وثمانين وستمائة ..... Rev. Area as 138, but within double square: margin obliterated. (Th. 121.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 167
140, 141	Dehlí 690	Same: but ضرب هذه الـ[فضة] بحضرت دهلى فى سنة تسعين وستمائة on obv. margin; rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 121.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 165 (Ringed.) Æ 1·15
142	Dehlí 691	Same: but date احدى وتسعين وستمائة on obv. margin; traces on rev. margin. Pl. IV. (Th. 121.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 168
143	Dehlí 693	Same: but امير in last line of obv. (as 138): and date ثلث وتسعين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated, and حضرة with ة.* (Th. 121.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 169

* Generally so spelt henceforward.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
144	Dehlí 694	Same as 143: but date اربع وتسعين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 121.) Æ 1·2, Wt. 169
145	Dehlí 695	Same: but date خمس وتسعين وستمائة on obv. margin. Rev. margin obliterated. (Th. 121.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 169

COPPER.

Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*
146–148		In centre, شـــاه فـيـروز Around, श्रीः सुलतां जलालुदीं *Ṣríḥ Sultáṃ Jaláludíṃ*	السلطـــان الا عظم جلال الد نيا والـديـــن Pl. IV. (Th. 122.) Æ ·65 Æ ·7 Æ ·7
149–151		السلطان الاعـظـم	جـلال الـد نيا والـديـن (Th. 123.) Æ ·65 Pl. IV. Æ ·65 Æ ·75
152, 152*a*	Dehlí	Within octagram, عدل فيروز شاه	Within octagram, بحضرت دهـلـى (Th. 124.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6

XIII.—RUKN-AD-DÍN IBRÁHÍM SHÁH I.

A.H. 695.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	SILVER.
153	Dehlí 695	Obv. Area, within double square, السلطان الاعظم ركن الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر ابراهيم شاه السلطان بن Margin obliterated. Rev. Area, within circle, السلطان الاعظم جلال الدنيا والدين فيروز شاه ناصر امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرة دهلى فى سنة خمس وتسعين وستمائة Pl. IV. (Th. 126.) Æ 1·25, Wt. 166

COPPER.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
154, 155		السلطان الا عظم ركن الد نيا والدين	ابراهيم شاه بن فيروز شاه Pl. IV. (Th. 127.) Æ ·7 Æ ·6
156		عدل ابراهيم شاه	بن فيروز شاه (Th. 129.) Æ ·6

XIV.—'ALÁ-AD-DÍN MUHAMMAD SHÁH I.

A.H. 695—715.

GOLD.

₳ 157	Dehlí 698	Obv.	السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمد شاه السلطان

Rev. Area, within circle,

سكندر الثانى
يمين الخلافة ناصر
امير المومنين

Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بحضرة د[هلى فى سنة] ثمان تسعين وستمائة

Pl. IV. ₳ 1·05, Wt. 170

N No.	Mint: Date.	
158	Dehlí 704	Same: date اربع وسبعمائة (Th. 130.) N 1·0, Wt. 170
159	*Dár-al-Islám.* [Dehlí] 708	Same: but margin ضرب هذه السكة بدار الاسلام فى سنة ثمان وسبعمائة N 1·0, Wt. 169
160	Dehlí 710	Same: but بحضرة دهلى فى سنة عشر وسبعمائة N 1·05, Wt. 167
161	715	Same: date سنة خمس عشر وسبعمائة N ·95, Wt. 164
162, 163		Same area inscriptions, but both enclosed in double squares within circles; annulet in each segment. Margins obliterated. N ·9, Wt. 169 (Th. 131.) N ·85, Wt. 165

SILVER.

Æ		
164, 165	Dehlí 695	Same area inscriptions, both enclosed in double squares within circles; annulet in each segment. Rev. margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرة دهلى فى سنة خمس وتسعين وستمائة Pl. IV. (Th. 132.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 169 Æ 1·1, Wt. 171

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
166	697*	Same: but ..نة سبع وتسعين وستمائة Æ 1·15, Wt. 169
167	699	Same: but ..... فى سنة تسع وتسعين ... (Th. 132.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 166
168	703	Same: but .....نة ثلاث وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 169
169	Dehlí 705	Same: but ..... دهلى فى سنة خمس وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 171
170, 171	710	Same: but ..... سنة عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 166 Æ 1·0, Wt. 166
172	Dehlí 711	Same: but .....ة دهلى فى سنة احدى عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 167
173	*Dár-al-Islám.* (Dehlí) 711	Same: but بدار الاسلام فى سنة احدى عشر وسبعمائة Æ 1·0, Wt. 170
174	Dehlí 712	Same: but بحضرة دهلى فى سنة اثنى عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 170
175, 176	Dehlí 713	Same: but ثلاث عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 163 Æ 1·05, Wt. 167

* Although the name of the mint is obliterated, we are safe in ascribing these coins (nos. 166—168, 170, 171) to Dehlí.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
177	*Dár-al-Islám* (Dehlí) [7]13	Same: but ..... بدار الاسلام فى سنة ثلاث عشر (Th. 133.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 170
178, 179	Dehlí 714	Same: but بحضرة دهلى فى سنة اربع عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 132.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 170 Æ 1·05, Wt. 167
180	Dehlí 715	Same: but خمس (Th. 132.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 170
181	Dehlí *xx*6	Same: but date .....و ست ? Æ 1·15, Wt. 163

Æ

COPPER.

A.

		Obv.	*Rev.*
182	700	In centre, within circle, محمد شاه Around, श्रीः सुलतां अलावदीं ७०० *Ṣríḥ Sultáṃ Alávadíṃ*, 700	السلطان [الا عظم علا ا[لد نيـ]ـا والـ[ـدين (Th. 136.) Æ ·65
183–185	701	,, but ७०१	,, (Th. 136.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·6
186	702	,, ७०२	,, (Th. 136.) Æ ·6
187	704	,, ७०४	,, (Th. 136.) Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.		
188	705	Same as 182; but ٩٥٤	Same as 182. (Th. 136.) Æ ·6
189	706 ?	,, ٩٥٤	,, Æ ·7
190	710	,, ٩٩٥	,, Pl. IV. (Th. 136.) Æ ·65
191	711	,, ٩٩٩	,, (Th. 136.) Æ ·7
192–194		Same: years obscure.	Æ ·6 Æ ·7 Æ ·7
		B.	
195	701	السلطان [الا عظم علا الد نيا والدين	ابو المظفر محمد شاه السلطان ا ٧ (*sic*) Pl. IV. Æ ·65
196	702	,,	,, ٧٢ ٥ (Th. 135.) Æ ·6
197	703	,,	,, ٧٣ ٥ (Th. 135.) Æ ·6
198	712	,,	,, ٧١٢ (Th. 135.) Æ ·65

Æ No.	Mint : Date.		
199	713	Same as 195.	Same as 195; but ٧١٣ (Th. 135.) Æ ·65
200	714	,,	,, ٧١٤ (Th. 135.) Æ ·65
201	715	,,	,, ٧١٥ (Th. 135.) Æ ·65
		C.	
202, 203		السلطان الاعظم	علا الد نيا والدين (Th. 137.) Æ ·65 Æ ·65
204	Dehlí	عدل محمد شاه	بحضرة دهلى (Th. 138.) Æ ·5

XV.—SHIHÁB-AD-DÍN 'UMAR SHÁH.

A.H. 715.

COPPER.

205	715	السلطان الا عظم شهاب ال[د نيـ]ا والدين	ابو المظفر عمر شاه السلطان ٧١٥ Pl. IV. (Th 141.) Æ ·6

No.	Mint: Date.	

XVI.—ḲUṬB-AD-DÍN MUBÁRAK SHÁH I.

A.H. 716—720.

SQUARE.

N

GOLD.

206 *Dár-al-Khiláfah.* (Dehlí) 718

Obv.

الامـــام الاعـظـم
خليفة رب العالمين
قطب الدنيا والدين
ابو المظفر مباركشاه

Rev. Area, within square,

السلـطـــان ابـن
السلطان الواثـــق
بالله امير المومنين

Margin, ضرب هذه السكة | بحضرة دار الخلافة | فى سنة ثمان | عشر وسبعمائة

PL. IV. (Th. 142.) N ·9, Wt. 167

207 *Dár-al-Khiláfah.* (Dehlí) 719

Same: but تسع

(Th. 142.) N 1·0, Wt. 169

R

SILVER.

208 *Dár-al-Khiláfah.* (Dehlí) 718

Same as 206.

R ·95, Wt. 168

No.	Mint: Date.	
		ROUND.
Æ		SILVER.
209, 210	Dehlí 716	Obv. السلطان الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان بن السلطان Rev. Area, within circle, اسكندر الزمان يمين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرة دهلى فى سنة ست عشر وسبعمائة Pl. IV. (Th. 143). Æ 1·05, Wt. 169 Æ 1·05, Wt. 169
211	Dehlí 717	Same: but سبع (Th. 143.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 170
212, 213	*Dár-al-Mulk.* (Dehlí) 717	Obv. الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر خليفة الله Rev. Area, within circle, مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين Margin, ضرب هذه الفضة بحضرة دار الملك فى سنة سبع عشر وسبعمائة (Th. 146.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 168 Æ 1·1, Wt. 169

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		COPPER.	
Æ		**A.**	
214	716	السلطان الا عظم قطب الد نيا والدين	ابو المظفر مبارك شاه السلطان ٧١٦[(Th. 147.) Æ ·55
		B.	
215	716	,,	مباركشاه السلطان بن السلطان ٧١٦ Pl. IV. (Th. 148.) Æ ·7
216	717	,,	,, ٧١٧ (Th. 148.) Æ ·65
		C.	
217, 218	717	الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ٧١٧	ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان ابن] السلطان (Th. 149.) Æ ·65 Æ ·65
219, 220	719	,, ٧١٩	,, (Th. 149.) Æ ·65 Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		D.	
221, 222	717	خليفة رب العالمين قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر ٧١٧	مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين (Th. 150.) Æ ·7 Æ ·7
		E.	
223, 224		,, omitting last line and date.	مباركشاه ابو المظفر السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله Æ ·7 Æ ·7
		SQUARE.	
		F.	
225, 226	718	Within square, قطب الدنيا والدين Outside, خليفة | الله | ابو ا | لمظفر	مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان ٧١٨ (Th. 151.) Æ ·6 Pl. IV. Æ ·6
227	719	,,	,, ٧١٩ (Th. 151.) Æ ·6
228	720	,,	,, ٧٢٠ (Th. 151.) Æ ·55

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.	
		G.		
229,	719	الامام الا عظم قطب الد نيا والدين	خليفة الله مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان ٧١٩	Æ ·6
230–232	720	,,	,, ٧٢٠	(Th. 152.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·7
		H.		
232*a*		الامـــام الاعظـــم	قطب الدنيا والـــديـن	(Th. 153.) Æ ·55
233, 234	*Dár-al-Khiláfah* (Dehlí)	عـــدل مباركشاه	بحضرت دار الخلافة	(Th. 154.) Æ ·45 Æ ·45

No.	Mint: Date.	

XVII.—NÁSIR-AD-DÍN KHUSRÚ SHÁH.

A.H. 720.

N

GOLD.

235 Dehlí 720

Obv., within double square,

السلطان الاعظم
ناصر الدنيا والدين
ابو المظفر

Rev. Area, within circle,

خسرو شاه السلطان
الواثق بنصر الرحمن
ولى امير المومنين

Margin ضرب هذه السكة بحضرة دهلى فى سنة عشرين وسبعمائة

Pl. IV. (*Cf.* Th. 155.) *N* ·95, Wt. 161

Æ

COPPER.

236 720

السلطان الا
عظم ناصر الدنيا
والدين ٥ ٧٢٠

In centre, within circle,
شاه
خسرو

Around,
السلطان ولى امير المومنين

Pl. IV. (Th. 156.) Æ ·6

N No.	Mint: Date.	

THIRD DYNASTY.

XVIII.—GHÍYAS-AD-DÍN TAGHLAK SHÁH I.

A.H. 720—725.

GOLD.

237 Obv. Area, within double square,

السلطان الغازى
غياث الدنيا وا[لدين
ابو المظفر

Rev. Area, an old obv. area of Muhammad's, same as 161.

Margin illegible.

(Th. 157.) N 1·0, Wt. 173

238 Dehlí 720 Obv. Area, within double square,

السلطان الغازى
غياث الدنيا والدين
ابو المظفر

Rev. Area, within circle,

تغلق شاه
السلطان ناصر
امير المومنين

Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بحضر[ة] دهلى فى سنة عشرين وسبعمائة

N 1·0, Wt. 169

N No.	Mint: Date.	
239	Dehlí 722	Same: but اثنى وعشرين وسبعمائة — N ·95, Wt. 170
240	Dehlí 724	Same: but اربع — (Th. 159.) N ·95, Wt. 168
241	Dehlí 726 *Posthumous.*	Obv. Area السلطان السعيد الشهيد الغازى غياث الدنيا والدين Rev. Area, within circle, ابو المظفر تغلقشاه السلطان (؟)* انار الله برهانه Margin, ضرب هذه السكة فى حضر[ة] د... سنة ست وعشرين وسبعمائة Pl. V. (Th. 158.) N ·9, Wt. 170
242		Obv. Area, غياث الدنيا والدين ناصر امير المومنين Rev. Area, within circle, المتوكل على الله ابو المظفر تغلق شاه Margin illegible. N ·95, Wt. 164

* Mr. Thomas has read the letters following تغلقشاه as a date, ٧٢٦. Apart from the improbability of a date in ciphers upon a gold coin of this period, and the fact that a different date (726) occurs in the marginal inscription, the letters themselves do not favour the supposition. The supposed ٧ is طا, and I believe the whole word is a badly written السلطان.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	SILVER.
243	Deógír 721	Areas as 238. Obv. margin, ضرب هذه السكة بقلعة ديوگير فى سنة احدى عشرين وسبعمائة Pl. V. (Th. 160.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 170
244	721	Same: but mint (between السكة and سنة) obliterated and و inserted. Æ 1·1, Wt. 169
245	Dehlí 722	Same: but بحضرة دهلى فى سنة اثنى وعشرين وسبعمائة (Th. 161.) Æ 1·05. Wt. 169
246	Dehlí 723	Same: but ثلاث (Th. 161.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 170
247	Dehlí 724	Same: but اربع (Th. 161.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 169
248	Dehlí 725	Same: but خمس Æ 1·05, Wt. 168
248*a*		Similar to 241: margins cut off. Æ ·6

Æ

COPPER.

A

No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
249, 250	721	السلطان الغازى غياث الدنيا والدين	ابو المظفر تغلق شاه السلطان ٧٢١ (Th. 164.) Æ ·6 Æ ·65
251	722	,,	,, ٧٢٢ Pl. V. (Th. 164.) Æ ·65
252	723	,,	,, ٧]٢٣ (Th. 164.) Æ ·65
253	724	,,	,, ٧]٢٤ (Th. 164.) Æ ·6
254	725	,,	,, ٧]٢٥ (Th. 164.) Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
			B.
255	721	Same as 249 : but at foot ٧٢١	In centre, شاه تغلق Around, श्रीः सुलतां गयासुदीं *Ṣríḥ Sultáṃ Gyásudíṃ* (Th. 163.) Æ ·6
256	725	„ ٧٢٥	„ Pl. V. Æ ·6
			C.
257		السلطان الا غظم غياث الدنيا والدين	In centre, شاه تغلق Around, Arabic inscr. obliterated. Æ ·65
			D.
258, 259		تغلق	شاه (Th. 165.) Æ ·55

N No.	Mint: Date.	

XIX.—MUHAMMAD II. IBN TAGHLAḲ.

A.H. 725—752.

A.*

GOLD.

260–262	Dehlí 726	Obv.	اشهد ان لا اله الا الله واشهد ان محمدا عبده ورسوله

Rev. Area, within circle,

الواثق بتائيد
الرحمن محمد
شاه السلطان

Margin, ضرب هذا الدينار بحضرة دهلى سنة ست وعشرين وسبعمائة

Pl. V. (Th. 171.) N ·95, Wt. 199
N ·95, Wt. 197
N ·95, Wt. 198

SILVER.

Æ 263	Dehlí 725	Same: but العدلى instead of الدينار; and خمس (Th. 180.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 151

---

* See no. 241, a posthumous coin of preceding Sultán.

N No.	Mint: Date.	
		B.
		GOLD.
264	Dehlí 727	Obv. Area, within circle, لا الـــــه الا الـــلـه محمد رسـول الـــلـه Margin, هذا الدينار بحضرة دهلى فى سنة سبع وعشرين وسبعمائة Rev. Area, ضـــرب فـــى زمن العبد الراجى رحمة الله محمد بن تغلق Pl. V. (Th. 173.) N ·7, Wt. 197
		C.
		GOLD.
265	729	Obv. Area, within hexagonal border, ضرب فى زمن الـــعبد الـــراجـــى رحمة الـــلـــه محـمد بن Rev. Area, السلطان السعـــيـــد الشهيد تغلق شاه سنة تسع وعشرين وسبـعـمائـة (Cf. Th. 179.) N ·75, Wt. 168

N No.	Mint: Date.	
266, 267	733	Sae as 265 : but date سنة ثلث ثلثين وسبعمائة and بن in line with محمد N ·75, Wt. 169 N ·8, Wt. 169

SILVER.

Æ		
268, 269	728	Same : but سنة ثمان وعشرين وسبعمائة (Th. 182.) Æ ·75, Wt. 139 Æ ·75, Wt. 140
270	729	Same : but تسعة (Th. 182.) Æ ·7, Wt. 140
271	729	Same : but تسع Æ ·75, Wt. 140
272	730	Same : but ثلثين (Th. 182.) Æ ·75, Wt. 137

COPPER.

Æ		
273		Same as 266: year uncertain. Æ ·75

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		D.
		SILVER.
274	Satgáon 730	Obv. Area, within circle, لا الـــــه الا الله محمـــد رسول الـــلـه Margin, ضرب هذه السكة بستگانون فى سنة ثلثين وسبعمائة Rev. Area, ابو بكر المجاهـــد فـــى سبـــيل الـــلـــه محمد بن تغلق شاه (Th. 184.) Æ ·95, Wt. 169
275		Same: but obv. margin illegible, and محمد removed to middle line of rev. Æ ·95, Wt. 169

N No.	Mint: Date.	
		E.
		GOLD.
276, 277	Dehlí 736	Obv. Area, والله الغنـــى وانتم الفقرا
		Rev. Area, within circle, فى عهد محـــمد بن تغلق
		Margin, بحضرة دهلى سنة ست وتلثين وسبعمائة
		(Th. 176.) N ·7, Wt. 171 N ·75, Wt. 168

SMALL COPPER.

F.

Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*
278, 279	725	المجاهد فى سبيل الـــلـــه	محمد بن تغلقشـــاه ٧٢٥
			(Th. 190.) Æ ·8 Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		G.	
280	726	السلطان العادل	بن محمد تغلقشاه (Peculiar ligature in شاه) (Th. 189.) Æ ·6
281	727	”	” ٧٢٧ Pl. V. (Th. 189.) Æ ·55
		H.	
282, 283	727	فى زمن السطان العادل محمد بن تغلقشاه	دامت سلطنته فى سنة سبع وعشرين وسبعمائة (Th. 192.) Æ ·5 Æ ·55
		I.	
284–286	732	الملك والعظمة لله	عبد الراجى محمد تغلق ٧٣٢ (Th. 193.) Æ ·6 Æ ·55 Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
287	732	Same as 284.	Same as 284 : but date reversed, ٧٣١٦ Æ ·6
288	733	,,	,, but ٧٣٣١ (Th. 193.) Æ ·6
289	734	,,	,, ٧٣٤١ (Th. 193.) Æ ·6
290	735	,,	,, ٧٣٥١ (Th. 193.) Æ ·65
		K.	
291–294	733	الراجى رحمة الله الكريم	محمد بن تغلق سنة ثلث وثلثين وسبعمائة (Th. 194.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Pl. V. Æ ·6 Æ ·6
295, 296	734	,,	,, but اربع (Th. 194.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
297, 297*a*	735	Same.	Same: but خمس (Th. 194.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6
298	737	”	” but سبع (Th. 194.) Æ ·55
		L.	
299	734?	Same.	In centre, within double circle, محمد تغلق Margin, (؟) ..[ر] سی چها ..... Æ ·55

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		FORCED CURRENCY.
		COPPER AND BRASS.
		M.
300–303	Dehlí 731	Obv. Area, within circle, من اطاع السلطان فقد اطاع الرحمن Margin,* در تخت گاه دهلی سال بر هفصد سی یك Rev. Area, مهر شد تنگة رائج در روزگار بنده امیدوار محمد تغلق (Th. 195.) Æ ·8 Pl. V. Æ ·8 Æ ·85 (Blundered.) Æ ·8
304, 305	,,	Same: omitting تخت گاه Æ ·8 Æ ·75

* The ت of هفتصد is uniformly omitted.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
305*a*	Dár al-Islám (Dehlí) 7*xx*	Same as 304. Margin, ... در دار الاسلام سال بر هفصد Æ ·8
305*b*	Agrah, 730 ?	Same. Margin, در اقره شهور سال بر هفصد سی (؟) Æ ·75
305*c*	Taghlak-púr 730	Same. Margin, فی اقلیم تغلق‌پور ... صت سال بر هفصد سی Æ ·8
305*d*	Satgáon 731	Same. Margin, در حضرت ستگانون سال ...د سی یک Æ ·8

N.

50-*Káni Piece.*

306	Daulat-ábád 732 ?	Obv. Area as on 300. Margin, در تخت گاه دولت‌اباد سال بر هفصد سی دو (؟) Rev. Area as 300, but second line, پنچاه کانی در روزگار instead of رائج در روزگار (Th. 196.) Brass. ·8
307, 308		Same : date illegible. Brass. ·75 Æ ·85

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		O.	
309, 310	730	من اطاع السلطان محمد ٧٣٥	فقد اطاع الرحمن تغلق (Th. 197.) Æ ·75 Æ ·75
		P.	
311, 312	730	اطيعوا الله واطيعوا الرسول واولى الامر منكم محمد ٧٣٥	لا يولا السلطان كل الناس بعضهم بعضا تغلق (Th. 198.) Æ ·75 Æ ·7
313	730	,, omitting ا after second اطيعو, and putting منكم in line with الامر	,, but arranged in three lines. Æ ·65
		Q. *Quarter-'Adlí.*	
314	730	ضرب الربعى ٧٣٥	محمد بن تغلق (Th. 199.) Æ ·6
315	732	,, ٧٣٢	,, Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		R.	
316	730	حسبی ربی ۷۳۰	عبده تغلق محمد بن Pl. V. (Th. 200.) Æ ·55
317–317*b*		,, no ciphers.	محمد بن تغلق Æ ·6 Æ ·55 Æ ·7
		S.	
318		سکة زر جائز در عهد بنده‌ا میدوار؟ [محمد تغلق]	Within double circle, محمد تغلق Around, श्रीः मोहमद *Sríḥ Mohamad* Pl. V. (Th. 201.*) Æ ·6

* Where سکة is erroneously read نکة.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		T.	
319	*Dár-al-Islám* (Dehlí) 730	ضرب الدرهم الشرعى فى زمن العبد محمد بن تغلق	بدار الاسلام فى سنة ثلثين وسبعمائة (Th. 202.) Æ ·65
320, 321	Dehlí 730	,, differently divided.	بحضرة دهلى فى سنة ثلثين وسبعمائة Pl. V. (Th. 203.) Æ ·65 Æ ·65
322	Dehlí 730	,,	,, but بدار الملك *vice* بحضرة, and differently divided. (Th. 202.) Æ
		V.	
		8-Kání Piece.	
323		عدل كانى هشت	محمد تغلق (Th. 205.) Æ ·55

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		X.	
324	Dehlí	تغـــلـــق شـــا (*sic*) محمد بن	دار الملك دهلى Æ ·6
		Y.	
325, 326	732	الملك والعزة لله	Within circle, محمـــد تـــغـلـق Around, سال بر هفصد سى دو Pl. V. (Th. 208.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6
		Z.	
327		السلطان ظل الله	محمد بن تغلقشاه (Th. 209.) Æ ·6

No.	Mint: Date.	

COINS STRUCK IN THE NAME OF THE 'ABBÁSÍ KHALÍFAHS OF EGYPT.

I.—AL-MUSTAKFÍ II.

A.H. 701—740.

GOLD.

N 328	Dehlí 741	Obv. Area, within quatrefoil, ضرب هذا الدينار الخليفتى فى الدهلى فى شهور سنة احدى واربعين وسبعمائة Rev. Area, فى الزمان الامام المستكفى بالله امير المومنين ابو الربيع سليمان خلد الله خلافته Pl. VI. (Th. 213.) *N* ·9, Wt. 170
329	Dehlí 741	Same: but زمان, and خلد خلافته *N* ·95, Wt. 171
330	Dehlí 74*x*	Same as 328: unit of date obscured by ornament. *N* ·9, Wt. 166
331	Dehlí 743	Same: but ثلاث (Th. 212.) *N* ·9, Wt. 170

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		COPPER.	
332		الامام الاعظ[م خليفة الله فى العال[مين ...	Within circle, المستكفى بالله امير المو منين Margin illegible. (Th. 215*a*.) Æ ·75
333	743	خليفة الله فى شهور	المستكفى بالله ٧٤٣ Pl. VI. (Th. 214.) Æ ·6

II.—AL-HÁKIM.

A.H. 741—753.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		GOLD.	
N 334, 335		Within cinquefoil, فى زمان الامام امير المومنين الحا كم بامر	Within cinquefoil, الله ابو العباس احمد خلد ملكه (Th. 213.) (I.O.C.) *Pierced.* N ·8, Wt. 170
		(No cinquefoils.) Pl. VI. N ·85, Wt. 169	
Æ		**COPPER.**	
336–338		Within quatrefoil, احمد ا العباس بو	Within quatrefoil, الله الحاكم بامر Æ ·7 Pl. VI. Æ ·7 Æ ·65
339	748	ابو العباس احمد	,, at left, ٧٤٨ Æ ·7
		Small.	
340	748	,,	الحاكم بامر الله ٧٤٨ Æ ·5
341		Same as 336.	Same as 336. Æ ·5

No.	Mint: Date.	

MAHMÚD SHÁH.

IBN MUHAMMAD IBN TAGHLAK.

(*Pretender.*)

A.H. 752.

GOLD.

N 342

Obv. Area, يمين
امير المومنين
غياث الدنيا والدين
ابو المظفر

Rev. Area, محمود شاه
بن محمد شاه بن
تغلقشاة السلطان
.....

Pl. VI. *N* ·75, Wt. 169

No.	Mint: Date.	

XX.—FÍRÓZ SHÁH III.

A.H. 752—790.

N

GOLD.

343 Obv. Area,* ضربت هذه السكة
فى زمان الامام
ابو العباس احمد
خلدت خلافة]ته

Rev. Area, واثق بتائيد
يزدانى فيروز شاه
سلطانى

Pl. VI. (Th. 223.) N ·8, Wt. 169

344 Obv. Area,† ضربت هذه السكة
فى زمن الامام امير المومنين
ابى الفتح المعتضد بالله
خلد[ت] خلافته

Rev. Area, السلطان الاعظم
سيف امير المومنين
ابو المظفر فيروز شاه
السلطانى خلدت مملكته

Pl. VI. (Th. 225.) N ·8, Wt. 169

---

* The name of the khalífah Al-Hákim Abu-l-'Abbás Ahmad, combined with Fíróz Sháh's, probably limits the date of this coin to 752-3.

† Al-Mo'tadid was khalífah from 753 to 763.

N No.	Mint: Date.	
345	Dehlí [7]5*x*	Obv. Area, within circle, فى زمن الامام امير المومنين ابو الفتح خلدت خلافته Margin, ... وخمسين ... دهلى سنة ..... Rev. as 344, but مملكته beneath السلطانى (*Cf.* Th. 224.) I. O. C. *N* ·85 Wt. 167
346		Same : but margin illegible. *N* ·9, Wt. 166
347	(Dehlí) 7*xx*	Obv. Area, within circle, فى زمن الامام امير المومنين ابو الفتح خلدت خلافته Margin, ضربت هذه السكة بحضـ.....سن وسبعمائة Rev. as 345. (*Cf.* Th. 224.) *N* ·9, Wt. 170
348	788	Obv. Area, سلطانى فيروز شاه Rev. Area, ا]لمومنين نائب امير ٧٨٨ Pl. VI. (Th. 227.) *N* ·75, Wt. 168

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	COPPER. *Obv.*	*Rev.*
349	Dehlí 767	الخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافته ٧٦٧	فيروز شاه سلطانى ضربت بحضرت دهلى (Th. 228.) Æ ·75
350	Dehlí 770	,, ٧٧٠	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
351	Dehlí 771	,, ٧٧١	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
352	Dehlí 772	,, ٧٧٢	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
353	Dehlí 773	,, ٧٧٣	,, Pl. VI. (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
354	Dehlí 776	,, ٧٧٦	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·75
355	Dehlí 777	,, ٧٧٧	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
356	Dehlí 778	Same as 349 : ٧٧٨	Same as 349. (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
357	Dehlí 780	,, ٧٨٥	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·75
358, 358*a*	Dehlí 783	,, ٧٨٣	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7 Æ ·7
359	Dehlí 784	*ال]خليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٨٤	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·75
360	Dehlí 786	Same as 349 : but ٧٨٦	,, (Th. 228.) Æ ·7
361	Dehlí 787	Same as 359 : but ٧٨٧	,, (*Cf.* Th. 230.) Æ ·7

* *I. e.* Al-Mutawakkil, A.H. 763—785.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*	
362	Dehlí 788	Same as 359 : ٧٨٨	Same as 349.	Æ ·7
363	Dehlí 789	,, ٧٨٩	,,	Æ ·65

(POSTHUMOUS.)

364	Dehlí 816	Same as 349 : but ٨١٦	,, (Th. 238.)	Æ ·7
365	Dehlí 817	,, ٨١٧	,, (Th. 238.)	Æ ·7

SMALL SIZE.

366–368	Within sixfoil, *احمد العباس ابو	Within sixfoil, فيروز شاه سلطانى	Pl. VI. (Th. 235.) Æ ·55 Æ 6 Æ 5
369, 370	†الخليفة ابو الفتح خلدت خلافته	فيروز شاه سلطانى خلد ملكه	Pl. VI. (Th. 229.) Æ ·55 Æ ·55

* Al-Hákim: 740—753. † Al-Mu'tadid: 753—763.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
371	Dehlí	الخليفة امير المومنين] خلدت خلافته	فيروز شاه سلطانى ضربت بحضرت دهلى (See above, 349.) Æ ·55
372	Dehlí 759	,,	,, Beneath, ٧٥٩ Æ ·55
373	Dehlí	الخليفة ابو عبد الله] خلدت خلافته	,, No date. (*Cf.* Th. 230.) Æ ·6
374–378	*Dar-al-Mulk.* Dehlí	دار الملك دهلى	فيروز شاه سلطانى Pl. VI. (Th. 233.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·6 Æ ·55 Æ ·55

(POSTHUMOUS.)

379	Dehlí 825	,, Beneath, ٨٢٤	,, (Th. 239.) Æ ·65
380	Dehlí	دهلى حضرت	سلطانى فيروز (Th. 234.) Æ ·55
381	Dehlí	حضرت دهلى	فيروز سلطانى Æ ·45

No.	Mint: Date.	WITH FATḤ KHÁN.	
		COPPER.	
Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*
382		فى زمن الامام امير المومنين ا[بو ا]لفتح المعتضد بالله .... خلافة[	شاه فتخان فيروز جا]ل الله ظلا[له و] جلا[له Pl. VI. (Th. 240.) Æ ·7
		Small.	
383		,, last lines, ابو الفتح خلدت خلافته	,, Pl. VI. Æ ·55
		Larger.	
384, 385		فى زمن الامام امير المومنين ا[بو عبد الله خلدت خلافته	,, Æ ·7 (Th. 242.) Æ ·7
386	Dehlí	,,	,, lower lines, جا]ل ظلال جلال ضربت دهلا[ى Æ ·75

No.	Mint: Date.	WITH ẒAFAR.		
Æ		COPPER.		
		Obv.	*Rev.*	
387	Dehlí 791 *Post-humous.*	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٩١	فيروز شاه ظفر سلطانى ضربت بحضرت دهلى	(Th. 247.) Æ ·7
388		الخليفة ابو عبد الله حلد . (*sic*) خلدت خلافته	,,	Pl. VI. Æ ·7
		Small.		
389, 390		الله ابو عبد خلدت خلافته	فيروز شاه ظفر ابن فيروز شاه	Pl. VI. (Th. 248.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6
391, 392		الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته	فيروز شاه ظفر سلطانى	(Th. 249.) Æ ·55 Æ ·5

XXI.—GHIYÁS-AD-DÍN TAGHLAK SHÁH II.

A.H. 790—791.

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ			
393	Dehlí 790	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٩٠	تغلق شاه سلطانى ضربت بحضرت دهلى Pl. VII. (Th. 250.) Æ ·7
394, 395		الله ابو عبد خلدت خلافته	تغلق شاه سلطانى خلدت مملكته Pl. VII. (*Cf.* Th. 252.) Æ ·65 Æ ·6
396, 397	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí	دار الملك دهلى	تغلق شاه سلطانى (Th. 254.) Æ ·5 Æ ·6

No.	Mint : Date		

XXII.—ABÚ-BAKR SHÁH.

A.H. 791—792.

COPPER.

Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*
398	791	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٩١	ابو بكر شاه بن ظفر بن فيروز شاه سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 255.) Æ ·7
399, 400	792	,, ٧٩٢	,, (Th. 255.) Æ ·75 Æ ·65
401	793	,, ٧٩٣	,, (Th. 255.) Æ ·7
402, 403	792	المومنين نائب امير ٧٩٢	Within square, شاه ابو بكر Around, ظفر بن فيروز شاه سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 257.) Æ ·7 Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
404		Same as 402.	Within circle, بكر شاه ابو Margin, فيروز شاه ..... (Th. 258.) Æ ·75
405	792	نائب امير المومنين خلدت خلافته ٧٩٢	ابو بكر شاه ظفر بن فيروز شاه سلطانى (Th. 259.) Æ ·8

Small.

406, 407		الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته	ا]بو بكر شاه ظفر سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 260.) Æ ·5 Æ ·55
408		الخليفة ا]مير المومنين خلدت خلافته	ا]بو بكر شاه بن ظفر بن فيروز شا[ه سلطانى Æ ·6
409		الله ابو عبد خلدت] خلاف[ته	ا]و [بكر شاه ظ[فر سلطانى Æ ·6

XXIII.—MUHAMMAD SHÁH III. IBN FÍRÓZ.

A.H. 792—798.

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ			
410	Dehlí 790	In centre, الله عبد ابو Around, خلدت خلافته ضربت بحضرت دهلی ٧٩٠	سلطانی فیروز شاه محمد شاه Pl. VII. (Th. 261.) Æ ·85
411, 412	790	الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٩٠	,, (Th. 265.) Æ ·75 Æ ·75
413, 414	793	,, ٧٩٣	,, (سلطانی for سلطان) (Th. 265.) Æ ·75 Æ ·7
415	794	,, ٧]٩٤	,, (سلطانی.) (Th. 265.) Æ ·7

Æ No.	Min : Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
416	Dehlí 793	المومنين نائب امير ٧٩٣	Within circle, شاه محمد Around, ضربت حضرت دهلی ..... Pl. VII. (Th. 266.) Æ ·7
417	794	,, ٧]٩٤	,, Mint obliterated. Æ ·7
418	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 793	دار الملك دهلی ٧٩٣	سلطانی محمد شاه Pl. VII. (Th. 267.) Æ ·55
419	Dehlí 794	,, ٧٩٤	,, (Th. 267.) Æ ·55
420, 420*a*		الخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته	سلطان فيروز شاه محمد شاه (Th. 269?) Æ ·55 Æ ·55

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		POSTHUMOUS COINS.

SILVER.

421 817 Obv. Area, فى زمن الامام
ا]مير المومنين
خلدت خلافته
(*sic*) ٧١٧

Rev. Area, السلطان [ا]لاعظم
ا]بو المجاهد محمد شاه
بن فيروز شاه
سلطانى

Pl. VII. (Th. 270.) Æ ·9, Wt. 174

422 818 Same: but ٨] ١٨

(Th. 270.) Æ ·85, Wt. 173

423 Same: but date obliterated.

Æ ·9, Wt. 174

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		XXIV.—SIKANDAR SHAH I.	
		A.H. 795.	
		COPPER.	
Æ			
424	795	الخليفة [ابو عبد الله خلد[ت خلافته ٧٩٥[	سلطانى محمد شاه سكندر شاه (Th. 272.) Æ ·7
425, 426	Dehlí 795	المومنين نائب امير ٧٩٤	In centre, شاه سكندر Around, بحضرت دهلى ..... Pl. VII. (Th. 273.) Æ ·65 Æ ·65
427, 428	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 795	دار الملك دهلى ٧٩٥	سلطانى سكندر شاه Pl. VII. (Th. 274.) Æ ·6 Æ ·6
429, 430		ا[لخليفة ا[مير المومنين خ[لدت خلاف[ته	سلطانى محمد شاه سكن[در شاه بن Æ ·55 Æ ·5

No.	Mint: Date.	

XXV.—MAHMÚD SHÁH II.

A.H. 795—815.

GOLD.

		Obv.	*Rev.*
N 431		فى زمن الامام امير المومنين خلدت خلافته Traces of date beneath.	السلطان الاعظم ابو المظفر محمود شا[ه محمد شاه فيروز شا[ه سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 276.) N ·8, Wt. 171

SILVER.

R 432, 433		” Traces of date beneath.	” but ابو المجاهد R ·9. Wt. 173 R ·9, Wt. 173

COPPER.

Æ 434	795	ا]لخليفة ابو عبد الله خلدت خلافته ٧٩٥	سلطانى محمد شاه محمود شاه Pl. VII. (Th. 277.) Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	*Small.* Obv.	Rev.	
435		الخليفة امير المومنين خلـ[دت] خلافـ[ته]	Same as 434.	(Th. 279.) Æ ·6
436–438	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 79*x*	دار الملك دهلى ٧٩[*x*	سلطانى محمود شاه	Æ ·6 Æ ·5 Æ ·55
439	800	,, ٨٠٠	,, Pl. VII.	(Th. 280.) Æ ·6
440	801	,, ٨٠١	,, (Th. 280.)	Æ ·55
441	815	,, ٨١٣	,,	Æ ·6

No.	Mint: Date.	XXVI.—NASRAT SHÁH. (*Interregnum.*) A.H. 797 *ff.*	
		COPPER.	
Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*
442		المومنين امير نائب	سلطانى شاه نصرت (Th. 282.) Æ ·65
		Small.	
443	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 797	دار الملك دهلى ٧٩٧	شاه نصرت سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 284.) Æ ·6
444	798	” ٧٩٨	” (Th. 284.) Æ ·6
		POSTHUMOUS.*	
445	807	” ٨٠٧	” (Th. 285.) Æ ·6

* See nos. 364, 365, 379—381, for posthumous coins of Fírúz III. of years 816, 817, and 825; and nos. 421—423 for similar coins of Muhammad III. of 817 and 818.

No.	Mint: Date.		

FOURTH DYNASTY.

XXIX.—MUBÁRAK SHÁH II.

A.H. 824—837.

COPPER.

Æ

		Obv.	*Rev.*
446	(Dehlí) 835	المومنين نائب امير ٨٣٤	Within circle, شاه مبارك Around, ...ضت بحضر.....
			(Th. 238.) Æ ·8
447	Dehlí 83*x*	” ٨٣[*x*	Same centre: Around, سلطانى ضربت بحضرت دهلى
			Pl. VII. Æ ·8

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Small.* Obv.	Rev.
448	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 832	دار الملك دهلـــى ٨٣٢	مبارك شاه سلطانى Pl. VII. (Th. 289.) Æ ·65
449	833	,, ٨٣٣	,, (Th. 289.) Æ ·6
450	834	,, ٨٣٤	,, (Th. 289.) Æ ·6
451	[8]34	,, ٨]٣٤	,, Æ ·65
452	835	,, ٨٣٤	,, (Th. 289.) Æ ·6
453	836	,, ٨٣٦	,, (Th. 289.) Æ ·6
454	837	,, ٨٣٧	,, (Th. 289.) Æ ·6
455	(Dehlí)	بحضرت	شـــاه مبارك (Th. 290.) Æ ·5

No.	Mint: Date.		

XXX.—MUHAMMAD SHÁH IV. IBN FARÍD.

A.H. 837—847.

COPPER.

Æ

		Obv.	*Rev.*
456	Dehlí 843	الخليفة مير المومنين خلدت خلافته ٨٤٣	سلطان محمد شاه بن فريد شاه بحضرت دهلی (Th. 293.) Æ ·7
457	,, [8]46	,, ٩٦	,, Pl. VII. (Th. 293.) Æ ·75
458	,, [8]48	,, ٩٨	,, (Th. 293.) Æ ·75

Small.

459		,, but خلدت خلافته in last line; and no date.	,, bottom line obliterated. Æ ·6

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
460	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 842,6, or 7	دار الملك دهلی ۸۴۰ (۸۴۲, ۶, or ۷)	محمد شاه سلطانی Pl. VII. (Th. 295.) Æ ·6
461	843	,, ۸۴۳	,, (Th. 295.) Æ ·6
462	844	,, ۸۴۴	,, (Th. 295.) Æ ·6
463	846?	,, ۸۴۶ (?)	,, (Th. 295.) Æ ·6
464	847	,, ۸۴۷	,, (Th. 295.) Æ ·6
		Smaller.	
465	8[4]3	,, ۸]۳۳ (*sic*)	,, Æ ·55

Æ

No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*	
466	*Dár-al-Mulk* (Dehlí)	Same as 460: no date visible.	Same as 460.	Æ ·55
467, 468		,,	سلطان محمد شاه	Æ ·55 Æ ·55
469	Dehlí	بحضرت دهلی	شاه محمد	Pl. VII. (Th. 296.) Æ ·45

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		XXXI.—'ÁLIM SHÁH.	
		A.H. 847—855.	
		COPPER.	
Æ			
470	Dehlí [8]53	الخ]ليفة امير المومنين خلدت خ]لافته ٨[٤٣	سلطان عالمشاه بن محمد شاه بحضرت د[هلى Pl. VII. (Th. 297.) Æ ·7
		Small.	
471	*Dár-al-Mulk* Dehlí 853	دار الملك دهلى ٨٤٣	عالمشاه سلطان (Th. 300.) Æ ·55
472	[85]4	٩	,, Pl. VII. (Th. 300.) Æ ·6

FIFTH DYNASTY.

XXXII.—BUHLÓL LÓDI.

A.H. 855—894.

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ			
473	Dehlí 858	فی زمن امیر المومنیـــن خلد[ت خلافتـه ٨٤٨	المتـوکل علی الرحمن بهـلول شاه سلطـــان بحضرت دهـلی Pl. VIII. (Th. 311.) Æ ·7
474	859	,, ٨٤٩	,, (Th. 311.) Æ ·7
475	860	,, ٨٦٥	,, (Th. 311.) Æ ·7
476	862	,, ٨٦٢	,, (Th. 311.) Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
477	Dehlí 884	Same as 473. ٨٨٤	Same as 473. Æ ·7
478	Dehlí 890	,, ٨٩٠	,, (Th. 311.) Æ ·65
479	877	المومنين[ا نائب امير ٨]٧٧	Within circle, بهلـــول شاه Around, ... السلطان (Th. 315.) Æ ·7
480	888	,, ٨٨٨	,, Margin illegible. Æ ·7
481	889	٨٨٩	,, Margin obliterated. Æ ·65
482	890	,, ٨٩٠	,, Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Small.* *Obv.*	*Rev.*
483	*Dar-al-Mulk.* Dehlí 855	دار الملك دهلى ٨٤٤	بهلول شاه سلطان Pl. VIII. (Th. 313.) Æ ·65
484	857	,, ٧٤٧	,, Æ ·5
485	863	,, ٨٦٣	,, (Th. 313.) Æ ·6
486	863?	,, ٨٦٢ (= ٨٦٣?)	,, Æ ·6
487	867	,, ٨٦٧	,, (Th. 313.) Æ ·6
488	868	,, ٨٦٨	,, (Th. 313.) Æ ·55
489	873	,, ٨٧٣	,, (Th. 313.) Æ ·6
490	877	,, ٨٧٧	,, (Th. 313.) Æ ·5

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
491, 492	Dehlí	ا]لخليفة امير المومنين خلدت خلافة]ه	Same as 483. Beneath, بحضرت دهلی (Th. 312.) Æ ·55 Æ ·55
		Large.	
493	Jaunpúr 888*	ساهه جونپور ٨٨٨	بهلولشا ه سلطان Æ ·6
		Small.	
494	[8]93	,, ٨]٩٣	,, Two uncertain letters beneath. Æ ·5

* Date of final re-annexation of Jaunpúr.

XXXIII.—SIKANDAR II. LÓDI.

A.H. 894—923.

COPPER.

No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ			
495	895	فی زمن امیر المومنین خلدت خلافته ٨٩٤	المتوکل [علی الرحمن سکندر شاه بهلول شاه سلطان (Th. 316.) Æ ·7
496	897 (or 6)	,, ٨٩٧ (or ٦ ?)	,, Æ ·65
497	898	,, ٨٩٨	,, Traces of words beneath ? * (Th. 316.) Æ ·65
498	902	,, ٩٠٢	,, Pl. VIII. (Th. 316.) Æ ·75
499	903	,, ٩٠٣	,, (Th. 316.) Æ ·75

* This is the only indication I can see on any of these coins of the possible presence on the die of the words بحضرت دهلی, described by Th., p. 366.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
500, 501	906	Same as 495: ٩٠٦	Same as 495: (Th. 316.) Æ ·75 Æ ·7
502	907	" ٩٠٧ ⊓	" (Th. 316.) Æ ·7
503	908	" ٩٠٨	" (Th. 316.) Æ ·7
504, 505	910	" ٩١٠	" 505, with star, and joined:— [illegible] (Th. 316.) Æ ·75 Æ ·75
506	911	" ٩١١	" No star or joining. (Th. 316.) Æ ·75
507, 508	914	" ٩١٤ ⊓	" (Th. 316.) Æ ·7 Æ ·7
509, 510	915	" ٩١٤	" (Th. 316.) Æ ·8 Æ ·75

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
511	916	Same as 495: ٩١٦ ח	Same as 495: (Th. 316.) Æ ·7
512	917	,, with star ٩١٧	,, (Th. 316.) Æ ·7
513	918	,, ٩١٨	,, (Th. 316.) Æ ·75
514	919	,, ٩١٩	,, Star over ل of بهلول (Th. 316.) Æ ·75
515		,, Ciphers obscure.	,, No star. Æ ·75
		Small.	
516, 517		,, No ciphers. Partly cut off.	.....رحمن سكندر شـ[ـاه بهلول شـ[ـاه سلط[ان Pl. VII. (Th. 317.) Æ ·55 Æ ·55

No.	Mint: Date.			

XXXIV.—IBRÁHÍM LÓDI.

A.H. 923—937.

COPPER.

Æ		*Obv.*	*Rev.*	
518	926	فی] زمن المومنین امیر خلدت خلافته ٩٢٦	المتـ]وکل علی ا]لرحمن ابراهیم شاه سکندر شاه سلطان (Cf. Th. 320.)	Æ ·55
519		” date obliterated.	”	Æ ·6
520		” date obscure.	”	Æ ·6
		(Thinner.)		
521–523	926	” ٩٢٦	”	Æ ·5 Æ ·5 Æ ·5

(The inscriptions on the preceding six coins are extremely fragmentary.)

No.	Mint: Date.	

SIXTH DYNASTY.

XXXV.—SHÉR SHÁH.

A.H. 946—952.

SILVER.

A. *Single Square Borders.*

a. With شير شاه arranged شاه شير

Æ

524 946 Obv. Area, لا اله الا الله
محمد رسول الله
السلطان العادل

Margin, ابو بكر | عمر | عثمان | على

Rev. Area, شاه شير
السلطان خلد
الله ملكه ٩٤٦
श्री सेर साही
Śrí Ser Sáhí.

Margin, فريد | الدنيا | والدين | ابو المظفر

(Th. 351.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 175

525 946 Same: but without line above شاه

Æ 1·1, Wt. 176

AR No.	Mint: Date.	
526	Sharíf-ábád 946	Same: Khalífahs' names run in a retrograde direction, علی | عثمان | عمر | ابو بکر Rev. Area, شیر شاه السلطان خلد الله ملکه شریفاباد ۹۴۶ श्री सेर साही Pl. VIII. (Th. 351.) AR 1·05, Wt. 175
527	Sharíf-ábád 947	Same as 526: but date ۹۴۷ (Th. 351.) AR 1·05, Wt. 176
528	948	Same as 524: but ۹۴۸ (Th. 351.) AR 1·1, Wt. 174
529	949	Same as 524: but ۹۴۹ AR 1·1, Wt. 172
		b. With شیر شاه السلطان Obv., same as 524:
530, 531	947 Jahán-panáh (Dehlí)	Rev. Area, شیر شاه السلطان خلد الله ملکه وسلطانه ۹۴۷ श्री सेर साही Margin [فر]ید الدنیا | والدین | ابو المظفر | جهانپناه (Cf. Th. 349*a*.) AR 1·1, Wt. 175 AR 1·05

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
532	Shér-garh ? 947	Same: but mint obscure: [ه]كر[شير] ? Æ 1·05
533	948	Same as 530: but date ۹۴۸ On rev., ⊞ Æ 1·15, Wt. 173
534	Shér-garh ? 948	Same as 530: but date ۹۴۸ and rev. margin, ضرب شيركره (؟) | ابو المظفر | . . . . . | . . . . Æ 1·0, Wt. 171
535	Shérgarh 948	Same as 530: but mint شيركره and date ۹۴۸ Obv. margin, بصدق [ابى بكر] | بعدل ع[مر] | بحياى عثمان | بعلم على Æ 1·05
536	Jahán-panáh (Dehlí) 949	Same as 530: but date ۹۴۹ and rev. margin, فريد الدنيا | والدين | [ابو] المظفر | جهانپناه On rev., ⊞ Æ 1·15, Wt. 177

Æ

No.	Mint: Date.	
		B.
		a. Within single Square Borders.
537	Agrah 948	Obv. Area, لا الـــه الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin, با بكر الصديق | عمر الفاروق | عثمان العفان | على المرتضى Rev. Area, ٩٤٨ ســلــطــان شــيــر شــاه خلد الله ملكه श्री सार साह Margin, *Ṣrí Sár Sáha.* السلطان العادل | ابو المظفر فريد | الدنيا والدين | ضرب اگ[ر]ه Pl. VIII. (Cf. Th. 344.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 175
538	Agrah 949	Same: but ٩٤٩ sideways at left side of rev. ملكه ٩٤٩ Æ 1·15, Wt. 175
539, 540	Gwalior 951	Same: but ٩٥١ sideways at left side of rev.; and ضرب گوالير instead of اكره (Th. 347.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 172 Æ 1·1
541	Gwalior 952	Same as 539, but ٩٤٢ Æ 1·1
542, 543	Shér-gadah	Areas similar to 537: but without date. Obv. margin, ابا بكر صديق | عمر الخطاب | عثمان العفان | على المرتضى Rev. margin, فريد الدنيا و | الدين ابو المظفر | ضرب ش[ير] گده | [ش]ق بكره On rev., ✱ Æ 1·05, Wt. 175 Æ 1·1

(540, 541 and 542 read सेर)

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		b. Within double Square Borders.
544	Shér-garh 948	Obv. same as 537, but ابوبكر, and عثمان ذى النورين (instead of العفان) and a large ن over على Rev. Area, شاه شير سلطـــان خلد الله ملكه Margin, ٩]۴۸ ضرب شيرگره	الدين ابو المظفر	فريد الدنيا و श्री सेर स PL. VIII. Æ 1·05, Wt. 178
545, 546	Shér-garh 9]49	Same: but ٩ On rev. of 545, ✱ and ✿ On obv. of 546, a sprig. (Th. 3:6.) Æ 1·1 Æ 1·1
547	Kálpí 949	Same: but beneath obv. area, ✱ ضرب كالپى Nagari beneath rev. area, सेर सहि Rev. margin illegible except ابو المظفر (Th. 354.) Æ 1·05, Wt. 176

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	C. *With circular areas.**
548	948	Obv. Area, لا الــه الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin, ابا بكر عمر عسمان (*sic*) على السلطان العادل Rev. Area, شاه شير سلطــان خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه Margin, ٩٤٨ श्री सेर साह المظفر فريد الدنيا والدين ابو On obv., * Pl. VIII. (Th. 348.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 174
549	949	Same: but ٩٤٩, and عثمان (Th. 348.) Æ 1·1
550	949	Same as 549 : but ابو بكر and date ٩٤٩ at right side of Nagari. Æ 1·1
551	Jahán-panáh (Dehlí) 949	Same as 549: but date ٩٤٩ in area under ملكه, and جهانپناه in margin after المظفر (Th. 349*a*.) Æ 1·2, Wt. 175

* The margins of this type have generally one or two ornaments of a heart-shape, or in the form of a whorl, etc.

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	
552	950	Same as 550 : but ٩٤٥ at right of Nagari. (Th. 348.) Æ 1·25
553	950	Same as 548 (عسمان) : but ٩٤٠ at left of Nagari. Æ 1·25
554, 555	950	Same : but عثمان ; and ٩٤٥ at left of Nagari. Æ 1·15 Æ 1·1
556	951	Same : but ٩٤١ at left of Nagari. Æ 1·1
557	Sharíf-ábád 951	Same : but ٩٤١ at right of Nagari, and شريفاباد beneath rev. area. Æ 1·1
558, 559	952	Same as 556 : but ٩٤٢ at left of Nagari. Æ 1·2, Wt. 175 Æ 1·15

SQUARE SILVER.

559*a*

لا الـــه الا الـله
محمد رسول الله

السلطان شـــاه
سير
خلد الله ملكه
साफ़नवर

Pl. VIII. *Square.* Æ ·75, Wt. 179

COPPER.*

Large.

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*	
560	949	فى عهد الامير الحام الدين الدنان ٩٤٩	ابو المظفر شير شاه السلطان خلد الله ملكه Pl. VIII. (Cf. Th. 355.)	Æ ·95
561, 562	950	,, ٩٤٠	,, Cf. Th. 355.)	Æ ·95 Æ ·9
563, 564	951	,, ٩٤١	,, (omitting الله) (Cf. Th. 355.)	Æ ·95 Æ ·9
565	952	,, ٩٤٢	,,	Æ ·95
566		,, date obliterated.	,, in centre, *	Æ ·9

* On the obv. the word الحامى is sometimes (566, 577, 579,) changed to الحاكمى; and on other coins an intermediate form الحامى seems to be used. On the rev. of 561, 563, 577, 578, سلطان is substituted for السلطان.

Æ No.	Mint : Date	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
567	Agrah 950	Within square, فى عهد لامـــيـــر (*sic*) الحامى ٩٤٠ Outside, الدين الدنان السلطان العادل	Within square, سلطان شير شـــاه ضرب اگره Outside, ابو المظفر خلد الله [ملكه وسلطانه (Th. 356.) Æ ·95
568	950 or 1	,, - ٩٤٠ or ٩٤١	,, but mint الور (?) Æ ·9
568*a*	Shér-garh 951	,, but ٩٤١ in margin.	,, mint شير گره (Th. 358.) Æ 1·05
569	Hissár ? 951 ?	,, (?) in area ; marg. obscure.	,, حصار (Cf. Th. 357.) Æ ·95
570	Gwalior 950	,, ٩٤٠	,, گواليو marg. differently arranged. (Th. 358.) Æ ·95
571	Gwalior 951	,, ٩٤١	,, گواليو (Th. 358.) Æ ·95

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
572	Gwalior 952	Same as 567: ٩٤٢	Same as 571. (Th. 358.) Æ ·95
573	*x*	,, date obliterated.	,, but mint (؟) حضرت Æ ·95
574	951	,, no date in area; but ٩٤١ in margin.	Within square, سلطـــان شيـر شاه خلد الله Outside, ... وسلطان[a] ..... Æ 1·0
575		Within square, الامير الحامى فى عهد Margin varied.	Within square, السلطان غازى (؟) شير شـاه Margin, خلد الله مـ..... Æ 1·0

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		Second Size.	
576	948	فى عهد الامير الحا[مى الدين الدنـا[ن ٩]٤٨	ا]بو المظفر شير شاه السلطان خلد ملكه Æ ·8
577	949	,, ٩٤٩	,, but سلطان ; and خلد الله ملكه Æ ·75
578	950	,, ٩٤٠	Same as 576: but سلطان Æ ·75
579	952	,, ٩٤٢	,, (السلطان) Æ ·85
580	952	,, ٩٤٢	,, Æ ·8

Æ No.	Mint : Date	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
581	Kálpí 945	Within square, فی عهد لامیر (*sic*) الحامی Margin, العادل ٩٤٤	Within square, سلطان شیر شاه ضرب کالپی Margin, ابو المظفر .....
			Pl. VIII. Æ ·8
582	Kálpí	,,	,,
			Æ ·75
583		,,	,,
		blundered.	mint obliterated.
			Æ ·8
584	Gwalior ?	السلطان العادل ابو المظفر شیر شاه .. سلطان	ا]لله خلد ملکه ضر]ب کوالیور؟
			Æ ·8

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	Small. Obv.	Rev.	
585, 586	948	الـــزمـــان خـليـــفـــة السلـطـــان	سلطـــان شـــــاه شـــيـــر الـعـــادل At side and beneath, [٩]٤٨	Æ ·5 Pl. VIII. Æ ·5
587, 588		,,	,, ciphers obliterated.	Æ ·55 Æ ·5
589	94*x*	السلطان	,, ٩٤*x*	Æ ·55
590, 591		ال]سلطا[ن ا[لزمـــان خـ]ـليفة (؟)	شـــــاه شـــيـــر	Pl. VIII. Æ ·4 Æ ·4

No.	Mint: Date.	

XXXVI.—ISLÁM SHÁH.

A.H. 952—960.

SILVER.

Æ

A.

592 952 Obv. Area, within square,

لا الـــه الا الله

محمد رسول الله

Margin, in segments,

ابا بكر الصديق | عمر الفاروق | عثمان العفان | على المرتضى

Rev. Area, within square,

اسلام شاه بن

شير شاه سلطان

خلد الله ملكه ٩٥٢

श्रीइसलामसा[ह

Ṣrí Islám Sáhi

Margin, in segments,

السلطان العادل] جلال الد[نيا والدين] ابو المظفر

Æ 1·05, Wt. 168

593 952 Same: but ٩٤٢ beneath obv. area, instead of at side of rev. area.

(Th. 360.) Æ 1·1, Wt. 173

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	
594	Agrah 953	Same : but ٩٤٣ ; and mint, ضرب اگره Ornament on obv. area, ✕ Æ 1·15
595	Agrah 954	Same : but ٩٤٤. On obv. ✻, on rev. ✕ Æ 1·05, Wt. 170
596	954	Same : ٩٤٤ ; rev. margin quite illegible. On obv. ✻ Æ 1·05, Wt. 176
597	956	Same : but ٩٤٦ ; traces of mint in margin. On obv. ✻ Pl. IX. Æ 1·05
598	956	Same : ٩٤٦. On obv. ﷺ. Æ 1·05
599, 600	Gwalior ? 957	Same : but ٩٤٧ ; margins illegible, except ...ضرب كولا On obv. ٥ (*Ringed.*) Æ 1·05 On obv. د (Th. 360.) Æ 1·0, Wt. 175
601	Gwalior 958	Same : but ٩٤٨. On obv. and rev., ٥ Æ ·95
602	960	Same : but ٩٦٠ ; margins illegible. On obv. ٥ Æ ·9
603		Same : but ≡ instead of ciphers. (Barbarous.) Æ 1·05

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	
		B.
604	952	Same as 592 : but ٩٤٢ horizontal ; and top segment of rev. margin, ٤٧٧ ✡ (ابن instead of بن) (Th. 359.) Æ 1·3, Wt. 172
605	953	Same : but ٩٤٣ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·3, Wt. 180
606	954	Same : but ٩٤٤ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·25, Wt. 166
607	955	Same : but ٩٤٤ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·25
608	957	Same : but ٩٤٧ Pl. IX. (Th. 359.) Æ 1·25, Wt. 175
609	958	Same : but ٩٤٨ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·25
610	959	Same: but ٩٤٩ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·3, Wt. 176
611	960	Same : but ٩٦٠ (Th. 359.) Æ 1·25
		C.
612	Gwalior ? 952	Same areas as 592 : but no date on rev. area. Obv. margin, (؟) كولاسر | وعلى ضرب | وعثمان | ابا بكر وعمر Rev. margin, السلطان العادل | ابو المظفر | [جلال] الدنيا والدين | سنة ٩٤٢ (ابن instead of بن) On rev. ✕ (Th. 360.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 177

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	D.
613	Satgáon 955	Obv. Area, within square, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله ٩٤٤ Margin, in segments, ابا] بكر صديق | عمر خطاب | عثمان عفان | على مرتضى Rev. Area, within square, اسلام شاه ابن شير شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه श्रीइसलामसाह Margin, in segments, retrograde, ضرب ستگانو | ابو المظفر | جلال الدنيا والدين Pl. IX. (Th. 360.) Æ 1·15, Wt. 176
		E.
614, 615	955	Same as 592: but ٩٤٤ on obv. area. Rev. Area, اسلام شاه سلطان شير شاه خلد الله ملكه श्रीइसलामसाह Margin only partly legible. Ornament ✕ Æ 1·1, Wt. 163 Æ 1·1, Wt. 164
616, 617	956	Same as preceding, but ٩٤٦ on obv. area. Obv. margin of 616 as on 613; rev. margin differently arranged. Ornament on rev. ✕ Æ 1·2 (*Clipped.*) Æ ·9
618	956	Same as 592: rev. margin illegible; no ornament. Æ 1·05

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	
		F.
619	957	Obv. Area, within double square, لا الـــه الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin, in segments (one only visible), موید (؟) الاسلام والمسلمين Rev. Area, within square, اسام شاه سلطان (*sic*) بن شير شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه ٩٤٧[؟] Margin, in segments, illegible. (Very peculiar style.) Pl. IX. Æ ·95, Wt. 162
		G.
620	954	Obv. Area, within circle, لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله Margin, ابا بكر عمر عثمان على السلطان العادل Rev. Area, within circle, شـــاه اســـلام شيـر شـــاه سلطـــان خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه (؟) . . . . . Margin, جلال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر | श्री इसलाम साहि ٩٤٨ ✡ (Barbarous.) Pl. IX. Æ 1·3, Wt. 175

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		COPPER.	
		Thick and Large.	
621	95*x*	فى عهد الامير الحا[مى الدين الدنان ٩٤	ابو المظفر اسلام شاه سلطان بن شير شاه خلد الله ملكه (Th. 363.) Æ ·95
622	954	,, Beneath, ٩٤٩	Partly effaced. (Th. 363.) Æ ·9
623	960	,, (الحاكمى) Last line, [ا]لدين ٩٦٠	اسلامشاه بن شير شاه سلطان خلد الله ملكه Ornament, ꝏ Æ ·95
		Second Size.	
624	953	,, Date, in middle of last line, ٩٤٣	Same as 621. Æ ·8

Æ No.	Mint: Date.			
		Third Size.		
625		Within square, فى عهد ا]لامير الحاكم[ى [الدين الدنان]	Within square, ا]سلامشاه شير شاه سلطان	Æ ·65
		Thin and Small.		
626–629		اسلام شاه شير شاه سلطان	الزمان خليفة العادل	(Th. 364.) Æ ·5 Æ ·5 Æ ·5 Æ ·5

AR No.	Mint : Date.	

XXXVII.—MUHAMMAD 'ÁDIL SHÁH.

A.H. 960—964.

SILVER.

630, 631 — 961

Obv. Area, within square,

لا الـــه الا الله
محمد رسول الله

Margin, in segments,

ابا بكر الصديق | عمر الفاروق | عثمان العفان | على المرتضى

Rev. Area, within square,

سلطان محمد عادل
خلد الله ملـــكه
وسلطانه اعلى اجره
श्री सुल्तान मह
मद (in margin)
Srí Sultán Mahamad

Margin, in segments,

مبارز الدنيا والدين | ابو المظفر | ✡ | ٩٦١

Pl. IX. AR 1·25, Wt. 164
AR 1·3, Wt. 172

632 — Nárnól 961

Same : but rev. area, شـــاه سلطان
محمد عـــادل
خلد الله ملكه
श्रीमदमदसह
Śrí Mahamad Sah

Margin, ضرب نارنول | . . . . | . . . . | . . . .

Pl. IX. (Th. 365.) AR 1·0, Wt. 177

633 — 963

Same : but date ٩٦٣ ; and mint obscure.

(Th. 365.) AR ·95, Wt. 159

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	Obv.	Rev.	
		COPPER.		
		Large.		
634, 635	961	فى عهد ا]لامير الحامى ٩٦١ الدين الدنا[ن	ابو المجاه[د سلطان محمد شاه خلد الله ملكه	(Th. 366.) Æ ·9 Æ ·9
		Small.		
636		,, no date visible.	ابو الم . . . . محمد ※ شاه	Æ ·7
637		,,	سلطا[ن] محمد خلد ※ ا[لله ملكه	Æ ·7

Æ No.	Mint: Date.	*Obv.*	*Rev.*
638	962 or 963	Same as 634: beneath, date, ٩٦٢	مجا]هد (؟) الد . . محمد ⁂ شاه . . . . . . (Th. 366.) Æ ·7
639		,, no date visible.	مجا]هد . . . . . سلطا[ن] محمد عادل خلد] ا ⁂ لله م[لكه Pl. IX. Æ ·7

XXXIX.—SIKANDAR SHÁH III.

A.H. 962.

SILVER.

Æ

640 962 Obv. Area, within square,

لا اله الا الله
محمد رسول الله

In segments, ... | ... عثمان | عمر ابن خطاب | .....

Rev. Area, سلطان سكندر شاه
اسماسور عماب
٩٦٢

Margin, in segments, illegible.

Pl. IX. Æ 1·0, Wt. 174

Æ No.	Mint : Date.	Obv.	Rev.
		COPPER.	
641		شاه سلطان سكندر	سلطان سكندر شاه Pl. IX. (Cf. Th. 370.) Æ ·5
642		Illegible.	شاه سكندر سلطان Æ ·5

INDEXES.

I. INDEX OF YEARS.

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
596	Æ	Ghazní	Muhammad ibn Sám	1, 2	5, 6
[59]8	,,	*x*	,,	3	6
602	Æ	Ghazní	,,	6	8
603	,,	,,	,,	7	8
604	,,	,,	,,	8	9
[60]$^{3}_{6}$	Æ	,,	Táj-ad-dín Yildiz	20	10
610	,,	,,	,,	21	10
623	Æ	[Rantambhor ?]	Altamsh	46, 47	15
63*x*	Æ	*x*	,,	37	14
6*xx*	,,	*x*	,,	36	13
[639-40]	,,	Dehlí	Mas'úd	73	21
641	,,	*x*	,,	74	22
[6]42	,,	*x*	,,	75	22
654	,,	Dehlí	Mahmúd I.	86	25
655	,,	,,	,,	87	25
657	,,	,,	,,	88, 89	25
658	,,	,,	,,	90	25
660	,,	,,	,,	91	25
662	,,	,,	,,	92	26
664	,,	,,	,,	93	26
,,	,,	,,	Balbán	103-105	28
665	,,	,,	,,	106	28
667	,,	,,	,,	107	29
669	,,	,,	,,	108, 109	29
672	Æ	,,	,,	100	27
673	Æ	,,	,,	110	29
674	,,	,,	,,	111	29
675	Æ	,,	,,	101	27
678	,,	,,	,,	102	27
686	Æ	,,	Kai-Kubád	124, 125	32
687	Æ	,,	,,	123	31
,,	Æ	,,	,,	126	32
688	,,	,,	,,	127	32
68[9]	,,	[,,]	Fíróz I.	139	35
690	,,	,,	,,	140, 141	35
691	,,	,,	,,	142	35
693	,,	,,	,,	143	35
694	,,	,,	,,	144	36
695	Æ	,,	,,	138	34
,,	Æ	,,	,,	145	36

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
695	Æ	Dehlí	Ibráhím I.	153	37
,,	,,	,,	Muhammad I.	164, 165	39
697	,,	[,,]	,,	166	40
698	N	,,	,,	157	38
699	Æ	[,,]	,,	167	40
700	Æ	x	,,	182	41
701	,,	x	,,	183-185, 195	41, 42
702	,,	x	,,	186, 196	41, 42
703	Æ	Dehlí	,,	168	40
,,	Æ	x	,,	197	42
704	N	,,	,,	158	39
,,	Æ	x	,,	187	41
705	Æ	Dehlí	,,	169	40
,,	Æ	x	,,	188	42
706?	,,	x	,,	189	42
708	N	*Dár-al-Islám* [Dehli]	,,	159	39
710	,,	Dehlí	,,	160	39
,,	Æ	[,,]	,,	170, 171	40
,,	Æ	x	,,	190	42
711	Æ	*Dár-al-Islám* [Dehlí]	,,	172	40
,,	,,	Dehlí	,,	173	40
,,	Æ	x	,,	191	42
712	Æ	Dehlí	,,	174	40
,,	Æ	x	,,	198	42
713	Æ	Dehlí	,,	175, 176	40
,,	,,	*Dár-al-Islám* [Dehlí]	,,	177	41
,,	Æ	x	,,	199	43
714	Æ	Dehlí	,,	178, 179	41
,,	Æ	x	,,	200	43
715	N	[Dehlí]	,,	161	39
,,	Æ	,,	,,	180	41
,,	Æ	x	,,	201	43
,,	,,	x	'Umár	205	43
716	Æ	Dehlí	Mubárak I.	209, 210	45
,,	Æ	x	,,	214, 215	46
717	Æ	Dehlí	,,	211	45
,,	,,	*Dár-al-Mulk* [Dehlí]	,,	212, 213	45
,,	Æ	x	,,	216-218, 221, 222	46, 47
718	N	*Dár-al-Khiláfeh* [Dehlí]	,,	206	44
,,	Æ	,,	,,	208	44
,,	Æ	x	,,	225, 226	47
719	N	*Dár-al-Khiláfeh* [Dehlí]	,,	207	44
,,	Æ	x	,,	219, 220, 227, 229	46-48
720	,,	x	,,	228, 230-232	47, 48

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
720	N	Dehlí	Khusrú	235	49
,,	Æ	x	,,	236	49
,,	N	Dehlí	Taghlak I.	238	50
721	R	Deógír	,,	243	52
,,	,,	x	,,	244	52
,,	Æ	x	,,	249, 250, 255	53, 54
722	N	Dehlí	,,	239	51
,,	R	,,	,,	245	52
,,	Æ	x	,,	251	53
723	R	Dehlí	,,	246	52
,,	Æ	x	,,	252	53
724	N	Dehlí	,,	240	51
,,	R	,,	,,	247	52
,,	Æ	x	,,	253	53
725	R	Dehlí	,,	248	52
,,	Æ	x	,,	254, 256	53, 54
,,	R	Dehlí	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	263	55
,,	Æ	x	,,	278, 279	59
726	N	,,	Taghlak I., *posthumous*	241	51
,,	,,	,,	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	260-262	55
,,	Æ	x	,,	280	60
727	N	Dehlí	,,	264	56
,,	Æ	x	,,	281-283	60
728	R	x	,,	268,269	57
729	N	x	,,	265	56
,,	R	x	,,	270,271	57
730	,,	x	,,	272	57
,,	,,	Sátgáon	,,	274	58
,,?	Æ	Agrah	,,	305*b*	64
,,	,,	Taghlakpúr	,,	305*c*	64
,,	,,	x	,,	309-314, 316-317*b*	65, 66
,,	,,	*Dár-al-Islám* [Dehlí]	,,	319	67
,,	,,	Dehlí	,,	320-322	67
731	,,	,,	,,	300-305	63
,,	,,	Sátgáon	,,	305*d*	64
732	,,	x	,,	284-287, 315,325-6	60,61, 65,68
,,?	,,	Daulatábád	,,	306	64
733	N	x	,,	266,267	57
,,	Æ	x	,,	288, 291-294	61
734	,,	x	,,	289, 295, 296	61
,,?	,,	x	,,	299	62
735	,,	x	,,	290, 297	61, 62

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
736	N	Dehlí	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	276,277	59
737	Æ	x	,,	298	62
741	N	Dehlí	,,(*Al-Mustakfí*)	328,329	69
743	,,	,,	,, ,,	331	69
,,	Æ	x	,, ,,	333	70
74x	N	Dehlí	,, ,,	330	69
748	,,	x	,,(*Al-Hákim*)	339,340	71
[7]5x	,,	Dehlí	Fíróz III.	345	74
759	Æ	,,	,,	372	78
767	,,	,,	,,	349	75
770	,,	,,	,,	350	75
771	,,	,,	,,	351	75
772	,,	,,	,,	352	75
773	,,	,,	,,	353	75
776	,,	,,	,,	354	75
777	,,	,,	,,	355	75
778	,,	,,	,,	356	76
780	,,	,,	,,	357	76
783	,,	,,	,,	358, 358*a*	76
784	,,	,,	,,	359	76
7[8]6	,,	,,	,,	360	76
787	,,	,,	,,	361	76
788	N	x	,,	348	74
,,	Æ	Dehlí	,,	362	77
789	,,	,,	,,	363	77
790	,,	,,	Taghlak II.	393	81
,,	,,	,,	Muhammad III.	410-412	84
791	,,	,,	Fíróz III. *with Zafar* (*posthumous*)	387	80
,,	,,	x	Abú-Bakr	398	82
792	,,	x	,,	399,400, 402-3,405	82, 83
793	,,	x	,,	401	82
,,	,,	x	Muhammad III.	413,414	84
,,	,,	Dehlí	,,	416,418	85
794	,,	,,	,,	419	85
,,	,,	x	,,	415,417	84, 85
795	,,	Dehlí	Sikandar I.	425,426	87
,,	,,	x	,,	424, 427, 428	87
,,	,,	x	Mahmúd II	434	88
797	,,	Dehlí	Nasrat Sháh	443	90
798	,,	,,	,,	444	90
79x	,,	,,	Mahmúd II.	436-438	89
800	,,	,,	,,	439	89
801	,,	,,	,,	440	89
807	,,	,,	Nasrat Sháh (*posth.*)	445	90
815	,,	,,	Mahmúd II. (,,)	441	89

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
816	Æ	Dehlí	Fíróz III. (*posth.*)	364	77
817	,,	,,	,, (,,)	365	77
,,	Æ	*x*	Muhammad III. (*posth.*)	421	86
818	,,	*x*	,, ,,	422	86
825	Æ	Dehlí	Fíróz III. (*posth.*)	379	78
832	,,	,,	Mubárak II.	448	92
833	,,	,,	,,	449	92
834	,,	,,	,,	450, 451	92
835	,,	[,,]	,,	446	91
,,	,,	,,	,,	452	92
836	,,	,,	,,	453	92
837	,,	,,	,,	454	92
83*x*	,,	,,	,,	447	91
$84\frac{2}{6}$	,,	,,	Muhammad IV.	460	94
843	,,	,,	,,	456, 461, 465	93, 94
844	,,	,,	,,	462	94
846	,,	,,	,,	457, 463	93, 94
847	,,	,,	,,	464	94
848	,,	,,	,,	458	93
853	,,	,,	'Alim Sháh	470, 471	96
[85]4	,,	,,	,,	472	96
855	,,	,,	Buhlól Lódí	483	99
857	,,	,,	,,	484	99
858	,,	,,	,,	473	97
859	,,	,,	,,	474	97
860	,,	,,	,,	475	97
862	,,	,,	,,	476	97
863?	,,	,,	,,	486	99
867	,,	,,	,,	487	99
868	,,	,,	,,	488	99
873	,,	,,	,,	489	99
877	,,	,,	,,	490	99
,,	,,	*x*	,,	479	98
888	,,	*x*	,,	480	98
,,	,,	Jaunpúr	,,	493	100
889	,,	*x*	,,	481	98
890	,,	*x*	,,	482	98
[8]93	,,	Jaunpúr	,,	494	100
895	,,	*x*	Sikandar II.	495	101
$89\frac{7}{6}$	,,	*x*	,,	496	101
898	,,	*x*	,,	497	101
902	,,	*x*	,,	498	101
903	,,	*x*	,,	499	101
906	,,	*x*	,,	500, 501	102
907	,,	*x*	,,	502	102
908	,,	*x*	,,	503	102
910	,,	*x*	,,	504, 505	102

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
911	Æ	*x*	Sikandar II.	506	102
914	,,	*x*	,,	507, 508	102
915	,,	*x*	,,	509, 510	102
916	,,	*x*	,,	511	103
917	,,	*x*	,,	512	103
918	,,	*x*	,,	513	103
919	,,	*x*	,,	514	103
926	,,	*x*	,,	518, 521-523	104
945	Æ	Kálpí	Shér Sháh	581	116
946	AR	*x*	,,	524, 525	105
,,	,,	Sharífábád	,,	526	106
947	,,	,,	,,	527	106
,,	,,	*Jahánpanáh* (Dehlí)	,,	530, 531	106
,,	,,	Shérgarh ?	,,	532	107
948	,,	*x*	,,	528, 533, 548	106, 107, 110
,,	,,	Shérgarh	,,	534, 535, 544	107, 109
,,	,,	Agrah	,,	537	108
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	576, 585, 586	115, 117
949	AR	*x*	,,	529, 549, 550	106, 110
,,	,,	*Jahánpanáh* (Dehlí)	,,	536, 551	107, 110
,,	,,	Agrah	,,	538	108
,,	,,	Shérgarh	,,	545, 546	109
,,	,,	Kálpí	,,	547	109
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	560, 577	112, 115
94*x*	,,	*x*	,,	589	117
950	AR	*x*	,,	552-555	111
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	561, 562, 578	112, 115
,,	,,	Agrah	,,	567	113
,,	,,	Gwalior	,,	570	113
95$\frac{0}{1}$	,,	Narnól ?	,,	568	113
951	AR	Gwalior	,,	539, 540	108
,,	,,	*x*	,,	556	111
,,	,,	Sharífábád	,,	557	111
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	563, 564, 574	112, 114
,,	,,	Shérgarh	,,	568*a*	113
,,	,,	Gwalior	,,	571	113
,,?	,,	Hissár ?	,,	569	113
952	AR	Gwalior	,,	541	108
,,	,,	*x*	,,	558, 559	111
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	565, 579, 580	112, 115

A.H.	Metal.	MINT.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
952	Æ	Gwalior	Shér Sháh	572	114
,,	Æ	*x*	Islám Sháh	592, 593, 604	118, 120
,,	,,	Gwalior	,,	612	120
953	,,	Agrah	,,	594	119
,,	,,	*x*	,,	605	120
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	624	123
954	Æ	Agrah	,,	595	119
,,	,,	*x*	,,	596, 606, 620	119,120, 122
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	622	123
955	Æ	*x*	,,	607, 614, 615	120, 121
,,	,,	Sátgáon	,,	613	121
956	,,	*x*	,,	597, 598, 616-618	119, 121
957	,,	Gwalior ?	,,	599, 600	119
,,	,,	*x*	,,	608, 619	120, 122
958	,,	Gwalior	,,	601	119
,,	,,	*x*	,,	609	120
959	,,	*x*	,,	610	120
95*x*	Æ	*x*	,,	621	123
960	Æ	*x*	,,	602, 611	119, 120
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	623	123
961	Æ	*x*	Muhammad 'Ádil	630, 631	125
,,	,,	Nárnól	,,	632	125
,,	Æ	*x*	,,	634, 635	126
962	Æ	*x*	Sikandar III.	640	127
96⅔	Æ	*x*	Muhammad 'Ádil	638	126
963	Æ	*x*	,,	633	125

Imperfect dates on nos. 181, 305*a*, 347.

II. INDEX OF MINTS.

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
اقرة Agrah	Æ	730 ?	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	305*b*	64
	Æ	948	Shér Sháh	537	108
	,,	949	,,	538	108
	Æ	950	,,	567	113
	Æ	953	Islám Sháh	594	119
	,,	954	,,	595	119
اقليم *Iklím*			*See* تغلقپور *Taghlakpúr*		
بلدة and بلد *Beled & Beldet*			*See* غزنة *Ghazní*		
تخت گاه *Takht-gáh*			*See* دولتاباد and دهلي *Daulatábád & Dehlí*		
تغلقپور Taghlakpúr	Æ	730	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	305*c*	64
جهانپناه Jahánpanáh (= *Dehlí*)	Æ	947	Shér Sháh	530, 531	106
	,,	949	,,	536, 551	107, 110

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
جونپور Jaunpúr	Æ	888	Buhlól Lódí	493	100
	,,	8]93	,,	494	100
حصار Hissár	Æ	951?	Shér Sháh	569	113
حضرة *Hazrat*			*See* دهلی *Dehlí*		
دار الاسلام Dár-al-Islám (= Dehlí)	N	708	Muhammad I.	159	39
	R	711	,,	173	40
	,,	713	,,	177	41
	Æ	7*xx*	Muhammad ibn Taghlak.	305*a*	64
	,,	730	,,	319	67
(حضرة) دار الخلافة (*Hazrat*) Dár-al-Khiláfah (= Dehlí)	N	718	Mubárak I.	206	44
	R	,,	,,	208	44
	N	719	,,	207	44
	Æ	*x*	,,	233, 234	48
دار الملك Dár-al-Mulk (= Dehlí)	R	717	Mubárak I.	212, 213	45

Prefixed to Dehlí, nos. 322, 324, 374–378, 396, 397, 418, 419, 436–441, 443–445, 448–455, 460–468, 471, 472, 483–490: see دهلی *Dehlí*.

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
دهلی *	Æ	x	Muhammad ibn Sám	12-16	9
Dehlí * *	,,	x	Altamsh	38-42	15
	,,	x	,,	54, 55	16
*	ÆR	x	Bahrám	67	19
	,,	639-40	Mas'úd	73	21
	,,	654	Mahmúd	86	25
	,,	655	,,	87	25
	,,	657	,,	88, 89	25
	,,	658	,,	90	25
	,,	660	,,	91	25
	,,	662	,,	92	26
	,,	664	,,	93	26
	,,	,,	Balbán	103-105	28
	,,	665	,,	106	28
	,,	667	,,	107	29
	,,	669	,,	108, 109	29
	N	672	,,	100	27
	ÆR	673	,,	110	29
	,,	674	,,	111	29
	N	675	,,	101	27
	,,	678	,,	102	27
	ÆR	x	,,	112-114	29
	,,	686	Kai-Kubád	124,125	32
	N	687	,,	123	31
	ÆR	,,	,,	126	32
	,,	688	,,	127	32
	,,	x	,,	128	32
	,,	68[9]	Fíróz II.	139	35
	,,	690	,,	140, 141	35
	,,	691	,,	142	35
	,,	693	,,	143	35
	,,	694	,,	144	36
	N	695	,,	138	34
	ÆR	,,	,,	145	36
	Æ	x	,,	152, 152*a*	36
	ÆR	695	Ibráhím I.	153	37
	,,	,,	Muhammad I.	164, 165	39
	N	698	,,	157	38
	,,	704	,,	158	39
	ÆR	705	,,	169	40
	N	710	,,	160	39

* An asterisk is prefixed to those coins which are only presumably Dehlí, the name itself being either obliterated, or else altogether absent. The epithet حضرت or حضرة (see note p. 35) is always prefixed to the name Dehlí, except in the thirty-five instances in which Dár-al-Mulk is prefixed, here indicated by D; and in no. 386, where Dehlí occurs with no prefix, and 328-331, where it is written الدهلی, and 300-305, where the Persian forms در دهلی or در تخت گاه are used.

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
دهلی	AR	711	Muhammad I.	172	40
Dehlí	,,	712	,,	174	40
(*continued*)	,,	713	,,	175, 176	40
	,,	714	,,	178, 179	41
	,,	715	,,	180	41
	,,	*xx*6	,,	181	41
	Æ	*x*	,,	204	43
	AR	716	Mubárak I.	209, 210	45
	,,	717	,,	211	45
	N	720	Khusrú	235	49
	,,	,,	Taghlak I.	238	50
	,,	722	,,	239	51
	AR	,,	,,	245	52
	,,	723	,,	246	52
	N	724	,,	240	51
	AR	,,	,,	247	52
	,,	725	,,	248	52
	,,	,,	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	263	55
	N	726	Taghlak I. (*posthumous*)	241	51
	,,	,,	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	260-262	55
	,,	727	,,	264	56
	Æ	730	,,	320, 321	67
	,,	,,	,,	322	67
D.	,,	731	,,	300-303	63
(تخت گاه)	,,	,,	,,	304, 305	63
n. p.	N	736	,,	276, 277	59
	,,	741	,, (*Al-Mustakfí* II.)	328, 329	69
	,,	74*x*	,, ,,	330	69
	,,	743	,, ,,	331	69
	Æ	748	,, (*Al-Hákim*)	339, 340	71
D.	,,	*x*	,,	324	68
	N	[7]5*x*	Fíróz III.	345	74
	Æ	759	,,	372	78
	,,	767	,,	349	75
	,,	770	,,	350	75
	,,	771	,,	351	75
	,,	772	,,	352	75
	,,	773	,,	353	75
	,,	776	,,	354	75
	,,	777	,,	355	75
	,,	778	,,	356	76
	,,	780	,,	357	76
	,,	783	,,	358, 358*a*	76
	,,	784	,,	359	76
	,,	7[8]6	,,	360	76
	,,	787	,,	361	76
	,,	788	,,	362	77
	,,	789	,,	363	77

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
دهلی	N	7xx	Fíróz III.	347	74
Dehlí (*cont.*)	Æ	x	,,	371,373, 380-381	78
D.	,,	x	,,	374-378	78
n. p.	,,	x	,, (*with Fath*)	386	79
	,,	790	Taghlak II.	393	81
D.	,,	x	,,	396,397	81
	,,	790	Muhammad III.	410	84
	,,	791	Fíróz III. (*with Zafar*)	387	80
	,,	793	Muhammad III.	416	85
D.	,,	,,	,,	418	85
D.	,,	794	,,	419	85
	,,	795	Sikandar I.	424	87
D.	,,	797	Nasrat	443	90
D.	,,	798	,,	444	90
D.	,,	79x	Mahmúd II.	436-438	89
D.	,,	800	,,	439	89
D.	,,	801	,,	440	89
D.	,,	807	Nasrat (*posth.*)	445	90
D.	,,	815	Mahmúd II. (*posth.*)	441	89
	,,	816	Fíróz III. (*posth.*)	364	77
	,,	817	,,	365	77
	,,	825	,,	379	78
D.	,,	832	Mubárak II.	448	92
D.	,,	833	,,	449	92
D.	,,	834	,,	450, 451	92
*	,,	835	,,	446	91
D.	,,	,,	,,	452	92
D.	,,	836	,,	453	92
D.	,,	837	,,	454	92
	,,	83x	,,	447	91
D.	,,	84 2/6/7	Muhammad IV.	460	94
	,,	843	,,	456	93
D.	,,	,,	,,	461,465	94
D.	,,	844	,,	462	94
	,,	846	,,	457	93
D.	,,	,, ?	,,	463	94
D.	,,	847	,,	464	94
	,,	[8]48	,,	458	93
D.	,,	x	,,	466-468	95
	,,	x	,,	469	95
	,,	853	'Álim	470	96
D.	,,	,,	,,	471	96
D.	,,	854	,,	472	96
D.	,,	855	Buhlól Lódí	483	99
D.	,,	857	,,	484	99
	,,	858	,,	473	97
	,,	859	,,	474	97

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
دهلی	Æ	860	Buhlól Lódí	475	97
Dehlí (*cont.*)	,,	862	,,	476	97
D.	,,	863	,,	485, 486	99
D.	,,	867	,,	487	99
D.	,,	868	,,	488	99
D.	,,	873	,,	489	99
D.	,,	877	,,	490	99
	,,	884	,,	477	98
	,,	890	,,	478	98
	,,	*x*	,,	491, 492	100
*	,,	*x*	Shér Sháh	573	114

See also جهانپناه *Jahánpanáh*, دار الاسلام *Dár-al-Islám*, دار الخلافة *Dár-al-Khiláfah*, دار الملك *Dár-al-Mulk*.

(تخت گاه)	Æ	732 ?	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	306	64
دولتاباد (*Takht-gáh*) Daulatábád	,,	*x*	,,	307, 308	64
دیوگیر (قلعة) (*Kal'at*) Deógír	Æ	721	Taghlak I.	243	52
[Rantambhor?]	Æ	*x*	Altamsh	46, 47	15
ساهه *Sáhah*			*See* جونپور *Jaunpúr*		
ستگانون Satgáon	Æ	730	Muhammad ibn Taghlak	274	58
	Æ	731	,,	305*d*	64
	Æ	955	Islám Sháh	613	121
[Sind]	Æ	*x*	Muhammad ibn Sám	9	9

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
شريفاباد Sharífábád	Æ	946	Shér Sháh	526	106
	,,	947	,,	527	106
	,,	951	,,	557	111
شيرگده Shérgadah	Æ	*x*	Shér Sháh	542, 543	108
شيرگره Shérgarh	Æ	947	Shér Sháh	532	107
	,,	948	,,	534, 535, 544	107, 109
	,,	[9]49	,,	545, 546	109
	Æ	951	,,	568*a*	113
غزنة (بلدة) Ghazní (بلد)	Æ	596	Muhammad ibn Sám	1	5
	,,	,,	,,	2	6
(بلدة)	Æ	602	,,	6	8
,,	,,	603	,,	7	8
,,	,,	604	,,	8	9
	Æ	$60\frac{3}{6}$	Yildiz	20	10
	,,	610	,,	21	10
قلعة *Kal'ah*			*See* ديوگير *Deógír*		
كالپى Kálpí	Æ	945	Shér Sháh	581	116
	Æ	949	,,	547	109
	Æ	*x*	,,	582	116
[Kanauj]	Æ	*x*	Muhammad ibn Sám	30-33	12

MINT.	Metal.	A.H.	PRINCE.	NO.	Page.
گوالیر Gwalior *	Æ	950	Shér Sháh	570	113
	Æ	951	,,	539, 540	108
	Æ	,,	,,	571	113
	Æ	952	,,	541	108
	Æ	,,	,,	572	114
	? ,,	x	,,	584	116
	Æ	952	Islám Sháh	612	120
	,,	957	,,	599, 600	119
	,,	958	,,	601	119
[Láhór ?]	Æ	x	Muhammad ibn Sám	5	7
لکهنوتی Lakhnautí	Æ	x	Rizíyeh	62	18
ملتان Multán	Æ	x	Altamsh	53	16
نارنول Nárnól	Æ	961	Muhammad 'Ádil	632	125
[Narwar]	Æ	x	Altamsh	43-45	15

* Also written گولائیر and گوالیور.

III. INDEX OF NAMES.

ا

—آرامشاه

34 ابو المظفر ارامشاه السلطان

—ابراهیم شاه بن فیروز

السلطان الاعظم رکن الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر ابراهیم شاه السلطان بن السلطان الاعظم جلال الدنیا والدین فیروز شاه ناصر امیر المومنین 153

السلطان الاعظم رکن الدنیا والدین ابراهیم شاه بن فیروز شاه 154, 155

156 ابراهیم شاه بن فیروز شاه

—ابراهیم شاه بن سکندر

—518 المتوکل علی الرحمن ابراهیم شاه سکندر شاه سلطان 523

رضیة *see* ابنت

العباس, المظفر *see* ابو

—ابو بکر شاه

398—401, 408 ابو بکر شاه بن ظفر بن فیروز شاه سلطانی

ابو بکر شاه طفر بن فیروز شاه سلطانی نائب امیر المومنین 402, 403, 405

404 ابو بکر شاه . . . . . فیروز شاه نائب امیر المومنین

406, 407, 409 ابو بکر شاه ظفر سلطانی

المتوکل *see* ابو عبد الله

الحاكم *see* احمد

مبارك *see* اسكندر الزمان

—اسلام شاه

السلطان العادل جلال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر اسلام شاه بن شير شاه سلطان 592—612

جلال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر اسلام شاه ابن شير شاه سلطان 613, 616—618

614, جلال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر اسلام شاه شير شاه سلطان 615, 620

موید (؟) الاسلام والمسلمين اسام (*sic*) شاه سلطان بن شير شاه سلطان 619

الامير الحامى [الحاكمى] الدين الدنان ابو المظفر اسلام شاه بن شير شاه سلطان 621, 622, 624

623 الامير الحاكمى الدين اسلامشاه بن شير شاه سلطان

625 الامير الحامى (*sic*) الدين الدنان اسلامشاه شير شاه سلطان

626—629 اسلام شاه شير شاه سلطان العادل خليفة الزمان

الاعظم *see* ابراهيم, التتمش, بلبن, بهرام, خسرو, تغلق, رضية, عمر, فيروز, كيقباد, مبارك, محمد, المستكفى, محمود, مسعود

—التتمش

السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر التتمس السلطان ناصر امير المومنين 36

السلطان الاعظم شمس الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر التتمش السلطان 37

48—50 شمس الدنيا والدين ايلتتمس السلطان

51, 52 شمس الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر ايلتتمش السلطان

السلطان ايلتتمش 46, 47

السلطان 53, 54, 56, 57

السلطان المعظم 55

شمس 58, 59

سلطان التتمش 60

श्री सुलता लितिमिसि *Śrí Sultá(n) Lititimisi*, 46, 47

सुरितण सी समसदीण *Suritaṇ Srí Samasadíṇ* 38—42

التتمش (ابنت) *see* رضية

الامام *see* احمد, مبارك, المستنصر, المستعصم, المستكفى, المعتضد

امیدوار *see* محمد

امير المومنين 473—478, 495—523, *see* احمد, سيف, مبارك, ولى, نصرة, الناصر, ناصر, نائب, المعتضد, المستنصر, المستكفى

الامير *see* اسلام, شير

التتمش *see* ايلتتمش

ب

(ابو) بكر *see* ابو بكر

—بلبن

السلطان الاعظم غيات الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر بلبن السلطان 100—114

السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين بلبن 115—118

السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين 119, 120

श्रीः सुलतां गयासुदीं *Sriḥ Sultáṃ Gyásudíṃ* 115—118

غياثى 121, 122

محمد see بنده امیدوار

—بهرامشاه

السلطان الاعظم معز الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر بهرامشاه بن السلطان ناصر امیر المومنین 67

السلطان الاعظم معز الدنیا والدین بن سلطان 68

السلطان الاعظم معز الدنیا والدین 69

सुरिताण सी मुअजदीं *Suritáṇ Srí Muajadím* 70—72

—بهلول شاه

المتوکل علی الرحمن بهلول شاه سلطان 473—478

نائب امیر المومنین بهلول شاه السلطان 479—482

بهلول شاه سلطان 483—492

بهلولشاه سلطان 493, 494

سکندر see (بن) بهلول

ت

یلدز see تاج الدنیا والدین

—تغلق شاه

السلطان الغازی غیاث الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر 237

السلطان الغازی غیاث الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر تغلق شاه السلطان 249—254

السلطان الغازی غیاث الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر تغلق شاه السلطان ناصر امیر المومنین 238—240, 243—248*a*

غیاث الدنیا والدین ناصر امیر المومنین المتوکل علی الله ابو المظفر تغلق شاه 242

السلطان الاعظم غیاث الدنیا والدین تغلق شاه 257

تغلق شاه 255, 256, 258, 259

श्रीः सुलतां गयासुदीं *Śriḥ Sultáṃ Gyásudíṃ* 255, 256

السلطان السعيد الشهيد الغازى غياث الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر
241 تغلقشاه السلطان

393—397 تغلق شاه سلطانى

محمد *see* (بن) تغلق

ج

فيروز, اسلام, ابراهيم *see* جلال الدنيا والدين

رضية *see* جلالة الدنيا والدين

ح

—احمد الحاكم بامر الله

الامام امير المومنين الحاكم بامر الله ابو العباس احمد
334, 335

336—341 الحاكم بامر الله ابو العباس احمد

343 الامام ابو العباس احمد

366—368 ابو العباس احمد

شير, اسلام *see* الحاكمى الدين الدنان

شير, اسلام *see* الحامى الدين الدنان

خ

فتخان *see* خان

—خسرو شاه

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر خسرو شاه السلطان
235 الواثق بنصر الرحمن ولى امير المومنين

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين خسرو شاه السلطان ولى امير المومنين 236

مبارك *see* خليفة الله

مبارك *see* خليفة رب العالمين

شير, اسلام *see* خليفة الزمان

الخليفة امير المومنين 456—459, 470, 491, 492, *and see* المتوكل

د

شير, اسلام *see* الدين الدنان

ر

محمد *see* الراجى

مبارك *see* رب العالمين

المستكفى *see* ابو الربيع

المتوكل على الرحمن *see* الرحمن

محمد *see* رحمة الله

—رضية

السلطان الاعظم جلالة الدنيا والدين ملكة ابنت التتمش السلطان نصرة امير المومنين 62

السلطان [. . . . .]م رضية الدنيا والدين 63, 64

السلطان المعظم رضية الدين ابنت (؟) السلطان 65, 66

رضية *see* رضية الدنيا والدين

ابراهيم *see* ركن الدنيا والدنن

ز

اسلام *see* الزمان

س

محمد (بن) سام see
محمد, تغلق السعيد see
محمد سكندر الثانى see
—سكندر شاه بن محمد
424 سكندر شاه محمد شاه سلطانى
429, 430 سكندر شاه بن محمد شاه سلطانى
425, 426 نائب امير المومنين سكندر شاه
427, 428 سكندر شاه سلطانى
—سكندر شاه بن بهلول
495—517 المتوكل على الرحمن سكندر شاه بهلول شاه سلطان
(505 بهلولشاه)
—سكندر شاه (III)
640 سلطان سكندر شاه اسماسور عماب
641, 642 سلطان سكندر شاه
ابراهيم (بن) سكندر see
محمد, عالم, شير, بهلول, التتمش, اسلام, ابراهيم see سلطان
بهرام, بلبن, التتمش, اسلام, ارامشاه, ابراهيم see السلطان,
كيقباد, فيروز, عمر, شير, رضية, خسرو, تغلق, بهلول,
يلدز, مسعود, محمود, محمد, مبارك
مسعود, محمود, سكندر, بهرام see (بن) سلطان
مسعود, مبارك, بهرام, ابراهيم see (بن) السلطان
رضية see ابنت السلطان
محمد, مبارك, فيروز, ظفر, سكندر, تغلق, ابو بكر see السلطانى
نصرت, محمود

يلدز ,فيروز *see* السلطانى

المستكفى *see* سليمان

فيروز *see* سيف امير المومنين

ش

,تغلق ,بهلول ,بهرام ,اسلام ,ارام ,ابو بكر ,ابراهيم *see* شاه
,محمود ,محمد ,مبارك ,فيروز ,عمر ,عالم ,شير ,سكندر شاه
نصرت ,مسعود

التتمش *see* شمس الدنيا والدين

عمر *see* شهاب الدنيا والدين

محمد ,تغلق *see* الشهيد

—شير شاه

524—536 فريد الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر شير شاه السلطان

544—559 فريد الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر شير شاه سلطان

542, 543 فريد الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر سلطان شير شاه

السلطان العادل ابو المظفر فريد الدنيا والدين سلطان شير
537—541 شاه

الامير الحامى (الحاكمى) الدين الدنان ابو المظفر شير شاه
560—566, 576, 579, 580 السلطان

الامير الحامى (الحاكمى) الدين الدنان ابو المظفر شير شاه
577, 578 سلطان

الامير الحامى (الحاكمى) الدين الدنان السلطان العادل
567—574, 581—583 سلطان شير شاه ابو المظفر

575 الامير الحامى السلطان غازى (؟) شير شاه

584 السلطان العادل ابو المظفر شير شاه السلطان

585—591 خليفة الزمان السلطان العادل شير شاه سلطان

559*a* السلطان شير شاه

اسلام *see* (بن) شير شاه

ظ

—ظفر

ظفر سلطانی 387, 388, 391, 392

ظفر بن فیروز شاه 389, 390

ابو بکر *see* (بن) ظفر

ع

محمد *see* عادل

محمد, شیر, اسلام *see* العادل

—عالمشاه

سلطان عالمشاه بن محمد شاه 470

عالمشاه سلطان 471, 472

احمد *see* (ابو) العباس

محمد *see* عبد الراجی

محمد *see* العبد الراجی

محمد *see* عبد *and* العبد

یلدز *see* عبده

مسعود, محمد *see* علا الدنیا والدین

—عمر شاه

السلطان الاعظم شهاب الدنیا والدین ابو المظفر عمر شاه السلطان 205

غ

شیر *see* ؟ غازی

تغلق *see* الغازی

محمد, تغلق, بلبن *see* غیاث الدنیا والدین

بلبن *see* غیاثی

ف

يلدز, المعتضد, محمد *see* (ابو) الفتح
فتخان (*sic*) 382—386
شير شاه *see* فريد الدنيا والدين
محمد (بن) *see* فريد
—ركن الدين فيروز شاه (I)
रुकण दीण *Rukaṇa dín* 61

—جلال الدين فيروز شاه (II)
السلطان الاعظم جلال الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه السلطان 138—145
السلطان الاعظم جلال الدنيا والدين فيروز شاه 146—148
السلطان الاعظم جلال الدنيا والدين 149—151
فيروز شاه 152, 152*a*
श्रीः सुलतां जलालुदीं *Śriḥ Sultáṃ Jaláludíṃ* 146—148
See also ابراهيم

—فيروز شاه (III)
واثق بتائيد يزدانى فيروز شاه سلطانى 343
السلطان الاعظم سيف امير المومنين ابو المظفر فيروز شاه السلطانى 344—347
فيروز شاه سلطانى نائب امير المومنين 348
فيروز شاه سلطانى 349—381
فيروز شاه 382—392
محمد, ظفر, ابو بكر, ابراهيم *see* (بن) فيروز

ق

مبارك *see* قطب الدنيا والدين

ك

محمد *see* الكريم

—كيقباد

—123 السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والدين كيقباد السلطان 128

129, 130 السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والدين كيقباد

131—133 السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والدين

134, 135 معز الدنيا والدين

137 معز

136 معزى

श्री सुलतां मुइज्जुद्दीं *Srí Sultáṃ Muijudíṃ* 129, 130

م

محمد *see* مبارز الدنيا والدين

—مبارك شاه (1)

الامام الاعظم خليفة رب العالمين قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين 206—208

السلطان الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان بن السلطان اسكندر الزمان يمين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين 209—211

الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر خليفة الله مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين 212, 213

السلطان الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مبارك شاه السلطان 214

السلطان الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان بن السلطان 215, 216

الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان 217—220

خليفة رب العالمين قطب الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله امير المومنين 221, 222

خليفة رب العالمين قطب الدنيا والدين مباركشاه ابو المظفر السلطان ابن السلطان الواثق بالله 223, 224

خليفة الله ابو المظفر قطب الدنيا والدين مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان 225—228

الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين خليفة الله مباركشاه السلطان ابن السلطان 229—232

الامام الاعظم قطب الدنيا والدين 232*a*

مبار كشاه 233, 234

—مبارك شاه (II)

نائب امير المومنين مبارك شاه سلطانى 446, 447

مبارك شاه سلطانى 448—454

مبارك شاه 455

—المتوكل على الله

الخليفة امير المومنين 349—358*a*, 371, 372, 408, 429, 430, 435

الخليفة ابو عبد الله 359—365, 373, 387, 388, 391—393, 398—401, 406, 407, 411—415, 420, 420*a*, 424, 434

الامام امير المومنين 421—423, 431—433

الامام امير المومنين ابو عبد الله 384—386

ابو عبد الله 389, 390, 394, 395, 409, 410

تغلق *see* المتوكل على الله

سكندر, بهلول, ابراهيم *see* المتوكل على الرحمن

محمد *see* المجاهد فى سبيل الله

محمود, محمد *see* (ابو) المجاهد

—محمد بن تغلق

الواثق بتائيد الرحمن محمد شاه السلطان 260—263

العبد الراجى رحمة الله محمد بن تغلق 264

العبد الراجى رحمة الله محمد بن السلطان السعيد الشهيد تغلق شاه 265—272

المجاهد فى سبيل الله محمد بن تغلق شاه 274, 275

المجاهد فى سبيل الله محمد بن تغلقشاه 278, 279

السلطان العادل محمد بن تغلقشاه 280—283

عبد الراجى محمد تغلق 284—290

الراجى رحمة الله الكريم محمد بن تغلق 291—298

الراجى رحمة الله الكريم محمد تغلق 299

بنده اميدوار محمد تغلق 300—308, 318

عبده محمد بن تغلق 316

العبد محمد بن تغلق 319—322

محمد بن تغلق شا (*sic*) 324

محمد بن تغلقشاه 327

محمد بن تغلق 276, 277, 314, 315, 317, 317*b*

محمد تغلق 309—313, 318, 323, 325—326

श्री: मोदमद *Śríḥ Mohamad* 318

—غياث الدين محمد بن سام

السلطان الاعظم غياث الدنيا والدين ابو الفتح محمد بن سام 1—3

السلطان المعظم غياث الدنيا والدين ابو الفتح محمد بن سام 4

—معز الدين محمد بن سام

السلطان المعظم معز الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمد بن سام 1—3

السلطان المعظم معز الدنيا والدين محمد بن سام 5

السلطان الاعظم معز الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمد بن سام 6—8, 20

السلطان الاعظم محمد بن سام 9—11, 27, 28

السلطان المعز (؟) 21

معز الدنيا والدين 22, 23

सी महमद सामे *Srí Mahamad Sáme* 12—19, 21

श्री महमद वेने साम *Śrí Mahamad vene Sám* 30

श्री महमद साम *Śrí Mahamad Sám* 31

श्री हमीर महमद साम *Śrí Hamíra Mahamad Sám* 32, 33

श्री हंमीरः *Srí Haṃmíraḥ* 9, 12—16

—علا الدين محمد شاه

السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمد شاه

السلطان سكندر الثانى يمين الخلافة ناصر امير المومنين 157—181, 195—201

السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين محمد شاه 182—194

السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين 202, 203

محمد شاه 204

श्रीः सुलतां अलावदीं *Śríḥ Sultáṃ Alávadíṃ* 182, 194

—محمد شاه بن فريد

سلطان محمد شاه بن فريد شاه 456—459

محمد شاه سلطانى 460—466

سلطان محمد شاه 467, 468

محمد شاه 469

—محمد شاه بن فيروز

محمد شاه فيروز شاه سلطانى 410—412, 415

محمد شاه فيروز شاه سلطان 413, 414, 420, 420*a*

محمد شاه سلطانى 418, 419

نائب امير المومنين محمد شاه 416, 417

السلطان الاعظم ابو المجاهد محمد شاه بن فيروز شاه سلطانى 421—423

—محمد عادل شاه

مبارز الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر سلطان محمد عادل 630, 631

محمد عادل شاه سلطان 632, 633

ابو المجاهد سلطان محمد شاه 634, 635

ابو الم . . . . محمد شاه 636

سلطان محمد 637

مجاهد (؟) الد . . محمد شاه 638

مجاهد . . . . . سلطان محمد عادل 639

محمود, عالم, سكندر *see* (بن) محمد

—ناصر الدين محمود شاه

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمود شاه بن سلطان 85

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمود ابن سلطان 86—91

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر محمود بن سلطان 92—95

السلطان الاعظم ناصر الدنيا والدين محمود 96—99

श्री हमीर: *Ṣrí Hamíraḥ* 96, 99

—محمود شاه بن محمد بن فيروز شاه

السلطان الاعظم ابو المظفر محمود شاه محمد شاه فيروز شاه سلطانى 431

السلطان الاعظم ابو المجاهد محمود شاه محمد شاه فيروز شاه سلطانى 432, 433

محمود شاه محمد شاه سلطانى 434, 435

محمود شاه سلطانى 436—441

—المستعصم بالله

الامام المستعصم بالله امير المومنين 74—77

الامام المسعصم امير المومنين 86—95, 100—114, 123—128, 138—145

—المستكفى بالله

الامام المستكفى بالله امير المومنين ابو الربيع سليمان 328—331

الامام الاعظم خليفة الله فى العالمنين المستكفى بالله امير المومنين 332

خليفة الله المستكفى بالله 333

—المستنصر بالله

الامام المستنصر امير المومنين 35, 37, 62, 67, 73, 85

المستنصر بالله امير المومنين 36

—مسعود شاه

السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين ابو المظفر مسعود شاه بن السلطان 73—77

السلطان الاعظم علا الدنيا والدين مسعود شاه 78—81

السلطان المعظم (؟) علا الدنيا والدين 82

مسعود بن سلطان . . . الا 83

अलादिण *Aládiṇ* 84

श्री *Srí* 82

اسلام *see* المسلمين

المظفر (ابو) *see* ارام شاه, ابراهيم, اسلام, التتمش, بلبن, بهرام, تغلق, خسرو, شير, عمر, فيروز, مبارك, محمد, محمود, مسعود

—المعتضد بالله

الامام امير المومنين ابو الفتح المعتضد بالله 344, 382

الامام امير المومنين ابو الفتح 345—347, 383

الخليفة ابو الفتح 369, 370

محمد, كيقباد, بهرام *see* معز الدنيا والدين

المعز *see* يلدز

معزى *see* كيقباد

المعظم *see* التتمش, رضية, محمد, مسعود, يلدز

الملك *see* يلدز

ملكة *see* رضية

مولاه *see* يلدز

امير *see* المومنين

اسلام *see* موید (؟) الاسلام والمسلمين

ن

,مبارك ,فيروز ,سكندر ,بهلول ,ابو بكر *see* نائب امير المومنين نصرت

,خسرو ,تغلق ,بهرام ,التتمش ,ابراهيم *see* ناصر امير المومنين محمد ,مبارك

محمود *see* ناصر الدنيا والدين

—الناصر لدين الله

الناصر لدين الله 1, 2, 3

الناصر لدين الله امير المومنين 6, 7, 8, 20, 21

رضية *see* نصرة امير المومنين

—نصرت شاه

نائب امير المومنين نصرت شاه سلطانى 442

نصرت شاه سلطانى 443—445

و

فيروز *see* واثق بتائيد يزدانى

محمد *see* الواثق بتائيد الرحمن

خسرو *see* الواثق بنصر الرحمن

مبارك *see* الواثق بالله

خسرو *see* ولى امير المومنين

ى

فيروز *see* يزدانى

—يلدز

21 عبده مولاه تاج الدنيا والدين يلدز السلطانى

20 عبده ومولاه تاج الدنيا . . . . . .

22, 23 عبده يلدز

27, 28, 29 عبده الملك المعز تاج الدنيا والدين يلدز

السلطان المعظم ابو الفتح يلدز السلطانى

محمد, مبارك *see* يمين الخلافة

IV. INDEX OF NAGARI INSCRIPTIONS.

अ

अलादिण 84.

असावरी श्री समसोरल देव 43—45.

स or श

सं 46, 47.

सुरिताण सी मुअजदीं 70—72.

सुरिताण सी] रुकण दीण 61.

सुरितण सी समसदीण 38—42.

श्री इसलाम साह 613—618.

श्री इसलाम साहि 592—611, 620.

श्री चाहड देव 43—45.

श्री महमद वेने साम 30.

सी महमद सामे 12—19.

श्री महमद साम 31.

श्री महमद सह 632, 633.

श्रीः मोहमद 318.

श्री सार साह 537—543.

श्री सेर साह 548—559.

श्री सेर साही 524—536, 544—547.

श्रीः सुलतां अलावदीं 182.

श्रीः सुलतां गयासुदीं 115—118, 255, 256.

श्रीः सुलतां जलालुदीं 146—148.

सी सुल्तान महमद 630, 631.

सी सुलतां मुइज्जुदीं 129, 130.

श्री सुलता[लितितिमिसि 46, 47.

सी हंमीरः 9, 24—26.

श्री हमीरः 96—98.

सी हमीरः 24—26, 38—42, 51, 52, 63—66, 70—72.

श्री हमीर महमद साम 32, 33.

V. INDEX OF POINTS, ORNAMENTS, AND BORDERS.

. 62

. . 103, 104, 106, 108, 109, 112—114

. . . 35, 37, 67, 73, 86—95

∴ 9

∘ 86—95, 103—114, 139—145, 162—181

* or * 5, 22, 23, 24—26, 505, 514, 542, 543, 545, 547, 548, 566, 595—597

× 594

卐 595, 623

卍 612, 614—617

✡ 604—611, 620, 630, 631

⊗ 545

⊓ 502, 507, 508, 511

ﻩ 598

∘ 599, 601, 602

د 600

ن 544

≡ 603

Arch, 36

Sprig, 546

On the *side* of the Bull Nandí:—

ı	12—16, 43—45
ıı	38, 39
ııı	61
ε	70—72
∘	40, 41
ıɔ	42.

On the *jhul* or flank of the Bull Nandí:—

⊔	12—16, 43—45, 61
ᑊ	38
F	39
ᑎ	42
+	70—72

Borders:—

Circle, 36, 55, 58, 100—102, 115—118, 123, 138, 153, 157—161, 182—194, 209—213, 235, 238—248*a*, 260—264, 274—277, 300—308, 325, 326, 332, 345—347, 404, 410, 416, 425, 426, 446, 447, 479—482, 548—559, 620

Double circle, 299, 318

Square, 206—208, 402, 403, 524—543, 567—575, 581—583, 592—619, 625, 630—633, 640

Double square, 3, 6—8, 20, 21, 36, 37, 115—118, 153, 253, 237—240, 243—248*a*, 544—547, 519

Square enclosed in circle, 53, 68

Double square enclosed in circle, 35, 37, 62, 67, 73—77, 85—95, 103—114, 124—128, 139—145, 162—181

Quatrefoil, 328—331, 336—338

Cinquefoil, 334

Sixfoil, 366—368

Hexagon, 265—273

Hexagram, 56, 57, 60

Hexagram enclosed in circle, 53

Octagram, 152, 152*a*

Octagram enclosed in circle, 54

Zigzag, 59

Ornament, 134, 135

VI. INDEX OF DENOMINATIONS, MARKS AND FORMULAS OF GENUINENESS, ETC.

پنجاه کانی 306—308.

تنگه 300—308.

الخلیفتی 328—331

الدرهم 1, 2, 319—322

الدرهم الشرعی 319—322

الدینار 6, 7, 8, 21, 260—262, 264, 328—331

الدینار الخلیفتی 328—331

الربعی 314, 315

السکة 67, 100—102, 105, 123, 138, 157—163, 206—208, 235, 237—241, 243—248, 274, 275, 343, 344, 347

الشرعی 319—322

العدلی 263

الفضة 62, 86—95, 103, 104, 106—114, 128, 139—145, 153, 164—181, 209—213

هشت کانی 323

عدل 53—58, 121, 122, 136, 137, 152, 152*a*, 156, 204, 233, 234, 323

عدل غیاثی 121, 122

136 عدل معزی

323 عدل هشت کانی

300—305*d* مهر شد تنگة رائج در زورگار بنده امیدوار

306—308 مهر شد تنگة پنجاه کانی در زورگار بنده امیدوار

318 سکة زر جائز در عهد بنده امیدوار

VII. INDEX OF FIGURES.

Bull Nandí to left, recumbent, 12—19, 22, 23, 38—45, 61, 70—72, 84

Chohán Horseman to right, 9, 12—19, 24—26, 34, 38—45, 48—52 (?), 61, 63—66, 68—72, 78—84, 96—99

Goddess Lakshmí seated facing, 30—33

Horseman to left with lance at charge, 4, 10, 11

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS INDEX.

لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله 1—3, 6—8, 21, 22, 35, 36, 264, 274, 275, 524—559*a*, 592—620, 630—633, 640

اشهد ان لا اله الا الله واشهد ان محمدا عبده ورسوله 260—263

هو الذى ارسل رسوله بالهدى ودين الحق ليظهره على الدين كله ولو كره المشركون 1, 2

هو الذى ارسل رسوله بالهدى ودين الحق ليظهره على الدين كله 3, 6—8

والله الغنى وانتم الفقراء 276, 277

اطيعوا الله واطيعوا الرسول واولى الامر منكم 311 - 313

ابو (ابا) بكر عمر عثمان على 274, 275, 524—534, 536, 549—552, 554—559, 620

على (*sic*) ابو بكر عمر عسمان 548, 553

ابا بكر وعمر وعثمان وعلى 612

ابو (ابا) بكر الصديق عمر الفاروق عثمان العفان على المرتضى 537—541, 592—611, 614, 617, 618, 630—633.

ابو (ابا) بكر الصديق عمر الفاروق عثمان ذى النورين على المرتضى 544—547

ابا بكر الصديق عمر الخطاب عثمان العفان على المرتضى 342, 343

ابا بكر صديق عمر خطاب عثمان عفان على مرتضى 613, 616

. . . . . عمر ابن خطاب عثمان 640

بصدق ابى بكر بعدل عمر بحياى عثمان بعلم على 535

حسبى ربى 316, 317*b*.

لله 85

الملك والعزة لله 325, 326

الملك والعظمة لله 284—290

انار الله برهانه 241

اعلى اجره 630, 631

جل الله ظلاله وجلاله 382—385

جل ظلال جلال 386

خلد الله خلافته 328, 330, 331

خلدت خلافته 329, 343—347, 349—365, 369—373, 382—395, 398—401, 405—415, 420—424, 429—435, 456—459, 470, 473—478, 495—523

خلد الله ملكه 524—529, 537—562, 567—573, 577, 584, 592—612, 614—618, 632—635, 639

خلد ملكه 334, 335, 563—566, 578—580

خلد مملكته 344, 394, 395

خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه 530—536, 574, 613, 619—624

خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه اعلى اجره 630, 631

دامت سلطنته 282, 283

فى زمان 329, 334, 335, 343

فى الزمان 328, 330, 331

فی زمن 264—273, 282, 283, 319—322, 344—347, 382—386, 421—423, 431—433, 473—478, 495—523

فی عهد 35, 37, 62, 67, 73—77, 85—95, 276, 277, 560—583, 621—625, 634—639

اقلیم (applied to Taghlakpúr)

بلد and بلدة applied to Ghazní.

تخت گاه (applied to Dehli and Daulatábád)

حضرة and حضرت (applied to Dehlí)

دار الاسلام ,, ,,

دار الخلافة ,, ,,

دار الملك ,, ,,

ساهه (applied to Jaunpúr)

قلعة (applied to Deógír)

Samvat Era, 46, 47

TABLE

OF THE

RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF

ENGLISH GRAINS and FRENCH GRAMMES.

Grains	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.
1	·064	41	2·656	81	5·248	121	7·840
2	·129	42	2·720	82	5·312	122	7·905
3	·194	43	2·785	83	5·378	123	7·970
4	·259	44	2·850	84	5·442	124	8·035
5	·324	45	2·915	85	5·508	125	8·100
6	·388	46	2·980	86	5·572	126	8·164
7	·453	47	3·045	87	5·637	127	8·229
8	·518	48	3·110	88	5·702	128	8·294
9	·583	49	3·175	89	5·767	129	8·359
10	·648	50	3·240	90	5·832	130	8·424
11	·712	51	3·304	91	5·896	131	8·488
12	·777	52	3·368	92	5·961	132	8·553
13	·842	53	3·434	93	6·026	133	8·618
14	·907	54	3·498	94	6·091	134	8·682
15	·972	55	3·564	95	6·156	135	8·747
16	1·036	56	3·628	96	6·220	136	8·812
17	1·101	57	3·693	97	6·285	137	8·877
18	1·166	58	3·758	98	6·350	138	8·942
19	1·231	59	3·823	99	6·415	139	9·007
20	1·296	60	3·888	100	6·480	140	9·072
21	1·360	61	3·952	101	6·544	141	9·136
22	1·425	62	4·017	102	6·609	142	9·200
23	1·490	63	4·082	103	6·674	143	9·265
24	1·555	64	4·146	104	6·739	144	9·330
25	1·620	65	4·211	105	6·804	145	9·395
26	1·684	66	4·276	106	6·868	146	9·460
27	1·749	67	4·341	107	6·933	147	9·525
28	1·814	68	4·406	108	6·998	148	9·590
29	1·879	69	4·471	109	7·063	149	9·655
30	1·944	70	4·536	110	7·128	150	9·720
31	2·008	71	4·600	111	7·192	151	9·784
32	2·073	72	4·665	112	7·257	152	9·848
33	2·138	73	4·729	113	7·322	153	9·914
34	2·202	74	4·794	114	7·387	154	9·978
35	2·267	75	4·859	115	7·452	155	10·044
36	2·332	76	4·924	116	7·516	156	10·108
37	2·397	77	4·989	117	7·581	157	10·173
38	2·462	78	5·054	118	7·646	158	10·238
39	2·527	79	5·119	119	7·711	159	10·303
40	2·592	80	5·184	120	7·776	160	10·368

TABLE

OF THE

RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF

ENGLISH GRAINS and FRENCH GRAMMES.

Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.
161	10·432	201	13·024	241	15·616	290	18·79
162	10·497	202	13·089	242	15·680	300	19 44
163	10·562	203	13·154	243	15·745	310	20·08
164	10·626	204	13·219	244	15·810	320	20·73
165	10·691	205	13·284	245	15·875	330	21·38
166	10·756	206	13·348	246	15·940	340	22·02
167	10·821	207	13·413	247	16·005	350	22·67
168	10·886	208	13·478	248	16·070	360	23·32
169	10·951	209	13·543	249	16·135	370	23·97
170	11·016	210	13·608	250	16·200	380	24·62
171	11·080	211	13·672	251	16·264	390	25·27
172	11·145	212	13·737	252	16·328	400	25·92
173	11·209	213	13·802	253	16·394	410	26·56
174	11·274	214	13·867	254	16·458	420	27·20
175	11·339	215	13·932	255	16·524	430	27·85
176	11·404	216	13·996	256	16·588	440	28·50
177	11·469	217	14·061	257	16·653	450	29·15
178	11·534	218	14·126	258	16·718	460	29·80
179	11·599	219	14·191	259	16·783	470	30·45
180	11·664	220	14·256	260	16·848	480	31·10
181	11·728	221	14·320	261	16·912	490	31·75
182	11·792	222	14·385	262	16·977	500	32·40
183	11·858	223	14·450	263	17·042	510	33·04
184	11·922	224	14·515	264	17·106	520	33·68
185	11·988	225	14·580	265	17·171	530	34·34
186	12·052	226	14·644	266	17·236	540	34·98
187	12·117	227	14·709	267	17·301	550	35·64
188	12·182	228	14·774	268	17·366	560	36·28
189	12·247	229	14·839	269	17·431	570	36·93
190	12·312	230	14·904	270	17·496	580	37·58
191	12·376	231	14 968	271	17·560	590	38·23
192	12·441	232	15·033	272	17·625	600	38 88
193	12·506	233	15·098	273	17·689	700	45·36
194	12·571	234	15·162	274	17·754	800	51·84
195	12·636	235	15·227	275	17·819	900	58·32
196	12·700	236	15·292	276	17·884	1000	64·80
197	12·765	237	15·357	277	17·949	2000	129·60
198	12·830	238	15·422	278	18·014	3000	194·40
199	12·895	239	15·487	279	18·079	4000	259·20
200	12·960	240	15·552	280	18·144	5000	324·00

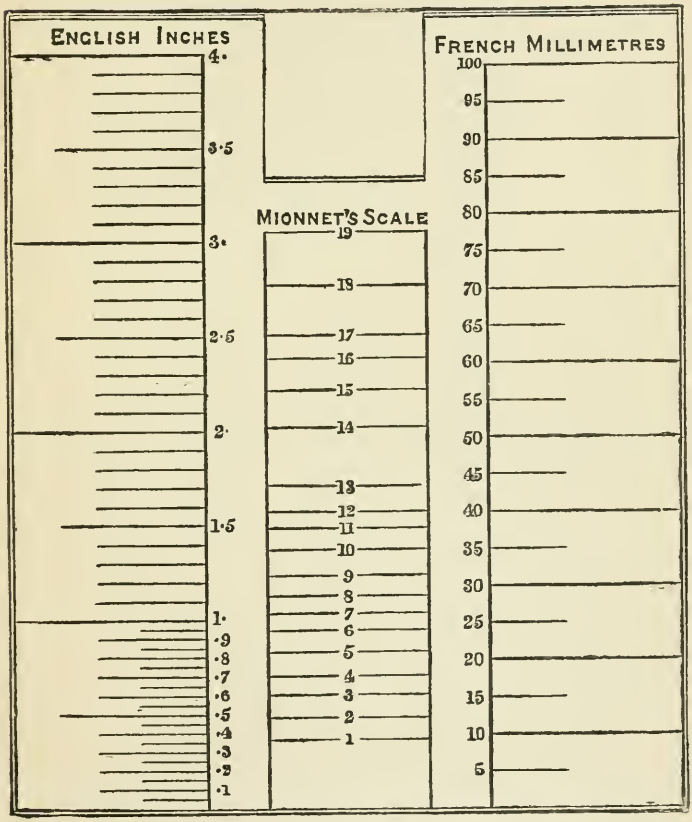
TABLE

FOR

CONVERTING ENGLISH INCHES INTO MILLIMÈTRES

AND THE

MEASURES OF MIONNET'S SCALE.



London: Gilbert & Rivington, Limited, St. John's Sq., Clerkenwell Road.

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF THE YEARS OF THE HIJRAH AND OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA.

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
1	622	July 16	51	671	Jan. 18
2	623	„ 5	52	672	„ 8
3	624	June 24	53	672	Dec. 27
4	625	„ 13	54	673	„ 16
5	626	„ 2	55	674	„ 6
6	627	May 23	56	675	Nov. 25
7	628	„ 11	57	676	„ 14
8	629	„ 1	58	677	„ 3
9	630	April 20	59	678	Oct. 23
10	631	„ 9	60	679	„ 13
11	632	Mar. 29	61	680	„ 1
12	633	„ 18	62	681	Sept. 20
13	634	„ 7	63	682	„ 10
14	635	Feb. 25	64	683	Aug. 30
15	636	„ 14	65	684	„ 18
16	637	„ 2	66	685	„ 8
17	638	Jan. 23	67	686	July 28
18	639	„ 12	68	687	„ 18
19	640	„ 2	69	688	„ 6
20	640	Dec. 21	70	689	June 25
21	641	„ 10	71	690	„ 15
22	642	Nov. 30	72	691	„ 4
23	643	„ 19	73	692	May 23
24	644	„ 7	74	693	„ 13
25	645	Oct. 28	75	694	„ 2
26	646	„ 17	76	695	April 21
27	647	„ 7	77	696	„ 10
28	648	Sept. 25	78	697	Mar. 30
29	649	„ 14	79	698	„ 20
30	650	„ 4	80	699	„ 9
31	651	Aug. 24	81	700	Feb. 26
32	652	„ 12	82	701	„ 15
33	653	„ 2	83	702	„ 4
34	654	July 22	84	703	Jan. 24
35	655	„ 11	85	704	„ 14
36	656	June 30	86	705	„ 2
37	657	„ 19	87	705	Dec. 23
38	658	„ 9	88	706	„ 12
39	659	May 29	89	707	„ 1
40	660	„ 17	90	708	Nov. 20
41	661	„ 7	91	709	„ 9
42	662	April 26	92	710	Oct. 29
43	663	„ 15	93	711	„ 19
44	664	„ 4	94	712	„ 7
45	665	Mar. 24	95	713	Sept. 26
46	666	„ 13	96	714	„ 16
47	667	„ 3	97	715	„ 5
48	668	Feb. 20	98	716	Aug. 25
49	669	„ 9	99	717	„ 14
50	670	Jan. 29	100	718	„ 3

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
101	719	July 24	151	768	Jan. 26
102	720	„ 12	152	769	„ 14
103	721	„ 1	153	770	„ 4
104	722	June 21	154	770	Dec. 24
105	723	„ 10	155	771	„ 13
106	724	May 29	156	772	„ 2
107	725	„ 19	157	773	Nov. 21
108	726	„ 8	158	774	„ 11
109	727	April 28	159	775	Oct. 31
110	728	„ 16	160	776	„ 19
111	729	„ 5	161	777	„ 9
112	730	Mar. 26	162	778	Sept. 28
113	731	„ 15	163	779	„ 17
114	732	„ 3	164	780	„ 6
115	733	Feb. 21	165	781	Aug. 26
116	734	„ 10	166	782	„ 15
117	735	Jan. 31	167	783	„ 5
118	736	„ 20	168	784	July 24
119	737	„ 8	169	785	„ 14
120	737	Dec. 29	170	786	„ 3
121	738	„ 18	171	787	June 22
122	739	„ 7	172	788	„ 11
123	740	Nov. 26	173	789	May 31
124	741	„ 15	174	790	„ 20
125	742	„ 4	175	791	„ 10
126	743	Oct. 25	176	792	April 28
127	744	„ 13	177	793	„ 18
128	745	„ 3	178	794	„ 7
129	746	Sept. 22	179	795	Mar. 27
130	747	„ 11	180	796	„ 16
131	748	Aug. 31	181	797	„ 5
132	749	„ 20	182	798	Feb. 22
133	750	„ 9	183	799	„ 12
134	751	July 30	184	800	„ 1
135	752	„ 18	185	801	Jan. 20
136	753	„ 7	186	802	„ 10
137	754	June 27	187	802	Dec. 30
138	755	„ 16	188	803	„ 20
139	756	„ 5	189	804	„ 8
140	757	May 25	190	805	Nov. 27
141	758	„ 14	191	806	„ 17
142	759	„ 4	192	807	„ 6
143	760	April 22	193	808	Oct. 25
144	761	„ 11	194	809	„ 15
145	762	„ 1	195	810	„ 4
146	763	Mar. 21	196	811	Sept. 23
147	764	„ 10	197	812	„ 12
148	765	Feb. 27	198	813	„ 1
149	766	„ 16	199	814	Aug. 22
150	767	„ 6	200	815	„ 11

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
201	816	July 30	251	865	Feb. 2
202	817	„ 20	252	866	Jan. 22
203	818	„ 9	253	867	„ 11
204	819	June 28	254	868	„ 1
205	820	„ 17	255	868	Dec. 20
206	821	„ 6	256	869	„ 9
207	822	May 27	257	870	Nov. 29
208	823	„ 16	258	871	„ 18
209	824	„ 4	259	872	„ 7
210	825	April 24	260	873	Oct. 27
211	826	„ 13	261	874	„ 16
212	827	„ 2	262	875	„ 6
213	828	Mar. 22	263	876	Sept. 24
214	829	„ 11	264	877	„ 13
215	830	Feb. 28	265	878	„ 3
216	831	„ 18	266	879	Aug. 23
217	832	„ 7	267	880	„ 12
218	833	Jan. 27	268	881	„ 1
219	834	„ 16	269	882	July 21
220	835	„ 5	270	883	„ 11
221	835	Dec. 26	271	884	June 29
222	836	„ 14	272	885	„ 18
223	837	„ 3	273	886	„ 8
224	838	Nov. 23	274	887	May 28
225	839	„ 12	275	888	„ 16
226	840	Oct. 31	276	889	„ 6
227	841	„ 21	277	890	April 25
228	842	„ 10	278	891	„ 15
229	843	Sept. 30	279	892	„ 3
230	844	„ 18	280	893	Mar. 23
231	845	„ 7	281	894	„ 13
232	846	Aug. 28	282	895	„ 2
233	847	„ 17	283	896	Feb. 19
234	848	„ 5	284	897	„ 8
235	849	July 26	285	898	Jan. 28
236	850	„ 15	286	899	„ 17
237	851	„ 5	287	900	„ 7
238	852	June 23	288	900	Dec. 26
239	853	„ 12	289	901	„ 16
240	854	„ 2	290	902	„ 5
241	855	May 22	291	903	Nov. 24
242	856	„ 10	292	904	„ 13
243	857	April 30	293	905	„ 2
244	858	„ 19	294	906	Oct. 22
245	859	„ 8	295	907	„ 12
246	860	Mar. 28	296	908	Sept. 30
247	861	„ 17	297	909	„ 20
248	862	„ 7	298	910	„ 9
249	863	Feb. 24	299	911	Aug. 29
250	864	„ 13	300	912	„ 18

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
301	913	Aug. 7	351	962	Feb. 9
302	914	July 27	352	963	Jan. 30
303	915	„ 17	353	964	„ 19
304	916	„ 5	354	965	„ 7
305	917	June 24	355	965	Dec. 28
306	918	„ 14	356	966	„ 17
307	919	„ 3	357	967	„ 7
308	920	May 23	358	968	Nov. 25
309	921	„ 12	359	969	„ 14
310	922	„ 1	360	970	„ 4
311	923	April 21	361	971	Oct. 24
312	924	„ 9	362	972	„ 12
313	925	Mar. 29	363	973	„ 2
314	926	„ 19	364	974	Sept. 21
315	927	„ 8	365	975	„ 10
316	928	Feb. 25	366	976	Aug. 30
317	929	„ 14	367	977	„ 19
318	930	„ 3	368	978	„ 9
319	931	Jan. 24	369	979	July 29
320	932	„ 13	370	980	„ 17
321	933	„ 1	371	981	„ 7
322	933	Dec. 22	372	982	June 26
323	934	„ 11	373	983	„ 15
324	935	Nov. 30	374	984	„ 4
325	936	„ 19	375	985	May 24
326	937	„ 8	376	986	„ 13
327	938	Oct. 29	377	987	„ 3
328	939	„ 18	378	988	Apr. 21
329	940	„ 6	379	989	„ 11
330	941	Sept. 26	380	990	Mar. 31
331	942	„ 15	381	991	„ 20
332	943	„ 4	382	992	„ 9
333	944	Aug. 24	383	993	Feb. 26
334	945	„ 13	384	994	„ 15
335	946	„ 2	385	995	„ 5
336	947	July 23	386	996	Jan. 25
337	948	„ 11	387	997	„ 14
338	949	„ 1	388	998	„ 3
339	950	June 20	389	998	Dec. 23
340	951	„ 9	390	999	„ 13
341	952	May 29	391	1000	„ 1
342	953	„ 18	392	1001	Nov. 20
343	954	„ 7	393	1002	„ 10
344	955	April 27	394	1003	Oct. 30
345	956	„ 15	395	1004	„ 18
346	957	„ 4	396	1005	„ 8
347	958	Mar. 25	397	1006	Sept. 27
348	959	„ 14	398	1007	„ 17
349	960	„ 3	399	1008	„ 5
350	961	Feb. 20	400	1009	Aug. 25

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
401	1010	Aug. 15	451	1059	Feb. 17
402	1011	„ 4	452	1060	„ 6
403	1012	July 23	453	1061	Jan. 26
404	1013	„ 13	454	1062	„ 15
405	1014	„ 2	455	1063	„ 4
406	1015	June 21	456	1063	Dec. 25
407	1016	„ 10	457	1064	„ 13
408	1017	May 30	458	1065	„ 3
409	1018	„ 20	459	1066	Nov. 22
410	1019	„ 9	460	1067	„ 11
411	1020	April 27	461	1068	Oct. 31
412	1021	„ 17	462	1069	„ 20
413	1022	„ 6	463	1070	„ 9
414	1023	Mar. 26	464	1071	Sept. 29
415	1024	„ 15	465	1072	„ 17
416	1025	„ 4	466	1073	„ 6
417	1026	Feb. 22	467	1074	Aug. 27
418	1027	„ 11	468	1075	„ 16
419	1028	Jan. 31	469	1076	„ 5
420	1029	„ 20	470	1077	July 25
421	1030	„ 9	471	1078	„ 14
422	1030	Dec. 29	472	1079	„ 4
423	1031	„ 19	473	1080	June 22
424	1032	„ 7	474	1081	„ 11
425	1033	Nov. 26	475	1082	„ 1
426	1034	„ 16	476	1083	May 21
427	1035	„ 5	477	1084	„ 10
428	1036	Oct. 25	478	1085	April 29
429	1037	„ 14	479	1086	„ 18
430	1038	„ 3	480	1087	„ 8
431	1039	Sept. 23	481	1088	Mar. 27
432	1040	„ 11	482	1089	„ 16
433	1041	Aug. 31	483	1090	„ 6
434	1042	„ 21	484	1091	Feb. 23
435	1043	„ 10	485	1092	„ 12
436	1044	July 29	486	1093	„ 1
437	1045	„ 19	487	1094	Jan. 21
438	1046	„ 8	488	1095	„ 11
439	1047	June 28	489	1095	Dec. 31
440	1048	„ 16	490	1096	„ 19
441	1049	„ 5	491	1097	„ 9
442	1050	May 26	492	1098	Nov. 28
443	1051	„ 15	493	1099	„ 17
444	1052	„ 3	494	1100	„ 6
445	1053	April 23	495	1101	Oct. 26
446	1054	„ 12	496	1102	„ 15
447	1055	„ 2	497	1103	„ 5
448	1056	Mar. 21	498	1104	Sept. 23
449	1057	„ 10	499	1105	„ 13
450	1058	Feb. 28	500	1106	„ 2

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
501	1107	Aug. 22	551	1156	Feb. 25
502	1108	„ 11	552	1157	„ 13
503	1109	July 31	553	1158	„ 2
504	1110	„ 20	554	1159	Jan. 23
505	1111	„ 10	555	1160	„ 12
506	1112	June 28	556	1160	Dec. 31
507	1113	„ 18	557	1161	„ 21
508	1114	„ 7	558	1162	„ 10
509	1115	May 27	559	1163	Nov. 30
510	1116	„ 16	560	1164	„ 18
511	1117	„ 5	561	1165	„ 7
512	1118	April 24	562	1166	Oct. 28
513	1119	„ 14	563	1167	„ 17
514	1120	„ 2	564	1168	„ 5
515	1121	Mar. 22	565	1169	Sept. 25
516	1122	„ 12	566	1170	„ 14
517	1123	„ 1	567	1171	„ 4
518	1124	Feb. 19	568	1172	Aug. 23
519	1125	„ 7	569	1173	„ 12
520	1126	Jan. 27	570	1174	„ 2
521	1127	„ 17	571	1175	July 22
522	1128	„ 6	572	1176	„ 10
523	1128	Dec. 25	573	1177	June 30
524	1129	„ 15	574	1178	„ 19
525	1130	„ 4	575	1179	„ 8
526	1131	Nov. 23	576	1180	May 28
527	1132	„ 12	577	1181	„ 17
528	1133	„ 1	578	1182	„ 7
529	1134	Oct. 22	579	1183	April 26
530	1135	„ 11	580	1184	„ 14
531	1136	Sept. 29	581	1185	„ 4
532	1137	„ 19	582	1186	Mar. 24
533	1138	„ 8	583	1187	„ 13
534	1139	Aug. 28	584	1188	„ 2
535	1140	„ 17	585	1189	Feb. 19
536	1141	„ 6	586	1190	„ 8
537	1142	July 27	587	1191	Jan. 29
538	1143	„ 16	588	1192	„ 18
539	1144	„ 4	589	1193	„ 7
540	1145	June 24	590	1193	Dec. 27
541	1146	„ 13	591	1194	„ 16
542	1147	„ 2	592	1195	„ 6
543	1148	May 22	593	1196	Nov. 24
544	1149	„ 11	594	1197	„ 13
545	1150	April 30	595	1198	„ 3
546	1151	„ 20	596	1199	Oct. 23
547	1152	„ 8	597	1200	„ 12
548	1153	Mar. 29	598	1201	„ 1
549	1154	„ 18	599	1202	Sept. 20
550	1155	„ 7	600	1203	„ 10

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
601	1204	Aug. 29	651	1253	Mar. 3
602	1205	„ 18	652	1254	Feb. 21
603	1206	„ 8	653	1255	„ 10
604	1207	July 28	654	1256	Jan. 30
605	1208	„ 16	655	1257	„ 19
606	1209	„ 6	656	1258	„ 8
607	1210	June 25	657	1258	Dec. 29
608	1211	„ 15	658	1259	„ 18
609	1212	„ 3	659	1260	„ 6
610	1213	May 23	660	1261	Nov. 26
611	1214	„ 13	661	1262	„ 15
612	1215	„ 2	662	1263	„ 4
613	1216	April 20	663	1264	Oct. 24
614	1217	„ 10	664	1265	„ 13
615	1218	Mar. 30	665	1266	„ 2
616	1219	„ 19	666	1267	Sept. 22
617	1220	„ 8	667	1268	„ 10
618	1221	Feb. 25	668	1269	Aug. 31
619	1222	„ 15	669	1270	„ 20
620	1223	„ 4	670	1271	„ 9
621	1224	Jan. 24	671	1272	July 29
622	1225	„ 13	672	1273	„ 18
623	1226	„ 2	673	1274	„ 7
624	1226	Dec. 22	674	1275	June 27
625	1227	„ 12	675	1276	„ 15
626	1228	Nov. 30	676	1277	„ 4
627	1229	„ 20	677	1278	May 25
628	1230	„ 9	678	1279	„ 14
629	1231	Oct. 29	679	1280	„ 3
630	1232	„ 18	680	1281	April 22
631	1233	„ 7	681	1282	„ 11
632	1234	Sept. 26	682	1283	„ 1
633	1235	„ 16	683	1284	Mar. 20
634	1236	„ 4	684	1285	„ 9
635	1237	Aug. 24	685	1286	Feb. 27
636	1238	„ 14	686	1287	„ 16
637	1239	„ 3	687	1288	„ 6
638	1240	July 23	688	1289	Jan. 25
639	1241	„ 12	689	1290	„ 14
640	1242	„ 1	690	1291	„ 4
641	1243	June 21	691	1291	Dec. 24
642	1244	„ 9	692	1292	„ 12
643	1245	May 29	693	1293	„ 2
644	1246	„ 19	694	1294	Nov. 21
645	1247	„ 8	695	1295	„ 10
646	1248	April 26	696	1296	Oct. 30
647	1249	„ 16	697	1297	„ 19
648	1250	„ 5	698	1298	„ 9
649	1251	Mar. 26	699	1299	Sept. 28
650	1252	„ 14	700	1300	„ 16

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
701	1301	Sept. 6	751	1350	Mar. 11
702	1302	Aug. 26	752	1351	Feb. 28
703	1303	„ 15	753	1352	„ 18
704	1304	„ 4	754	1353	„ 6
705	1305	July 24	755	1354	Jan. 26
706	1306	„ 13	756	1355	„ 16
707	1307	„ 3	757	1356	„ 5
708	1308	June 21	758	1356	Dec. 25
709	1309	„ 11	759	1357	„ 14
710	1310	May 31	760	1358	„ 3
711	1311	„ 20	761	1359	Nov. 23
712	1312	„ 9	762	1360	„ 11
713	1313	April 28	763	1361	Oct. 31
714	1314	„ 17	764	1362	„ 21
715	1315	„ 7	765	1363	„ 10
716	1316	Mar. 26	766	1364	Sept. 28
717	1317	„ 16	767	1365	„ 18
718	1318	„ 5	768	1366	„ 7
719	1319	Feb. 22	769	1367	Aug. 28
720	1320	„ 12	770	1368	„ 16
721	1321	Jan. 31	771	1369	„ 5
722	1322	„ 20	772	1370	July 26
723	1323	„ 10	773	1371	„ 15
724	1323	Dec. 30	774	1372	„ 3
725	1324	„ 18	775	1373	June 23
726	1325	„ 8	776	1374	„ 12
727	1326	Nov. 27	777	1375	„ 2
728	1327	„ 17	778	1376	May 21
729	1328	„ 5	779	1377	„ 10
730	1329	Oct. 25	780	1378	April 30
731	1330	„ 15	781	1379	„ 19
732	1331	„ 4	782	1380	„ 7
733	1332	Sept. 22	783	1381	Mar. 28
734	1333	„ 12	784	1382	„ 17
735	1334	„ 1	785	1383	„ 6
736	1335	Aug. 21	786	1384	Feb. 24
737	1336	„ 10	787	1385	„ 12
738	1337	July 30	788	1386	„ 2
739	1338	„ 20	789	1387	Jan. 22
740	1339	„ 9	790	1388	„ 11
741	1340	June 27	791	1388	Dec. 31
742	1341	„ 17	792	1389	„ 20
743	1342	„ 6	793	1390	„ 9
744	1343	May 26	794	1391	Nov. 29
745	1344	„ 15	795	1392	„ 17
746	1345	„ 4	796	1393	„ 6
747	1346	April 24	797	1394	Oct. 27
748	1347	„ 13	798	1395	„ 16
749	1348	„ 1	799	1396	„ 5
750	1349	Mar. 22	800	1397	Sept. 24

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
801	1398	Sept. 13	851	1447	Mar. 19
802	1399	„ 3	852	1448	„ 7
803	1400	Aug. 22	853	1449	Feb. 24
804	1401	„ 11	854	1450	„ 14
805	1402	„ 1	855	1451	„ 3
806	1403	July 21	856	1452	Jan. 23
807	1404	„ 10	857	1453	„ 12
808	1405	June 29	858	1454	„ 1
809	1406	„ 18	859	1454	Dec. 22
810	1407	„ 8	860	1455	„ 11
811	1408	May 27	861	1456	Nov. 29
812	1409	„ 16	862	1457	„ 19
813	1410	„ 6	863	1458	„ 8
814	1411	April 25	864	1459	Oct. 28
815	1412	„ 13	865	1460	„ 17
816	1413	„ 3	866	1461	„ 6
817	1414	Mar. 23	867	1462	Sept. 26
818	1415	„ 13	868	1463	„ 15
819	1416	„ 1	869	1464	„ 3
820	1417	Feb. 18	870	1465	Aug. 24
821	1418	„ 8	871	1466	„ 13
822	1419	Jan. 28	872	1467	„ 2
823	1420	„ 17	873	1468	July 22
824	1421	„ 6	874	1469	„ 11
825	1421	Dec. 26	875	1470	June 30
826	1422	„ 15	876	1471	„ 20
827	1423	„ 5	877	1472	„ 8
828	1424	Nov. 23	878	1473	May 29
829	1425	„ 13	879	1474	„ 18
830	1426	„ 2	880	1475	„ 7
831	1427	Oct. 22	881	1476	April 26
832	1428	„ 11	882	1477	„ 15
833	1429	Sept. 30	883	1478	„ 4
834	1430	„ 19	884	1479	Mar. 25
835	1431	„ 9	885	1480	„ 13
836	1432	Aug. 28	886	1481	„ 2
837	1433	„ 18	887	1482	Feb. 20
838	1434	„ 7	888	1483	„ 9
839	1435	July 27	889	1484	Jan. 30
840	1436	„ 16	890	1485	„ 18
841	1437	„ 5	891	1486	„ 7
842	1438	June 24	892	1486	Dec. 28
843	1439	„ 14	893	1487	„ 17
844	1440	„ 2	894	1488	„ 5
845	1441	May 22	895	1489	Nov. 25
846	1442	„ 12	896	1490	„ 14
847	1443	„ 1	897	1491	„ 4
848	1444	April 20	898	1492	Oct. 23
849	1445	„ 9	899	1493	„ 12
850	1446	Mar. 29	900	1494	„ 2

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
901	1495	Sept. 21	951	1544	Mar. 25
902	1496	„ 9	952	1545	„ 15
903	1497	Aug. 30	953	1546	„ 4
904	1498	„ 19	954	1547	Feb. 21
905	1499	„ 8	955	1548	„ 11
906	1500	July 28	956	1549	Jan. 30
907	1501	„ 17	957	1550	„ 20
908	1502	„ 7	958	1551	„ 9
909	1503	June 26	959	1551	Dec. 29
910	1504	„ 14	960	1552	„ 18
911	1505	„ 4	961	1553	„ 7
912	1506	May 24	962	1554	Nov. 26
913	1507	„ 13	963	1555	„ 16
914	1508	„ 2	964	1556	„ 4
915	1509	April 21	965	1557	Oct. 24
916	1510	„ 10	966	1558	„ 14
917	1511	Mar. 31	967	1559	„ 3
918	1512	„ 19	968	1560	Sept. 22
919	1513	„ 9	969	1561	„ 11
920	1514	Feb. 26	970	1562	Aug. 31
921	1515	„ 15	971	1563	„ 21
922	1516	„ 5	972	1564	„ 9
923	1517	Jan. 24	973	1565	July 29
924	1518	„ 13	974	1566	„ 19
925	1519	„ 3	975	1567	„ 8
926	1519	Dec. 23	976	1568	June 26
927	1520	„ 12	977	1569	„ 16
928	1521	„ 1	978	1570	„ 5
929	1522	Nov. 20	979	1571	May 26
930	1523	„ 10	980	1572	„ 14
931	1524	Oct. 29	981	1573	„ 3
932	1525	„ 18	982	1574	April 23
933	1526	„ 8	983	1575	„ 12
934	1527	Sept. 27	984	1576	Mar. 31
935	1528	„ 15	985	1577	„ 21
936	1529	„ 5	986	1578	„ 10
937	1530	Aug. 25	987	1579	Feb. 28
938	1531	„ 15	988	1580	„ 17
939	1532	„ 3	989	1581	„ 5
940	1533	July 23	990	1582	Jan. 26
941	1534	„ 13	991	1583	„ 25*
942	1535	„ 2	992	1584	„ 14
943	1536	June 20	993	1585	„ 3
944	1537	„ 10	994	1585	Dec. 23
945	1538	May 30	995	1586	„ 12
946	1539	„ 19	990	1587	„ 2
947	1540	„ 8	997	1588	Nov. 20
948	1541	April 27	998	1589	„ 10
949	1542	„ 17	999	1590	Oct. 30
950	1543	„ 6	1000	1591	„ 19

* Here the change to the Gregorian New Style occurs.

A.H.	A.D.	A.H.	A.D.
1001	1592 . . Oct. 8	1051	1641 . . April 12
1002	1593 . . Sept. 27	1052	1642 . . „ 1
1003	1594 . . „ 16	1053	1643 . . Mar. 22
1004	1595 . . „ 6	1054	1644 . . „ 10
1005	1596 . . Aug. 25	1055	1645 . . Feb. 27
1006	1597 . . „ 14	1056	1646 . . „ 17
1007	1598 . . „ 4	1057	1647 . . „ 6
1008	1599 . . July 24	1058	1648 . . Jan. 27
1009	1600 . . „ 13	1059	1649 . . „ 15
1010	1601 . . „ 2	1060	1650 . . „ 4
1011	1602 . . June 21	1061	1650 . . Dec. 25
1012	1603 . . „ 11	1062	1651 . . „ 14
1013	1604 . . May 30	1063	1652 . . „ 2
1014	1605 . . „ 19	1064	1653 . . Nov. 22
1015	1606 . . „ 9	1065	1654 . . „ 11
1016	1607 . . April 28	1066	1655 . . Oct. 31
1017	1608 . . „ 17	1067	1656 . . „ 20
1018	1609 . . „ 6	1068	1657 . . „ 9
1019	1610 . . Mar. 26	1069	1658 . . Sept. 29
1020	1611 . . „ 16	1070	1659 . . „ 18
1021	1612 . . „ 4	1071	1660 . . „ 6
1022	1613 . . Feb. 21	1072	1661 . . Aug. 27
1023	1614 . . „ 11	1073	1662 . . „ 16
1024	1615 . . Jan. 31	1074	1663 . . „ 5
1025	1616 . . „ 20	1075	1664 . . July 25
1026	1617 . . „ 9	1076	1665 . . „ 14
1027	1617 . . Dec. 29	1077	1666 . . „ 4
1028	1618 . . „ 19	1078	1667 . . June 23
1029	1619 . . „ 8	1079	1668 . . „ 11
1030	1620 . . Nov. 26	1080	1669 . . „ 1
1031	1621 . . „ 16	1081	1670 . . May 21
1032	1622 . . „ 5	1082	1671 . . „ 10
1033	1623 . . Oct. 25	1083	1672 . . April 29
1034	1624 . . „ 14	1084	1673 . . „ 18
1035	1625 . . „ 3	1085	1674 . . „ 7
1036	1626 . . Sept. 22	1086	1675 . . Mar. 28
1037	1627 . . „ 12	1087	1676 . . „ 16
1038	1628 . . Aug. 31	1088	1677 . . „ 6
1039	1629 . . „ 21	1089	1678 . . Feb. 23
1040	1630 . . „ 10	1090	1679 . . „ 12
1041	1631 . . July 30	1091	1680 . . „ 2
1042	1632 . . „ 19	1092	1681 . . Jan. 21
1043	1633 . . „ 8	1093	1682 . . „ 10
1044	1634 . . June 27	1094	1682 . . Dec. 31
1045	1635 . . „ 17	1095	1683 . . „ 20
1046	1636 . . „ 5	1096	1684 . . „ 8
1047	1637 . . May 26	1097	1685 . . Nov. 28
1048	1638 . . „ 15	1098	1686 . . „ 17
1049	1639 . . „ 4	1099	1687 . . „ 7
1050	1640 . . April 23	1100	1688 . . Oct. 26

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
1101	1689	Oct. 15	1151	1738	April 21
1102	1690	„ 5	1152	1739	„ 10
1103	1691	Sept. 24	1153	1740	Mar. 29
1104	1692	„ 12	1154	1741	„ 19
1105	1693	„ 2	1155	1742	„ 8
1106	1694	Aug. 22	1156	1743	Feb. 25
1107	1695	„ 12	1157	1744	„ 15
1108	1696	July 31	1158	1745	„ 3
1109	1697	„ 20	1159	1746	Jan. 24
1110	1698	„ 10	1160	1747	„ 13
1111	1699	June 29	1161	1748	„ 2
1112	1700	„ 18	1162	1748	Dec. 22
1113	1701	„ 8	1163	1749	„ 11
1114	1702	May 28	1164	1750	„ 30
1115	1703	„ 17	1165	1751	Nov. 20
1116	1704	„ 6	1166	1752	„ 8
1117	1705	April 25	1167	1753	Oct. 29
1118	1706	„ 15	1168	1754	„ 18
1119	1707	„ 4	1169	1755	„ 7
1120	1708	Mar. 23	1170	1756	Sept. 26
1121	1709	„ 13	1171	1757	„ 15
1122	1710	„ 2	1172	1758	„ 4
1123	1711	Feb. 19	1173	1759	Aug. 25
1124	1712	„ 9	1174	1760	„ 13
1125	1713	Jan. 28	1175	1761	„ 2
1126	1714	„ 17	1176	1762	July 23
1127	1715	„ 7	1177	1763	„ 12
1128	1715	Dec. 27	1178	1764	„ 1
1129	1716	„ 16	1179	1765	June 20
1130	1717	„ 5	1180	1766	„ 9
1131	1718	Nov. 24	1181	1767	May 30
1132	1719	„ 14	1182	1768	„ 18
1133	1720	„ 2	1183	1769	„ 7
1134	1721	Oct. 22	1184	1770	April 27
1135	1722	„ 12	1185	1771	„ 16
1136	1723	„ 1	1186	1772	„ 4
1137	1724	Sept. 20	1187	1773	Mar. 25
1138	1725	„ 9	1188	1774	„ 14
1139	1726	Aug. 29	1189	1775	„ 4
1140	1727	„ 19	1190	1776	Feb. 21
1141	1728	„ 7	1191	1777	„ 9
1142	1729	July 27	1192	1778	Jan. 30
1143	1730	„ 17	1193	1779	„ 19
1144	1731	„ 6	1194	1780	„ 8
1145	1732	June 24	1195	1780	Dec. 28
1146	1733	„ 14	1196	1781	„ 17
1147	1734	„ 3	1197	1782	„ 7
1148	1735	May 24	1198	1783	Nov. 26
1149	1736	„ 12	1199	1784	„ 14
1150	1737	„ 1	1200	1785	„ 4

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
1201	1786	Oct. 24	1251	1835	April 29
1202	1787	„ 13	1252	1836	„ 18
1203	1788	„ 2	1253	1837	„ 7
1204	1789	Sept. 21	1254	1838	Mar. 27
1205	1790	„ 10	1255	1839	„ 17
1206	1791	Aug. 31	1256	1840	„ 5
1207	1792	„ 19	1257	1841	Feb. 23
1208	1793	„ 9	1258	1842	„ 12
1209	1794	July 29	1259	1843	„ 1
1210	1795	„ 18	1260	1844	Jan. 22
1211	1796	„ 7	1261	1845	„ 10
1212	1797	June 26	1262	1845	Dec. 30
1213	1798	„ 15	1263	1846	„ 20
1214	1799	„ 5	1264	1847	„ 9
1215	1800	May 25	1265	1848	Nov. 27
1216	1801	„ 14	1266	1849	„ 17
1217	1802	„ 4	1267	1850	„ 6
1218	1803	April 23	1268	1851	Oct. 27
1219	1804	„ 12	1269	1852	„ 15
1220	1805	„ 1	1270	1853	„ 4
1221	1806	Mar. 21	1271	1854	Sept. 24
1222	1807	„ 11	1272	1855	„ 13
1223	1808	Feb. 28	1273	1856	„ 1
1224	1809	„ 16	1274	1857	Aug. 22
1225	1810	„ 6	1275	1858	„ 11
1226	1811	Jan. 26	1276	1859	July 31
1227	1812	„ 16	1277	1860	„ 20
1228	1813	„ 4	1278	1861	„ 9
1229	1813	Dec. 24	1279	1862	June 29
1230	1814	„ 14	1280	1863	„ 18
1231	1815	„ 3	1281	1864	„ 6
1232	1816	Nov. 21	1282	1865	May 27
1233	1817	„ 11	1283	1866	„ 16
1234	1818	Oct. 31	1284	1867	„ 5
1235	1819	„ 20	1285	1868	April 24
1236	1820	„ 9	1286	1869	„ 13
1237	1821	Sept. 28	1287	1870	„ 3
1238	1822	„ 18	1288	1871	Mar. 23
1239	1823	„ 7	1289	1872	„ 11
1240	1824	Aug. 26	1290	1873	„ 1
1241	1825	„ 16	1291	1874	Feb. 18
1242	1826	„ 5	1292	1875	„ 7
1243	1827	July 25	1293	1876	Jan. 28
1244	1828	„ 14	1294	1877	„ 16
1245	1829	„ 3	1295	1878	„ 5
1246	1830	June 22	1296	1878	Dec. 26
1247	1831	„ 12	1297	1879	„ 15
1248	1832	May 31	1298	1880	„ 4
1249	1833	„ 21	1299	1881	Nov. 23
1250	1834	„ 10	1300	1882	„ 12

A.H.	A.D.		A.H.	A.D.	
1301	1883 . .	Nov. 2	1310	1892 . .	July 26
1302	1884 . .	Oct. 21	1311	1893 . .	„ 15
1303	1885 . .	„ 10	1312	1894 . .	„ 5
1304	1886 . .	Sept. 30	1313	1895 . .	June 24
1305	1887 . .	„ 19	1314	1896 . .	„ 12
1306	1888 . .	„ 7	1315	1897 . .	„ 2
1307	1889 . .	Aug. 28	1316	1898 . .	May 22
1308	1890 . .	„ 17	1317	1899 . .	„ 12
1309	1891 . .	„ 7	1318	1900 . .	„ 1

NOTE.

THE preceding table has been compiled from Professor F. Wüstenfeld's *Vergleichungs-Tabellen der Muhammedanischen und Christlichen Zeitrechnung*, Leipzig, 1854, which are identical with those given in Prinsep's *Useful Tables*, except that Prinsep adopts the English date of changing from the Old (Julian) to the New (Gregorian) style, and consequently omits 11 days on September $\frac{3}{14}$, 1752; while Dr. Wüstenfeld makes the alteration of 9 days on the day when all Catholic Europe adopted the decision of the Bull of Pope Gregory XIII., viz. $\frac{5}{14}$ October, 1582. As this is obviously the most general and proper date for the change of style, I have adopted Dr. Wüstenfeld's principle, and have not deferred a chronological change, which was adopted in 1582 by the chief nations of Europe of the time, until the necessity of the reform had at last been understood in England.

The second column gives the Christian day and month in which the Hijrah year begins.

The Muhammadan year consists of 354 days, with an intercalary day added to the last month eleven times in thirty years (on the 2nd, 5th, 7th, 10th, 13th, 15th, 18th, 21st, 24th, 28th, and 29th years of every thirty years). To find whether the intercalary day is to be added to any given year, divide the year by 30, and if any of the above numbers—2, 5, 7, 10, &c. —remain over, the year is one of 355 days. E.g. 30 divides 1303 forty-three times, with 13 over; therefore the Muhammadan year 1303, corresponding to our 1885-6, will contain 355 days.

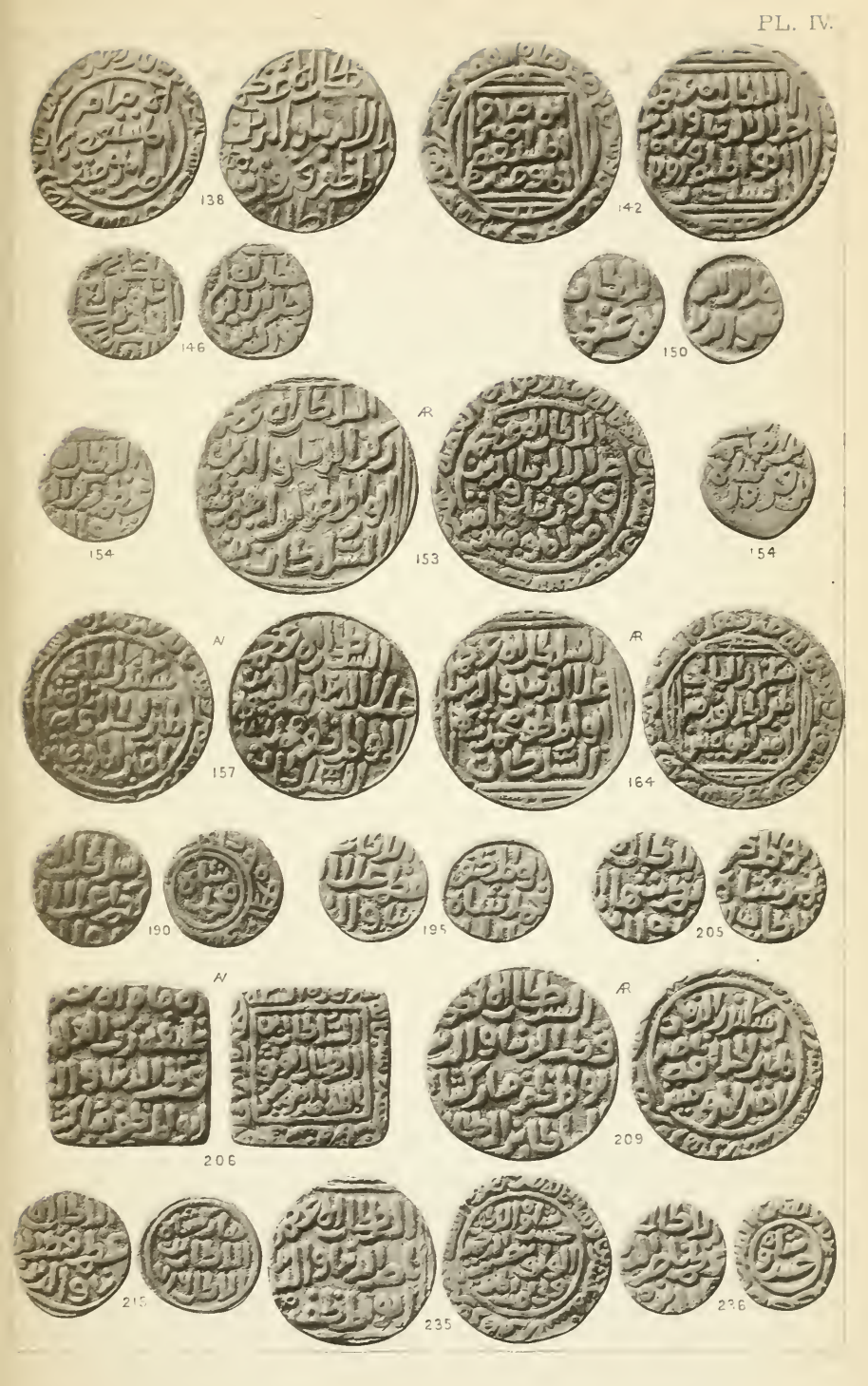
To find the exact Christian day corresponding to any given Muhammadan day is a simple matter of calculation. After due regard to the year being Leap-year or not, the Muhammadan equivalent is obtained by reckoning up the days of the month, allowing 30 for Muharram the first month, 29 for Safar the second, and so alternately 30 and 29 to the end, when the intercalary day must be remembered. E.g. 21 November, 1884, is 31 days over the beginning of the Muhammadan year 1302, and would therefore be the 1st of Safar, 1302.

GILBERT AND RIVINGTON, LIMITED, 52, ST JOHN'S SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.

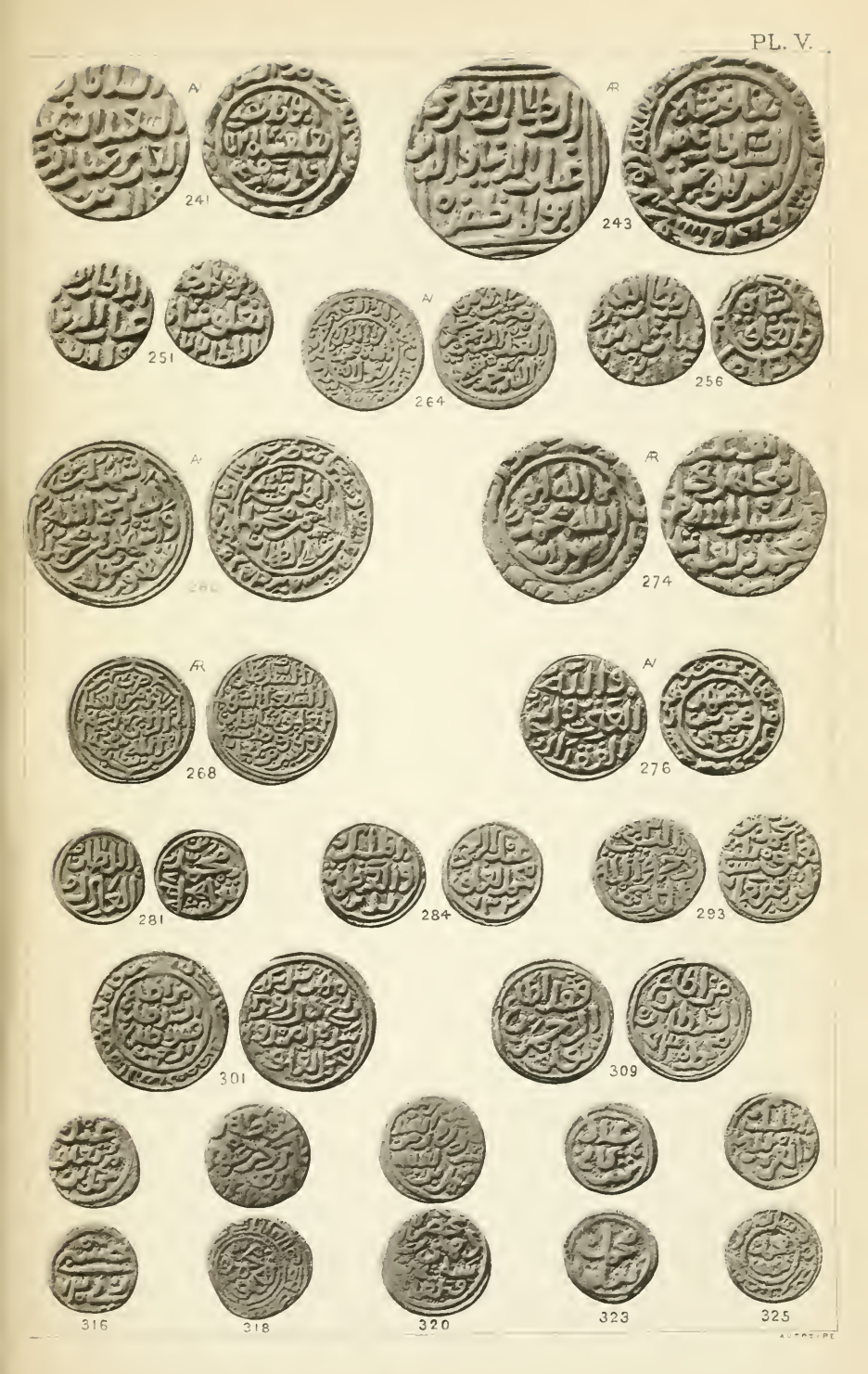
MUHAMMAD IBN SÁM, YILDIZ.

ÁRÁM, ALTAMSH, FÍRÓZ I., RIZÍYAH, BAHRÁM.

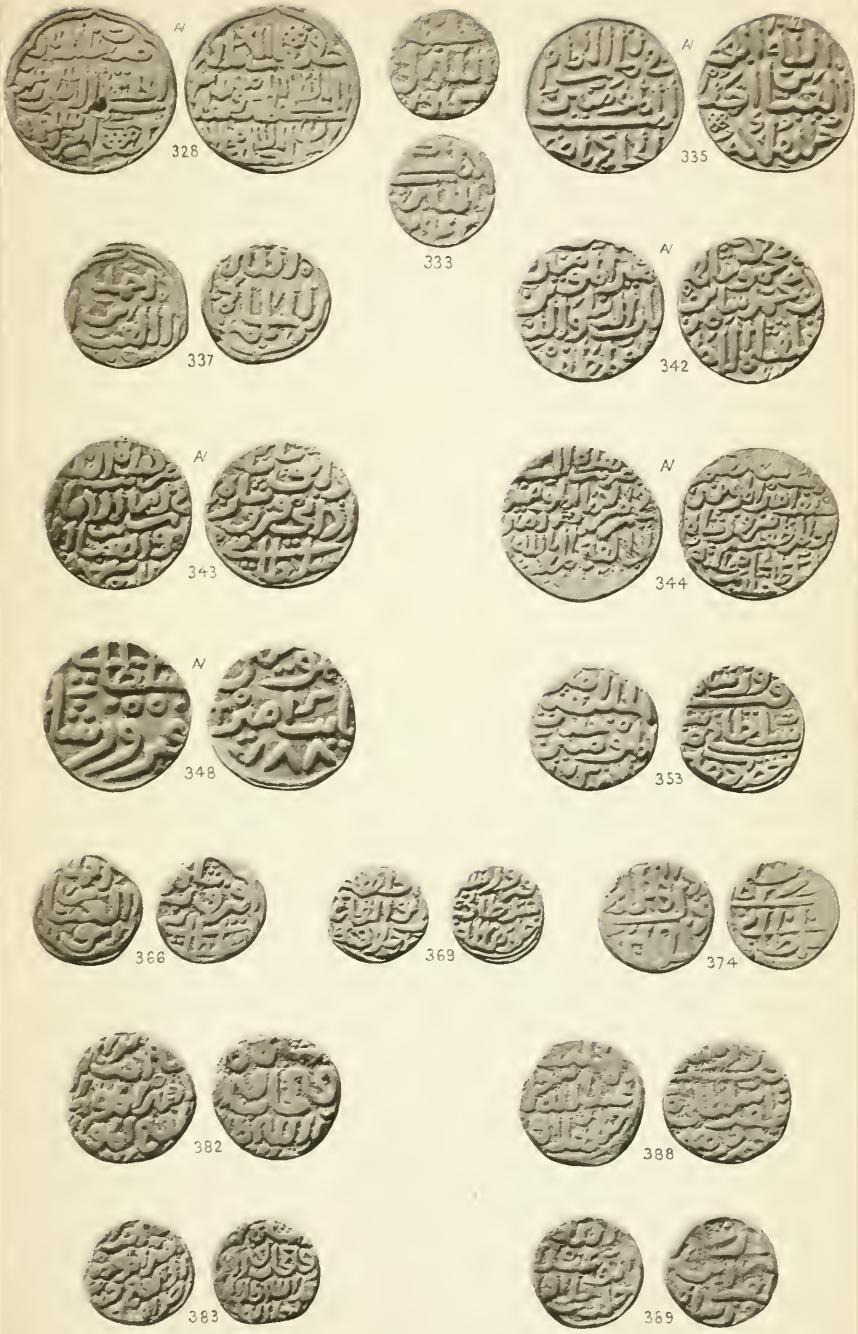
MAS'ÚD, MAHMÚD, BALBAN, KAI-KUBÁD.



FÍRÓZ II. IBRAHÍM I, MUHAMMAD I, 'UMAR,
MUBÁRAK I, KHUSRÚ.



TAGHLAK I, MUHAMMAD IBN TAGHLAK.

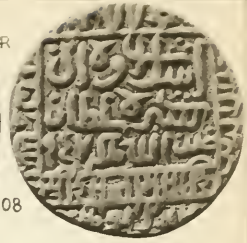


MUHAMMAD IBN TAGHLAK, MAHMÚD, FÍRÓZ III.

TAGHLAK II, ABU-BAKR, MUHAMMAD III SIKANDAR I, MAHMÚD II, NASRAT, MUBÁRAK II, MUHAMMAD IV, 'ÁLI M.

BUHLÓL, SIKANDAR, IBRÁHÍM LÓDÍ, SHÉR SHÁH.

597


608

613

619

620

630

632

640

639

641

ISLÁM SHÁH, MUHAMMAD 'ÁDIL, SIKANDAR III.

Nov/13

A 000 001 875 4